

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-38124



GRANITE POINT  
MORTGAGE TRUST

GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

61-1843143

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3 Bryant Park, Suite 2400A

New York, New York

(Address of principal executive offices)

10036

(Zip Code)

(212) 364-5500

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	GPMT	NYSE
7.00% Series A Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	GPMTPrA	NYSE

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of July 30, 2025, there were 47,394,519 shares of outstanding common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, issued and outstanding.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**

**INDEX**

	<u>Page</u>
<b>PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>	
<a href="#"><u>Item 1.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>1</u></a>
Financial Statements (unaudited)	<a href="#"><u>1</u></a>
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024	<a href="#"><u>1</u></a>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025, and 2024	<a href="#"><u>2</u></a>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the Three Months and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025, and 2024	<a href="#"><u>3</u></a>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025, and 2024	<a href="#"><u>4</u></a>
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	<a href="#"><u>5</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 2.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>25</u></a>
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<a href="#"><u>25</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 3.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>46</u></a>
Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<a href="#"><u>46</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 4.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>49</u></a>
Controls and Procedures	<a href="#"><u>49</u></a>
<b>PART II - OTHER INFORMATION</b>	
<a href="#"><u>Item 1.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Legal Proceedings	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 1A.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Risk Factors	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 2.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 3.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Defaults Upon Senior Securities	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 4.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Mine Safety Disclosures	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 5.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Other Information	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Item 6.</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Exhibits	<a href="#"><u>50</u></a>
Index of Exhibits	<a href="#"><u>51</u></a>
Signatures	<a href="#"><u>53</u></a>

## CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains, or incorporates by reference, not only historical information, but also forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, and that are subject to the safe harbors created by such sections. Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ from our beliefs, expectations, estimates and projections and, consequently, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements are not historical in nature and can be identified by words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “will,” “should,” “expect,” “target,” “believe,” “outlook,” “potential,” “continue,” “intend,” “seek,” “plan,” “goals,” “future,” “likely,” “may” and similar expressions or their negative forms, or by references to strategy, plans or intentions. By their nature, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, are not statements of historical facts or guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions or changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict or quantify. Our expectations, beliefs and estimates are expressed in good faith and we believe there is a reasonable basis for them. However, there can be no assurance that management's expectations, beliefs and estimates will prove to be correct or be achieved and actual results may vary materially from what is expressed in or indicated by the forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, among other things, those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, under the caption “*Risk Factors*.” Other risks, uncertainties and factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected are described below and may be described from time to time in reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, including our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Important factors that may affect our actual results include, among others:

- the general political, economic and competitive conditions in the markets in which we invest and their impact on our investment portfolio, financial condition and business operations;
- a prolonged economic slowdown, including as a result of current global trade tensions and/or tariffs, a lengthy or severe recession, severe public health events or declining real estate values, could impair our investments or harm our operations;
- inflationary trends which have led to higher interest rates and increased market volatility;
- reduced demand for office or retail space, including as a result of hybrid work schedules which allow work from remote locations other than the employer's office premises;
- defaults by borrowers in paying debt service on outstanding indebtedness and borrowers' abilities to manage and stabilize properties;
- our ability to obtain or maintain financing arrangements on terms favorable to us or at all;
- the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads;
- reductions in the yield on our investments and increases in the cost of our financing;
- general volatility of the securities markets in which we participate and the potential need to post additional collateral on our financing arrangements;
- the return or impact of current or future investments;
- changes in our business, investment strategies or target investments;
- increased competition from entities investing in our target investments;
- effects of hedging instruments on our target investments;
- changes in governmental regulations, tax law and rates and similar matters;
- our ability to maintain our qualification as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, for U.S. federal income tax purposes and our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or the Investment Company Act;
- availability of desirable investment opportunities;
- threats to information security, including by way of cyber-attacks;
- availability of qualified personnel;
- operational failures by third-parties on whom we rely in the conduct of our business;
- estimates relating to our ability to make distributions to our stockholders in the future;
- natural disasters, such as hurricanes, earthquakes, wildfires and floods, including climate change-related risks; acts of war and/or terrorism; pandemics or outbreaks of infectious disease; civil disturbances and other events that may cause

unanticipated and uninsured performance declines and/or losses to us or the owners and operators of the real estate securing our investments, including as a result of a decrease in the availability of and/or increase in the cost of insurance;

- deterioration in the performance of the properties securing our investments that may cause deterioration in the performance of our investments, risks in collection of contractual interest payments and, potentially, principal losses to us, including the risk of credit loss charges and any impact on our ability to satisfy the covenants and conditions in our debt agreements; and
- difficulty or delays in redeploying the proceeds from repayments of our existing investments.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain statistics and other data that, in some cases, have been obtained or compiled from information made available by loan servicers and other third-party service providers.

# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

### GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share data)

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 1,823,279	\$ 2,097,375
Allowance for credit losses	(151,968)	(199,727)
Loans held-for-investment, net	1,671,311	1,897,648
Cash and cash equivalents	85,102	87,788
Restricted cash	10,799	26,682
Real estate owned, net	98,704	42,815
Accrued interest receivable	7,529	8,668
Other assets	44,640	51,514
<b>Total Assets <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 1,918,085</b>	<b>\$ 2,115,115</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Repurchase facilities	\$ 474,400	\$ 597,874
Securitized debt obligations	743,544	788,313
Secured credit facility	86,774	86,774
Dividends payable	6,193	6,238
Other liabilities	22,845	16,699
<b>Total Liabilities <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>1,333,756</b>	<b>1,495,898</b>
<b>Commitments and Contingencies (see Note 9)</b>		
<b>Stockholders' Equity</b>		
7.00% Series A Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 11,500,000 shares authorized, and 8,229,500 and 8,229,500 shares issued and outstanding, respectively; liquidation preference \$25.00 per share	82	82
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 450,000,000 shares authorized, and 47,394,519 shares and 48,801,690 issued and outstanding, respectively	474	488
Additional paid-in capital	1,193,711	1,195,823
Cumulative earnings	(159,934)	(139,556)
Cumulative distributions to stockholders	(450,129)	(437,745)
<b>Total Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>584,204</b>	<b>619,092</b>
Non-controlling interests	125	125
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>584,329</b>	<b>619,217</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,918,085</b>	<b>\$ 2,115,115</b>

(1) The condensed consolidated balance sheets include assets of consolidated variable interest entities, or VIEs, that can only be used to settle obligations of these VIEs, and liabilities of the consolidated VIEs for which creditors do not have recourse to Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. At June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, assets of the VIEs totaled \$910,408 and \$951,295, respectively, and liabilities of the VIEs totaled \$744,930 and \$790,339, respectively. See Note 5 - *Variable Interest Entities and Securitized Debt Obligations*, for further detail.

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME**  
(in thousands, except share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Interest income:</b>				
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 33,024	\$ 46,882	\$ 67,351	\$ 98,847
Cash and cash equivalents	779	1,597	1,596	3,687
Total interest income	33,803	48,479	68,947	102,534
<b>Interest expense:</b>				
Repurchase facilities	10,590	19,331	22,475	40,059
Securitized debt obligations	12,604	18,303	25,284	36,418
Secured credit facility	2,564	2,714	5,103	5,403
Total interest expense	25,758	40,348	52,862	81,880
Net interest income	8,045	8,131	16,085	20,654
<b>Other income (loss):</b>				
Revenue from real estate owned operations	3,753	1,111	6,847	2,253
Provision for credit losses	(10,984)	(60,756)	(14,754)	(136,308)
Gain (loss) on sale of real estate owned	301	—	301	—
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt	—	(786)	—	(786)
Total other (loss) income	(6,930)	(60,431)	(7,606)	(134,841)
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Compensation and benefits	5,718	4,721	11,489	10,708
Servicing expenses	817	1,398	1,848	2,774
Expenses from real estate owned operations	5,227	1,950	9,731	3,995
Other operating expenses	2,717	2,700	5,720	5,529
Total expenses	14,479	10,769	28,788	23,006
<b>(Loss) income before income taxes</b>	(13,364)	(63,069)	(20,309)	(137,193)
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes	(1)	(1)	69	(2)
<b>Net (loss) income</b>	(13,363)	(63,068)	(20,378)	(137,191)
Dividends on preferred stock	3,601	3,600	7,201	7,200
<b>Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders</b>	\$ (16,964)	\$ (66,668)	\$ (27,579)	\$ (144,391)
Basic (loss) earnings per weighted average common share	\$ (0.35)	\$ (1.31)	\$ (0.57)	\$ (2.84)
Diluted (loss) earnings per weighted average common share	\$ (0.35)	\$ (1.31)	\$ (0.57)	\$ (2.84)
<b>Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding:</b>				
Basic	48,030,130	50,939,476	48,347,634	50,842,004
Diluted	48,030,130	50,939,476	48,347,634	50,842,004
<b>Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders</b>	\$ (16,964)	\$ (66,668)	\$ (27,579)	\$ (144,391)
<b>Comprehensive (loss) income</b>	\$ (16,964)	\$ (66,668)	\$ (27,579)	\$ (144,391)

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(in thousands, except share data)

	Common Stock		Preferred Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Earnings	Cumulative Distributions to Stockholders	Total Stockholders' Equity	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
<b>Balance, December 31, 2023</b>	50,577,841	\$ 506	8,229,500	\$ 82	\$ 1,198,048	\$ 67,495	\$ (407,233)	\$ 858,898	\$ 125	\$ 859,023
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(74,123)	—	(74,123)	—	(74,123)
Preferred dividends declared, \$0.4375 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,600)	(3,600)	—	(3,600)
Common dividends declared, \$0.15 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(8,043)	(8,043)	—	(8,043)
Repurchase of common stock for tax withholding on vestings of RSUs	(233,454)	—	—	—	(1,185)	—	—	(1,185)	—	(1,185)
Non-cash equity award compensation	690,413	4	—	—	2,167	—	—	2,171	—	2,171
<b>Balance, March 31, 2024</b>	51,034,800	\$ 510	8,229,500	\$ 82	\$ 1,199,030	\$ (6,628)	\$ (418,876)	\$ 774,118	\$ 125	\$ 774,243
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(63,068)	—	(63,068)	—	(63,068)
Repurchase of common stock	(510,244)	(5)	—	—	(1,594)	—	—	(1,599)	—	(1,599)
Preferred dividends declared, \$0.4375 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,600)	(3,600)	—	(3,600)
Common dividends declared, \$0.05 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,735)	(2,735)	—	(2,735)
Non-cash equity award compensation	159,561	2	—	—	1,458	—	—	1,460	—	1,460
<b>Balance, June 30, 2024</b>	50,684,117	\$ 507	8,229,500	\$ 82	\$ 1,198,894	\$ (69,696)	\$ (425,211)	\$ 704,576	\$ 125	\$ 704,701
<b>Balance, December 31, 2024</b>	48,801,690	\$ 488	8,229,500	\$ 82	\$ 1,195,823	\$ (139,556)	\$ (437,745)	\$ 619,092	\$ 125	\$ 619,217
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(7,015)	—	(7,015)	—	(7,015)
Repurchase of common stock	(878,784)	(9)	—	—	(2,516)	—	—	(2,525)	—	(2,525)
Preferred dividends declared, \$0.4375 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,600)	(3,600)	—	(3,600)
Common dividends declared, \$0.05 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,591)	(2,591)	—	(2,591)
Repurchase of common stock for tax withholding on vestings of RSUs	(380,163)	(4)	—	—	(1,098)	—	—	(1,102)	—	(1,102)
Non-cash equity award compensation	846,354	9	—	—	2,401	—	—	2,410	—	2,410
<b>Balance, March 31, 2025</b>	48,389,097	\$ 484	8,229,500	\$ 82	\$ 1,194,610	\$ (146,571)	\$ (443,936)	\$ 604,669	\$ 125	\$ 604,794
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(13,363)	—	(13,363)	—	(13,363)
Repurchase of common stock	(1,250,000)	(13)	—	—	(3,124)	—	—	(3,137)	—	(3,137)
Preferred dividends declared, \$0.4375 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,601)	(3,601)	—	(3,601)
Common dividends declared, \$0.05 per share	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,592)	(2,592)	—	(2,592)
Repurchase of common stock for tax withholding on vestings of RSUs	(7,279)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-cash equity award compensation	262,701	3	—	—	2,225	—	—	2,228	—	2,228
<b>Balance, June 30, 2025</b>	47,394,519	\$ 474	8,229,500	\$ 82	\$ 1,193,711	\$ (159,934)	\$ (450,129)	\$ 584,204	\$ 125	\$ 584,329

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)**

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
<b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (20,378)	\$ (137,191)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Accretion of discounts and net deferred fees on loans held-for-investment and deferred interest capitalized to loans held-for-investment	(3,222)	(3,453)
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs	2,463	3,316
Provision for credit losses	14,754	136,308
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	—	423
Amortization of equity-based compensation	4,638	3,631
Depreciation and amortization on real estate owned	3,613	2,558
Gain on sale of real estate owned	(301)	—
Net change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable	(253)	1,655
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(3,311)	(2,088)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(2,977)	(2,521)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating	(4,974)	2,638
<b>Cash Flows From Investing Activities:</b>		
Originations, acquisitions and additional fundings of loans held-for-investment, net of deferred fees	(23,133)	(34,053)
Proceeds from repayment of loans held-for-investment	188,385	96,883
Capital expenditures related to real estate owned	(2,030)	—
Acquisition costs on real estate owned	(1,587)	—
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned	16,655	—
Purchases of other investments	(2,588)	—
Net cash provided by investing activities	175,702	62,830
<b>Cash Flows From Financing Activities:</b>		
Proceeds from repurchase facilities	13,700	78,486
Principal payments on repurchase facilities	(137,174)	(161,949)
Principal payments on securitized debt obligations	(45,184)	(54,210)
Proceeds from secured credit facility	—	1,192
Payment of debt issuance costs	(1,446)	(843)
Tax withholding on restricted stock and RSUs	(1,102)	(1,185)
Repurchase of common stock	(5,662)	(1,599)
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(7,201)	(7,201)
Dividends paid on common stock	(5,228)	(18,579)
Net cash used in financing activities	(189,297)	(165,888)
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(18,569)	(100,420)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period	114,470	199,216
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 95,901	\$ 98,796
<b>Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 51,192	\$ 83,764
Cash paid for federal taxes	\$ 60	\$ —
Cash paid for state taxes	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Noncash Activities:</b>		
Dividends declared but not paid at end of period	\$ 6,193	\$ 6,335
Transfers from loan held-for investment and receivables to real estate owned	\$ 71,000	\$ 35,659
Acquisition of working capital related to real estate owned	\$ 63	\$ —
Right-of-use lease asset and operating lease liability assumed	\$ 7,239	\$ —
Principal repayments of loans held-for-investment held by servicer	\$ 48	\$ —
Transfer of other receivables to loans held-for-investment	\$ 567	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.****Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 1. Organization and Operations**

Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc., or the Company, is an internally managed commercial real estate finance company that focuses primarily on directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. These investments are capitalized by accessing a variety of funding sources, including borrowing under the Company's bank credit facilities or other asset financings, issuing commercial real estate collateralized loan obligations, or CRE CLOs, and issuing other forms of secured and unsecured debt and equity securities, depending on market conditions and the Company's view of the most appropriate funding option available for the Company's investments. The Company is not in the business of buying or trading securities, and the only securities it owns are the retained interests from its CRE CLOs. The Company's investment objective is to preserve the Company's stockholders' capital while generating attractive risk-adjusted returns over the long term, primarily through dividends derived from current income produced by the Company's investment portfolio. The Company's common stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "GPMT". The Company's principal executive offices are located at 3 Bryant Park, 24th Floor, New York, New York 10036. The Company operates its business in a manner that is intended to permit it to maintain its exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act. The Company operates its business as one segment. The Company was incorporated in Maryland on April 7, 2017, and commenced operations as a publicly traded company on June 28, 2017.

The Company has elected to be treated as a REIT, as defined under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As long as the Company continues to comply with a number of requirements under federal tax law and maintains its qualification as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes to the extent that the Company distributes its taxable income to its stockholders on an annual basis and does not engage in prohibited transactions. However, certain activities that the Company may perform may cause it to earn income which will not be qualifying income for REIT purposes. The Company has designated one of its subsidiaries as a taxable REIT subsidiary, or TRS, as defined in the Code, to engage in such activities.

**Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies*****Consolidation and Basis of Presentation***

The interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, have been condensed or omitted according to such SEC rules and regulations. However, management believes that the disclosures included in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. In the opinion of management, all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial condition of the Company at June 30, 2025, and results of operations for all periods presented have been made. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, should not be construed as indicative of the results to be expected for future periods or the full year.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of all subsidiaries; inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

All entities in which the Company holds investments that are considered VIEs for financial reporting purposes were reviewed for consolidation under the applicable consolidation guidance. Whenever the Company has both the power to direct the activities of an entity that most significantly impact the entity's performance, and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entity that could be significant, the Company consolidates the entity. See Note 5 - *Variable Interest Entities and Securitized Debt Obligations* to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional details regarding consolidation of VIEs.

***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make a number of significant estimates. These include estimates of amount and timing of allowances for credit losses, fair value of certain assets and liabilities including real estate owned and associated purchase price allocation of fair value, and other estimates that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities as of the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of certain revenues and expenses during the reported period. It is likely that changes in these estimates (e.g., valuation changes to the underlying collateral of loans due to changes in market interest and capitalization rates, leasing, creditworthiness of major tenants, occupancy rates, availability of financing, exit plan, loan sponsorship, actions of other

## GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

lenders, overall economic and capital markets conditions, the broader commercial real estate market, local geographic sub-markets or other factors) will occur in the near term.

The Company believes the estimates and assumptions underlying its condensed consolidated financial statements are reasonable and supportable based on the information available as of June 30, 2025. However, the Company's actual results could ultimately differ from its estimates and such differences may be material.

**Significant Accounting Policies**

Included in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, is a summary of the Company's significant accounting policies. Provided below is a summary of additional accounting policies that are significant to the Company's condensed consolidated financial condition and results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025.

*Real Estate Owned, Net and Real Estate Held-for-Sale*

If the Company intends to hold, operate or develop the property, the asset is classified as real estate owned, net on its consolidated balance sheets. If the held-for-sale criteria prescribed by ASC 360, Property, Plant and Equipment, are met, the asset is classified as real estate owned held-for-sale and reflected at the lower of amortized cost and fair value less estimated transaction costs to sell on the consolidated balance sheets. Once classified as real estate owned held-for-sale, the Company ceases recognition of the related depreciation and amortization.

**Recently Issued and/or Adopted Accounting Standards***Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*, or ASU 2023-07. The new guidance requires a public entity with a single reportable segment to provide new disclosures surrounding segment expenses and other segment items on an annual and interim basis, with the intention of improving reportable segment disclosure requirements as well as enhancing interim disclosure requirements. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and for interim periods with fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with the guidance to be adopted retrospectively to all prior periods presented. The Company has adopted ASU 2023-04, which did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or financial statement disclosures.

*Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, or ASU 2023-09. The new guidance requires entities to disclose the amount of income taxes paid, net of refunds received, disaggregated by federal, state and foreign jurisdiction, with the intention of improving the transparency of income tax disclosures. ASU 2023-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, and is to be adopted on a prospective basis with the option to apply retrospectively. The Company has adopted ASU 2023-09 and has determined it did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or financial statement disclosures.

*Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*, or ASU 2024-03. The new guidance requires a public business entity to provide disaggregated disclosures in the notes to the financial statements of certain categories of expenses that are included in expense line items on the face of the income statement. ASU 2024-03 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026. The guidance is applied prospectively and may be applied retrospectively. The Company is evaluating the impact of ASU 2024-03.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**
**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**
**Note 3. Loans Held-for-Investment, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses**

The following tables summarize the Company's loans held-for-investment by asset type, property type and geographic location as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

<b>June 30, 2025</b>			
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	<b>Senior Loans<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>B-Notes<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>Total</b>
Unpaid principal balance	\$ 1,816,812	\$ 13,095	\$ 1,829,907
Unamortized net deferred origination fees	(6,628)	—	(6,628)
Allowance for credit losses	(151,874)	(94)	(151,968)
Carrying value	\$ 1,658,310	\$ 13,001	\$ 1,671,311
Unfunded commitments	\$ 78,262	\$ —	\$ 78,262
Number of loans	46	1	47
Weighted average coupon <sup>(3)</sup>	7.0%	8.0%	7.0%
Weighted average years to maturity <sup>(4)</sup>	0.6	1.6	0.6

<b>December 31, 2024</b>			
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	<b>Senior Loans<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>B-Notes<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>Total</b>
Unpaid principal balance	\$ 2,093,096	\$ 13,238	\$ 2,106,334
Unamortized net deferred origination fees	(8,959)	—	(8,959)
Allowance for credit losses	(199,556)	(171)	(199,727)
Carrying value	\$ 1,884,581	\$ 13,067	\$ 1,897,648
Unfunded commitments	\$ 90,641	\$ —	\$ 90,641
Number of loans	53	1	54
Weighted average coupon <sup>(3)</sup>	6.3%	8.0%	6.4%
Weighted average years to maturity <sup>(4)</sup>	0.6	2.1	0.6

(1) Loans primarily secured by a first priority lien on commercial real property and related personal property and also includes, when applicable, any companion subordinate loans.

(2) A subordinate loan secured by the same mortgage as the senior loan.

(3) Weighted average coupon inclusive of the impact of nonaccrual loans.

(4) Based on contractual maturity date, including maturity defaulted loans with no remaining term. Certain loans are subject to contractual extension options with such conditions stipulated in the applicable loan documents. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities stated herein as certain borrowers may have the right to prepay with or without paying a prepayment fee. The Company may also extend contractual maturities in connection with certain loan modifications.

<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>		<b>June 30, 2025</b>		<b>December 31, 2024</b>	
<b>Property Type</b>		<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>% of Loan Portfolio</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>% of Loan Portfolio</b>
Office	\$	733,128	43.9%	\$ 872,306	46.0%
Multifamily		548,812	32.8%	574,032	30.2%
Hotel		107,579	6.4%	114,054	6.0%
Retail		107,541	6.4%	164,424	8.7%
Industrial		113,916	6.9%	113,890	6.0%
Other		60,335	3.6%	58,942	3.1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>1,671,311</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 1,897,648</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

(dollars in thousands)	Geographic Location	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
		Carrying Value	% of Loan Portfolio	Carrying Value	% of Loan Portfolio
	Northeast	\$ 442,859	26.5%	\$ 485,062	25.6%
	Southwest	334,457	20.0%	417,425	22.0%
	West	243,866	14.6%	272,633	14.4%
	Midwest	293,412	17.6%	300,617	15.8%
	Southeast	356,717	21.3%	421,911	22.2%
	Total	\$ 1,671,311	100.0%	\$ 1,897,648	100.0%

*Loan Portfolio Activity*

The following tables summarize activity related to loans held-for-investment, net of allowance for credit losses, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025			Six Months Ended June 30, 2025		
	Amortized Cost	Allowance for Credit Losses	Carrying Value	Amortized Cost	Allowance for Credit Losses	Carrying Value
<b>Balance at beginning of period</b>	\$ 1,937,659	\$ (177,282)	\$ 1,760,377	\$ 2,097,375	\$ (199,727)	\$ 1,897,648
Originations, additional fundings, upsizing of loans and capitalized deferred interest <sup>(1)</sup>	13,519	—	13,519	23,994	—	23,994
Repayments	(93,172)	—	(93,172)	(176,953)	—	(176,953)
Transfers to real estate owned <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	—	(63,353)	—	(63,353)
Transfers in from loan related receivables <sup>(3)</sup>	567	—	567	567	—	567
Increase (decrease) from net deferred fees	(254)	—	(254)	(583)	—	(583)
Amortization of net deferred fees	1,034	—	1,034	2,944	—	2,944
Provision for credit losses	—	(10,760)	(10,760)	—	(12,953)	(12,953)
Write-offs	\$ (36,074)	\$ 36,074	—	\$ (60,712)	\$ 60,712	—
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<u>\$ 1,823,279</u>	<u>\$ (151,968)</u>	<u>\$ 1,671,311</u>	<u>\$ 1,823,279</u>	<u>\$ (151,968)</u>	<u>\$ 1,671,311</u>

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024			Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		
	Amortized Cost	Allowance for Credit Losses	Carrying Value	Amortized Cost	Allowance for Credit Losses	Carrying Value
<b>Balance at beginning of period</b>	\$ 2,702,684	\$ (210,145)	\$ 2,492,539	\$ 2,718,486	\$ (134,661)	\$ 2,583,825
Originations, additional fundings, upsizing of loans and capitalized deferred interest	17,867	—	17,867	35,868	—	35,868
Repayments	(61,405)	—	(61,405)	(96,883)	—	(96,883)
Transfers to real estate owned	(35,659)	—	(35,659)	(35,659)	—	(35,659)
Net discount accretion (premium amortization)	7	—	7	15	—	15
Increase (decrease) from net deferred fees	(911)	—	(911)	(852)	—	(852)
Amortization of net deferred fees	867	—	867	2,475	—	2,475
Provision for credit losses	—	(60,561)	(60,561)	—	(136,045)	(136,045)
Write-offs	\$ (6,566)	\$ 6,566	—	\$ (6,566)	\$ 6,566	—
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<u>\$ 2,616,884</u>	<u>\$ (264,140)</u>	<u>\$ 2,352,744</u>	<u>\$ 2,616,884</u>	<u>\$ (264,140)</u>	<u>\$ 2,352,744</u>

(1) Includes a \$1.7 million unsecured note advanced to an existing borrower during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

(2) Total transfers to real estate owned of \$71.0 million comprised of \$63.4 million of loans held-for-investment and \$7.6 million in related receivables.

(3) Transfers in from loan related receivables of \$0.6 million included in write-offs during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**
**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**
*Allowance for Credit Losses*

The following table presents the changes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024 in the allowance for credit losses on loans held-for-investment:

	Loans Held-for-Investment			Unfunded Loan Commitments <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Specific Reserve	General Reserve	Total Specific and General Reserve	Total General Reserve	Total Allowance for Credit Losses
Three Months Ended June 30, 2025					
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 134,253	\$ 43,029	\$ 177,282	\$ 2,880	\$ 180,162
Provision for (benefit from) credit losses	(638)	11,398	10,760	224	10,984
Write-off	(36,074)	—	(36,074)	—	(36,074)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 97,541</u>	<u>\$ 54,427</u>	<u>\$ 151,968</u>	<u>\$ 3,104</u>	<u>\$ 155,072</u>
Six Months Ended June 30, 2025					
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 154,687	\$ 45,040	\$ 199,727	\$ 1,303	\$ 201,030
Provision for (benefit from) credit losses	3,566	9,387	12,953	1,801	14,754
Write-off	(60,712)	—	(60,712)	—	(60,712)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 97,541</u>	<u>\$ 54,427</u>	<u>\$ 151,968</u>	<u>\$ 3,104</u>	<u>\$ 155,072</u>
Three Months Ended June 30, 2024					
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 155,301	\$ 54,844	\$ 210,145	\$ 2,524	\$ 212,669
Provision for (benefit from) credit losses	42,054	18,507	60,561	195	60,756
Write-off	(2,400)	(4,166)	(6,566)	—	(6,566)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 194,955</u>	<u>\$ 69,185</u>	<u>\$ 264,140</u>	<u>\$ 2,719</u>	<u>\$ 266,859</u>
Six Months Ended June 30, 2024					
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 91,372	\$ 43,289	\$ 134,661	\$ 2,456	\$ 137,117
Provision for (benefit from) credit losses	105,983	30,062	136,045	263	136,308
Write-off	(2,400)	(4,166)	(6,566)	—	(6,566)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 194,955</u>	<u>\$ 69,185</u>	<u>\$ 264,140</u>	<u>\$ 2,719</u>	<u>\$ 266,859</u>

(1) The current expected credit loss, or CECL, reserve for unfunded commitments is included in "Other liabilities" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recorded a net decrease of \$(25.1) million in its total allowance for credit losses on its loan portfolio primarily due to \$(36.1) million in write-offs, partially offset by an \$11.0 million provision for credit losses, bringing the total allowance for credit losses to \$155.1 million as of June 30, 2025. The decrease in the allowance was primarily related to resolutions of two loans that had been previously individually assessed, partially offset by an increase due to assumptions employed in estimating the general CECL reserve as of June 30, 2025.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recorded a net decrease of \$(46.0) million in its allowance for credit losses on its loan portfolio primarily due to \$(60.7) million in write-offs, partially offset by a \$14.8 million provision for credit losses. The decrease in the allowance was primarily related to resolutions of four loans that had been previously individually assessed, partially offset by additional specific reserves on loans that were assessed individually during the six months ended June 30, 2025, and an increase due to assumptions employed in estimating the general CECL reserve as of June 30, 2025.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company modified a senior loan secured by a hotel property located in Minneapolis, MN. The loan was on nonaccrual status and had a risk rating of "S" prior to the modification. The modification restructured the loan into a \$37.0 million senior note on accrual status and a subordinate note that was immediately charged off. As a result of the modification, the Company recognized a write-off of approximately \$(15.4) million, which had been reserved for through a previously recorded allowance for credit losses.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company resolved a loan secured by a mixed-use office and retail property located in Baton Rouge, LA, via a property sale. The loan was on nonaccrual status with an unpaid principal balance

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**
**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

of \$79.3 million and a risk-rating of “5”. As a result of the property sale, the Company recognized a write-off of approximately \$(20.7) million, which had been reserved for through a previously recorded allowance for credit losses.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company had three collateral-dependent loans with an aggregate principal balance of \$222.8 million, for which the Company recorded an allowance for credit losses of \$97.5 million. These loans were individually assessed in accordance with the CECL framework and the allowance for credit losses was determined based on the estimates of the collateral properties’ fair value. The performance of the collateral properties securing these loans, which include two office buildings and one multifamily property, has been impacted by an uncertain commercial real estate market and macroeconomic outlook, which includes weakening in credit fundamentals, capital markets volatility and significantly reduced real estate transaction activity, especially for certain property types, such as office assets located in underperforming markets with reduced tenant demand, and a higher cost of capital driven by elevated interest rates. These macroeconomic and market factors have resulted in the slowing of business plan execution and reduced market liquidity, thereby impacting the borrowers’ ability to either sell or refinance their properties to repay the Company’s loans. See Note 8 - *Fair Value*, for further detail on the fair value measurement of these loans.

**Nonaccrual Loans**

The following table presents the changes in the carrying value of loans held-for-investment on nonaccrual status for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Nonaccrual loan carrying value at beginning of period	\$ 220,458	\$ 517,507	\$ 298,365	\$ 343,683
Addition of nonaccrual loan carrying value	—	16,831	—	195,358
Reduction of nonaccrual loan carrying value	(95,418)	(81,541)	(173,325)	(86,244)
Nonaccrual loan carrying value at end of period	\$ 125,040	\$ 452,797	\$ 125,040	\$ 452,797

As of June 30, 2025, the Company had three senior loans with a total unpaid principal balance of \$222.8 million and carrying value of \$125.0 million that were held on nonaccrual status, compared to 12 senior loans with a total unpaid principal balance of \$665.3 million and carrying value of \$452.8 million that were held on nonaccrual status as of June 30, 2024. Additionally, the Company had one loan with a principal balance of \$20.4 million that was in maturity default with a maturity date of June 9, 2025, and remained on accrual status due to the loan not being 90 days past due as of June 30, 2025. All other loans were considered current with respect to principal and interest payments due as of June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024.

**Loan Modifications**

As part of its asset and portfolio management strategy, the Company may amend or modify a loan depending on the loan’s specific facts and circumstances. These loan modifications typically include additional time for the borrower to refinance or sell the collateral property, adjustment or waiver of performance tests that are prerequisite to the extension of a loan’s maturity, and/or deferral of scheduled principal payments. In exchange for a modification, the Company may receive a partial repayment of principal, a short-term accrual of capitalized interest for a portion of interest due, a cash infusion to replenish interest or capital improvement reserves, termination of all or a portion of the remaining unfunded loan commitment, additional call protection, and/or an increase in the loan coupon or fees, among other items.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2025, the Company entered into three loan modifications that met the disclosure requirements pursuant to ASU 2022-02, *Troubled Debt Restructurings And Vintage Disclosures*.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2025, the Company completed the modification of a senior loan secured by a hotel property located in Minneapolis, MN. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the loan had a principal balance of \$37.1 million and \$52.6 million, respectively, and an amortized cost of \$37.2 million and \$52.7 million, respectively. The terms of the modification included, among other things, (i) a 3-year extension of the fully-extended maturity date to May 9, 2028, with one 12-month option to extend to May 9, 2029; (ii) a restructuring of the loan into a \$37.0 million senior note and a subordinate note that was immediately charged off; and (iii) an accrued pay spread. As a result of the modification, the Company recognized a write-off of approximately \$(15.4) million, which had been reserved for through a previously recorded allowance for credit losses. The senior note was performing pursuant to its modified contractual terms as of June 30, 2025.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2025, the Company completed the modification of a first mortgage loan secured by a multifamily student housing property in Louisville, KY. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the loan had a principal balance of \$50.0 million and an amortized cost of \$49.8 million. The terms of the modification included, among other things, (i) a 12-month extension of the fully-extended maturity date to November 9, 2025; (ii) the full deferral of debt service payments with interest capitalized and compounding; (iii) the deferral of the extension fee; and (iv) the Company’s agreement

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**
**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

to pay for approved expenses, in its sole discretion. Due to the uncertainty with respect to the collection of future interest accruals, the loan was placed on nonaccrual status as of November 9, 2023, in conjunction with a previous modification. The loan was performing pursuant to its modified contractual terms as of June 30, 2025.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2025, the Company completed the modification of a first mortgage loan secured by a mixed-use multifamily, event space and office property located in Pittsburgh, PA. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the loan had a principal balance of \$32.0 million and an amortized cost of \$30.6 million and \$30.3 million, respectively. The terms of the modification included, among others, (i) a new \$2.0 million capital infusion from the sponsor to further support the collateral property; (ii) a restructuring of the \$51.0 million whole loan into a \$32.0 million senior note, with a \$7.0 million unfunded commitment, and a \$19.0 million subordinate note. The restructured senior loan earns a fixed rate coupon rate of 5.75%, adjusted from a floating rate coupon of S+3.40%, has an exit fee that was increased from 1.25% to 5.75% of the loan amount, and was extended by 36 months to July 9, 2027. The subordinate note is non-interest bearing and is subject to a distribution waterfall and is subordinate to certain amounts of the sponsor's equity, as defined in the loan agreement. As of September 30, 2024, the subordinate note was deemed uncollectible, resulting in a write-off of \$(19.0) million. The loan was performing pursuant to its modified contractual terms as of June 30, 2025.

**Loan Risk Ratings**

The Company's primary credit quality indicators are its risk ratings. The Company evaluates the credit quality of each loan at least quarterly by assessing the risk factors of each loan and assigning a risk rating based on a variety of factors. Risk factors that are considered in the assessment include, but are not limited to, property type, geographic and local market dynamics, physical condition, leasing and tenant profile, projected cash flow, collateral performance, loan structure and exit plan, origination loan-to-value, or LTV, project sponsorship and other factors deemed necessary. The Company evaluates these factors with respect to each loan investment on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration such loan's facts and circumstances at the time. The risk factors may be given different weightings and consideration depending on each loan's situation. Loans are rated "1" (less risk) through "5" (greater risk), which ratings are defined as follows:

- 1 – Lower Risk
- 2 – Average Risk
- 3 – Acceptable Risk
- 4 – Higher Risk: A loan that has exhibited material deterioration in cash flows and/or other credit factors, which, if negative trends continue, could be indicative of probability of principal loss.
- 5 – Loss Likely: A loan that has a significantly increased probability of principal loss.

The following table presents the number of loans, unpaid principal balance and carrying value by risk rating for loans held-for-investment as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024		
Risk Rating	Number of Loans	Unpaid Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Number of Loans	Unpaid Principal Balance	Carrying Value
1	6	\$ 141,136	\$ 139,917	6	\$ 153,954	\$ 152,382
2	15	632,490	623,990	17	652,450	645,333
3	19	658,041	623,771	20	676,745	645,811
4	4	175,440	158,593	4	169,867	155,757
5	3	222,800	125,040	7	453,318	298,365
Total	47	\$ 1,829,907	\$ 1,671,311	54	\$ 2,106,334	\$ 1,897,648

As of June 30, 2025, the weighted average risk rating of the Company's loan portfolio was 2.8, versus 3.1 as of December 31, 2024, weighted by unpaid principal balance. The change in portfolio risk rating as of June 30, 2025, versus December 31, 2024, is mainly a result of risk-rated "5" resolutions during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company assigned a risk rating of "5" to three senior loans with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$222.8 million. These loans were downgraded due to the borrowers' unwillingness to make further capital commitments to support the collateral properties resulting from a variety of factors including the challenging office leasing environment, local market fundamentals, uncertain and volatile capital market conditions resulting in limited liquidity for real estate transactions, further pressure on property values and other factors related to property specific operating performance.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company resolved two loans with an aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$131.1 million that had a risk rating of “5”. In connection with these resolutions, the Company’s unpaid principal balance was reduced by \$94.1 million including write-offs totaling \$36.1 million, as described above.

The following tables present the carrying value of loans held-for-investment as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, by risk rating and year of origination:

		<b>June 30, 2025</b>						
		<b>Origination Year</b>						
(dollars in thousands)	<b>Risk Rating</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>Prior</b>	<b>Total</b>
	1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 46,519	\$ 37,644	\$ 55,754	\$ 139,917
	2	—	—	—	190,978	185,519	247,493	623,990
	3	—	43,357	56,798	58,996	185,970	278,650	623,771
	4	—	—	—	40,096	—	118,497	158,593
	5	—	—	—	—	—	125,040	125,040
	Total	\$ —	\$ 43,357	\$ 56,798	\$ 336,589	\$ 409,133	\$ 825,434	\$ 1,671,311
	Gross write-offs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (15,361)	\$ (45,351)	\$ (60,712)

		<b>December 31, 2024</b>						
		<b>Origination Year</b>						
(dollars in thousands)	<b>Risk Rating</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>Prior</b>	<b>Total</b>
	1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 46,560	\$ 23,401	\$ 21,285	\$ 61,136	\$ 152,382
	2	—	—	187,027	199,733	—	258,573	645,333
	3	45,689	54,076	57,082	149,026	46,363	293,575	645,811
	4	—	—	41,711	—	—	114,046	155,757
	5	—	—	—	39,236	—	259,129	298,365
	Total	\$ 45,689	\$ 54,076	\$ 332,380	\$ 411,396	\$ 67,648	\$ 986,459	\$ 1,897,648
	Gross write-offs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (16,173)	\$ (19,045)	\$ —	\$ (111,100)	\$ (146,318)

**Note 4. Real Estate Owned, Net**

As of June 30, 2025, assets and liabilities related to REO consisted of two office properties, one located in each of Miami Beach, FL and Maynard, MA. The Company accounted for these acquisitions as asset acquisitions. As of June 30, 2025, the carrying value of the Company’s REO is \$107.0 million, which includes \$8.3 million in net other assets and other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company determined that one office property located in Phoenix, AZ met the held-for-sale criteria, and reclassified the asset to real estate owned held-for-sale. On the reclassification date, the real estate owned asset held-for-investment had a carrying value of \$16.4 million, which was lower than the fair value less estimated transaction costs to sell of \$16.7 million. On June 23, 2025, the real estate owned asset was sold for a net sales price of \$16.7 million, which resulted in a \$0.3 million gain on sale on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.



**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

The following table presents the REO operations and related income (loss) included in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

(in thousands)	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
<b>Real Estate Owned, Net</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Rental income</b>				
Minimum lease payments	\$ 2,450	\$ 1,063	\$ 4,679	\$ 2,126
Variable lease payments	919	—	1,726	—
Total rental income	3,369	1,063	6,405	2,126
Other operating income	384	48	442	127
Revenue from real estate owned operations	3,753	1,111	6,847	2,253
Expenses from real estate owned operations <sup>(1)</sup>	(5,227)	(1,950)	(9,731)	(3,995)
Total	\$ (1,474)	\$ (839)	\$ (2,884)	\$ (1,742)

(1) Includes \$(2.1) million and \$(3.5) million and \$(1.2) million and \$(2.5) million of depreciation and amortization for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

The following table presents the amortization of lease intangibles included in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

(in thousands)	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
<b>Income Statement Location</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Asset</b>				
In-place lease intangibles	\$ 944	\$ 631	\$ 1,679	\$ 1,359
Lease commissions	74	—	135	—
Above-market lease intangibles	(78)	(38)	(148)	(86)
<b>Liability</b>				
Below-market lease intangibles	13	2	21	4

The following table presents the amortization of lease intangibles for each of the succeeding fiscal years:

(in thousands)	<b>In-place Lease Intangible Assets</b>	<b>Above-market Lease intangible Assets</b>	<b>Lease Commissions</b>	<b>Below-market Lease Intangible Liabilities</b>
2025	\$ 1,777	\$ 138	\$ 170	\$ (28)
2026	2,721	179	397	(56)
2027	1,167	77	397	(26)
2028	1,115	61	384	(27)
2029	811	15	379	(27)
Thereafter	561	—	667	—

The weighted average remaining amortization period for the in-place lease intangibles, above-market lease intangibles, leasing commissions and below-market lease intangibles as of June 30, 2025, were 3.7 years, 1.5 years, 6.5 years and 3.7 years, respectively.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**  
**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

*Future Minimum Lease Payments*

The following table presents the future minimum lease payments to be collected under non-cancelable operating leases, excluding tenant reimbursements of expenses, as of June 30, 2025:

(in thousands)	<b>Contractual Lease Payments</b>
2025	\$ 4,388
2026	7,752
2027	5,366
2028	5,273
2029	5,061
Thereafter	4,845

The weighted average minimum remaining term of the non-cancelable leases was approximately 3.6 years as of June 30, 2025.

**Note 5. Variable Interest Entities and Securitized Debt Obligations**

*CRE CLOs*

The Company finances pools of its commercial real estate loans through CRE CLOs, which are considered VIEs for financial reporting purposes, and, thus, are reviewed for consolidation under the applicable consolidation guidance. The Company has both the power to direct the activities of the CRE CLOs that most significantly impact the entities' performance and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entities that could be significant; therefore, the Company consolidates the CRE CLOs.

The following table presents a summary of the assets and liabilities of all VIEs consolidated on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(in thousands)	<b>June 30, 2025</b>	<b>December 31, 2024</b>
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 924,069	\$ 975,627
Allowance for credit losses	(19,839)	(39,402)
Loans held-for-investment, net	904,230	936,225
Restricted cash	—	8,018
Other assets	6,178	7,052
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 910,408</b>	<b>\$ 951,295</b>
Securitized debt obligations	\$ 743,544	\$ 788,313
Other liabilities	1,386	2,026
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 744,930</b>	<b>\$ 790,339</b>

The securitized debt obligations issued by the CRE CLOs are recorded at outstanding principal, net of any unamortized deferred debt issuance costs, on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**
**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

The following table details the Company's CRE CLO securitized debt obligations as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(dollars in thousands)

Securitized Debt Obligations	June 30, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Wtd. Avg. Yield/Cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Wtd. Avg. Yield/Cost <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>GPMT 2021-FL4 CRE CLO</b>						
Collateral assets <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 466,702	\$ 453,496	S+3.9%	\$ 475,908	\$ 461,688	S+3.9%
Financing provided	360,986	360,332	S+1.9%	370,155	369,086	S+1.9%
<b>GPMT 2021-FL3 CRE CLO</b>						
Collateral assets <sup>(3)</sup>	459,497	450,734	S+3.6%	511,199	482,555	S+3.6%
Financing provided	383,212	383,212	S+2.4%	419,227	419,227	S+2.0%
<b>Total</b>						
Collateral assets <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 926,199	\$ 904,230	S+3.7%	\$ 987,107	\$ 944,243	S+ 3.7%
Financing provided	\$ 744,198	\$ 743,544	S+2.2%	\$ 789,382	\$ 788,313	S+ 1.9%

(1) Calculations of all-in yield on collateral assets at origination are based on a number of assumptions (some or all of which may not occur) and are expressed as monthly equivalent yields that include net origination fees and exit fees and exclude future fundings and any potential or completed loan amendments or modifications. Calculation of cost of funds is the weighted average coupon of the CRE CLO, exclusive of any CRE CLO issuance costs.

(2) No restricted cash is included as of June 30, 2025. \$8.0 million in restricted cash is included as of December 31, 2024. Yield on collateral assets is exclusive of restricted cash.

(3) No restricted cash is included as of June 30, 2025. No restricted cash is included as of December 31, 2024. Yield on collateral assets is exclusive of restricted cash.

(4) No restricted cash is included as of June 30, 2025. \$8.0 million in restricted cash is included as of December 31, 2024. Yield on collateral assets is exclusive of restricted cash.

**Other Investments**

As of June 30, 2025, the Company held \$3.3 million in non-controlling investments in partnerships with the borrower entities of three loans held-for-investment by the Company. The Company may contribute up to an additional aggregate \$2.6 million in the form of investments in these partnership entities.

The partnerships are considered VIEs and the Company's investments and loans to the partnerships are considered variable interests in the VIEs. The Company is not the primary beneficiary of the VIEs because it does not have the power to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's performance as all decisions are directed by the unaffiliated general partner of the partnerships. The unconsolidated investments are included in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets within Other Assets.

**Note 6. Secured Financing Agreements**

To finance its loans held-for-investment, the Company has a variety of secured financing arrangements with several counterparties, including repurchase facilities and a secured credit facility. The Company's repurchase facilities are typically collateralized by loans held-for-investment, loans held-for-sale, REO assets and certain cash balances. Although the transactions under the Company's existing repurchase facilities represent committed borrowings until maturity of each facility, the facility lenders retain the right to mark the underlying collateral to fair value. A reduction in the value of pledged assets due to collateral-specific credit events, or, with respect to a limited number of the Company's repurchase facilities, capital market events, would require the Company to fund margin calls. The Company does not typically retain similar rights for the Company to make margin calls on its underlying borrowers as a result of a determination by the Company and/or its financing counterparty that there has been a decrease in the market value of the underlying pledged collateral.

The Company's secured credit facility is typically collateralized by loans held-for-investment, loans held-for-sale, REO assets and certain cash balances and is not mark-to-market.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

The following tables summarize details of the Company's borrowings outstanding on its secured financing arrangements as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

<b>June 30, 2025</b>						
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	<b>Maturity Date<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Amount Outstanding</b>	<b>Unused Capacity<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>Total Capacity</b>	<b>Carrying Value of Collateral</b>	<b>Weighted Average Borrowing Rate</b>
Repurchase facilities:						
Morgan Stanley Bank <sup>(3)</sup>	June 28, 2026	\$ 52,524	\$ 197,476	\$ 250,000	\$ 126,277	7.0%
JPMorgan Chase Bank <sup>(4)</sup>	July 28, 2026	349,389	120,520	469,909	490,603	7.9%
Citibank	April 27, 2026	72,487	177,513	250,000	103,091	6.0%
Total		<u>\$ 474,400</u>	<u>\$ 495,509</u>	<u>\$ 969,909</u>	<u>\$ 719,971</u>	
Secured credit facility	December 21, 2025	\$ 86,774	\$ 13,226	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,738	10.8%

<b>December 31, 2024</b>						
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	<b>Maturity Date<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Amount Outstanding</b>	<b>Unused Capacity<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>Total Capacity</b>	<b>Carrying Value of Collateral</b>	<b>Weighted Average Borrowing Rate</b>
Repurchase facilities:						
Morgan Stanley Bank	June 28, 2025	\$ 76,195	\$ 173,805	\$ 250,000	\$ 156,037	7.1%
JPMorgan Chase Bank	July 28, 2025	449,192	37,322	486,514	561,627	8.2%
Citibank	May 25, 2025	72,487	427,513	500,000	104,416	6.1%
Total		<u>\$ 597,874</u>	<u>\$ 638,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,236,514</u>	<u>\$ 822,080</u>	
Secured credit facility	December 21, 2025	\$ 86,774	\$ 13,226	\$ 100,000	\$ 98,015	10.9 %

(1) The facilities are set to mature on the stated maturity date, unless extended pursuant to their terms.

(2) Unused capacity is not committed as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024.

(3) Collateral value includes real estate owned with a carrying value of \$71.8 million.

(4) Collateral value includes real estate owned with a carrying value of \$35.2 million.

The following table summarizes certain characteristics of the Company's repurchase facilities and counterparty concentration at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

<b>June 30, 2025</b>					<b>December 31, 2024</b>			
<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>	<b>Amount Outstanding</b>	<b>Net Counterparty Exposure<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Percent of Equity</b>	<b>Weighted Average Years to Maturity</b>	<b>Amount Outstanding</b>	<b>Net Counterparty Exposure<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Percent of Equity</b>	<b>Weighted Average Years to Maturity</b>
Morgan Stanley Bank	\$ 52,524	\$ 75,383	13%	0.99	\$ 76,195	\$ 93,077	15%	0.49
JPMorgan Chase Bank	349,389	178,832	31%	1.08	449,192	149,643	24%	0.57
Citibank	72,487	34,105	6%	0.82	72,487	35,650	6%	0.40
Total	<u>\$ 474,400</u>	<u>\$ 288,320</u>			<u>\$ 597,874</u>	<u>\$ 278,370</u>		

(1) Represents the excess of the carrying amount or market value of the loans held-for-investment pledged as collateral for repurchase facilities, including accrued interest plus any cash on deposit to secure the repurchase obligation, less the amount of the repurchase liability, including accrued interest.

The Company does not anticipate any defaults by its financing counterparties, although there can be no assurance that one or more defaults will not occur.

## GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

*Financial Covenants*

The Company is subject to a variety of financial covenants under its secured financing arrangements. The following represent the most restrictive financial covenants to which the Company is subject across its secured financing arrangements:

- Unrestricted cash cannot be less than the greater of \$30.0 million and 5.0% of recourse indebtedness. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's unrestricted cash was \$85.1 million, while 5.0% of the Company's recourse indebtedness was \$8.3 million.
- Tangible net worth must be greater than the sum of (i) \$600.0 million and (ii) 75.0% of net cash proceeds of the Company's equity issuances after September 30, 2024. As the Company has not had any equity issuances after September 30, 2024, tangible net worth must be greater than \$600.0 million. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's tangible net worth was \$739.5 million.
- Target asset leverage ratio cannot exceed 77.5% and total leverage ratio cannot exceed 80.0%. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's target asset leverage ratio was 71.4% and the Company's total leverage ratio was 64.3%.
- Minimum interest coverage of no less than 1.15:1.0 until and including March 31, 2025; 1.2:1.0 from April 1, 2025, until and including December 31, 2025; and 1.3:1.0 thereafter. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's interest coverage ratio was 1.3:1.0.

As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants.

**Note 7. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash held in bank accounts and cash held in money market funds on an overnight basis.

The Company is required to maintain certain cash balances in restricted accounts as collateral for the Company's repurchase facilities and with its lending counterparties to support investment activities. As of June 30, 2025, the Company held \$10.8 million in restricted cash in connection with its non-CRE CLO financing activities, compared to \$18.7 million as of December 31, 2024. From time to time, the Company may also hold restricted cash representing proceeds from principal repayments and paydowns of loans held in the CRE CLOs. As of June 30, 2025, the Company held no restricted cash related to the CRE CLOs, compared to \$8.0 million in restricted cash related to the CRE CLOs as of December 31, 2024.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,102	\$ 87,788
Restricted cash	10,799	26,682
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 95,901	\$ 114,470

**Note 8. Fair Value***Fair Value Measurements*

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements*, or ASC 820, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 clarifies that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices available in active markets (*i.e.*, market-based or observable inputs) and the lowest priority to data lacking transparency (*i.e.*, unobservable inputs) resulting in the use of management assumptions. Additionally, ASC 820 requires an entity to consider all aspects of non-performance risk, including the entity's own credit standing, when measuring fair value of a liability.

## GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ASC 820 establishes a three-level hierarchy to be used when measuring and disclosing fair value. An instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. Following is a description of the three levels:

- |                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>Level 1</b> | Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the measurement date under current market conditions. Additionally, the entity must have the ability to access the active market and the quoted prices cannot be adjusted by the entity.  |
| <b>Level 2</b> | Inputs include quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in inactive markets for identical or similar assets or liabilities; or inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means for substantially the full-term of the assets or liabilities.   |
| <b>Level 3</b> | Unobservable inputs are supported by little or no market activity. The unobservable inputs represent the assumptions that market participants would use to price the assets and liabilities, including risk. Generally, Level 3 assets and liabilities are valued using pricing models, discounted cash flow models or similar techniques that require significant judgment or estimation. |

The following are descriptions of the valuation methodologies used to measure material assets and liabilities at fair value and details of the valuation models, key inputs to those models and significant assumptions utilized.

*Recurring Fair Value*

As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the carrying values and fair values of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. No other assets or liabilities held by the Company are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

*Nonrecurring Fair Value*

The Company may be required to measure certain assets or liabilities at fair value from time to time. These periodic fair value measures typically result from establishing the allowance for credit losses for collateral-dependent assets under GAAP. These items would constitute nonrecurring fair value measures. For collateral-dependent loans that are identified as impaired, the Company measures allowance for credit losses by comparing its estimation of the fair value of the underlying collateral, less costs to sell, to the carrying value of the respective loan. To estimate the fair value of the underlying collateral, the Company may (i) use certain valuation techniques which, among others, may include a discounted cash flow model, or (ii) obtain a third-party independent assessment of value such as an appraisal or other opinion of value. These valuations require significant judgments, which include assumptions regarding capitalization rates, discount rates, leasing, creditworthiness of major tenants, occupancy rates, availability and cost of financing, exit plan, loan sponsorship, actions of other lenders, and other factors deemed relevant.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company deemed three of its loans held-for-investment with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$222.8 million to be collateral-dependent in accordance with its policy. Therefore, the allowance for credit losses associated with these loans was based on the estimates of the fair value of the loans' underlying property collateral, less costs to sell, if applicable, and the loans are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis using significant unobservable inputs and would be classified as Level 3 assets in the fair value hierarchy.

As of June 30, 2025, two of these loans, with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$172.8 million, were largely valued using a discounted cash flow model. The significant unobservable inputs used to estimate the fair value on these loans as of June 30, 2025, include the exit capitalization rate, which ranged from 6.50% to 9.50%, and the discount rate, which ranged from 8.75% to 12.00%. As of June 30, 2025, the weighted average exit capitalization rate by unpaid principal balance and weighted average discount rate by unpaid principal balance were 8.12% and 10.50%, respectively.

As of June 30, 2025, one loan with an outstanding principal balance of \$50.0 million was largely valued using the cash collateral expected to be available to the borrower following settlement of the arbitration proceedings.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company acquired legal title of an office property in Miami Beach, FL. The Company's fair market value estimate at the time of conversion from loan held-for-investment to REO was \$71.0 million and was determined primarily using a discounted cash flow model. The significant unobservable inputs used to estimate the fair value include a 7.25% exit capitalization rate and an 8.75% discount rate. Refer to Note 2 - *Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies*, Note 3 - *Loans Held-for-Investment, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses*, and Note 4 - *Real Estate Owned, Net* for further detail.

***Fair Value of Financial Instruments***

In accordance with ASC 820, the Company is required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments, both assets and liabilities recognized and not recognized in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, for which fair value can be estimated.

# GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The following describes the Company's methods for estimating the fair value for financial instruments:

- Loans held-for-investment are carried at cost, net of any unamortized acquisition premiums or discounts, loan fees, origination costs and allowance for credit losses, as applicable. The Company estimates the fair value of its loans held-for-investment by assessing any changes in market interest rates, credit spreads for loans of comparable risk as corroborated by inquiry of other market participants, shifts in credit profiles and actual operating results, taking into consideration such factors as underlying property type, property competitive position within its market, market and submarket fundamentals, tenant mix, nature of business plan, sponsorship, extent of leverage and other loan terms. The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these assets as Level 3.
- Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash have a carrying value which approximates fair value because of the short maturities of these instruments. The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these assets as Level 1.
- The carrying value of underlying loans in repurchase and secured credit facilities that mature in less than one year generally approximates fair value due to the short maturities. The Company's long-term repurchase and secured credit facilities have, and the Company's asset-specific facility had, floating rates based on an index plus a credit spread and the credit spread is typically consistent with those demanded in the market. Accordingly, the interest rates on these borrowings are at market and, thus, carrying value approximates fair value. The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these liabilities as Level 2.
- Securitized debt obligations are recorded at outstanding principal, net of any unamortized deferred debt issuance costs. In determining the fair value of its securitized debt obligations, management's judgment may be used to arrive at fair value that considers prices obtained from third-party pricing providers, broker quotes received and other applicable market data. If observable market prices are not available or insufficient to determine fair value due principally to illiquidity in the marketplace, then fair value is based upon internally developed models that are primarily based on observable market-based inputs but also include unobservable market data inputs (including prepayment speeds, delinquency levels and credit losses). The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these liabilities as Level 2.

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of assets and liabilities that are required to be recorded or disclosed at fair value at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
<b>Assets</b>				
Loans held-for-investment, net of allowance for credit losses	\$ 1,671,311	\$ 1,724,020	\$ 1,897,648	\$ 1,951,039
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,102	\$ 85,102	\$ 87,788	\$ 87,788
Restricted cash	\$ 10,799	\$ 10,799	\$ 26,682	\$ 26,682
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Repurchase facilities	\$ 474,400	\$ 474,400	\$ 597,874	\$ 597,874
Securitized debt obligations	\$ 743,544	\$ 708,392	\$ 788,313	\$ 751,718
Secured credit facility	\$ 86,774	\$ 86,774	\$ 86,774	\$ 86,774

### Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

The following represent the material commitments and contingencies of the Company as of June 30, 2025:

#### Legal and Regulatory

From time to time, the Company may be subject to liability under laws and government regulations and various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Liabilities are established for legal claims when payments associated with the claims become probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated. The actual costs of resolving legal claims may be substantially higher or lower than the amounts established for those claims. Based on information currently available, management is not aware of any legal or regulatory claims that would have a material effect on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and, therefore, no accrual is required as of June 30, 2025.

#### Unfunded Commitments on Loans Held-for-Investment

Certain of the Company's commercial real estate loan agreements contain provisions and obligations to its borrowers through its unfunded loan commitments over the contractual period of its loans. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the Company had unfunded loan commitments of \$78.3 million and \$90.6 million, respectively, on loans held-for-investment.

## GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

which it expects to fund, subject to the satisfaction of any conditions precedent to such commitments, over the tenure of these loans. These commitments generally provide funding for lease-related or capital improvement expenditures, as well as interest and carry costs, all of which will vary depending on the progress of capital improvement projects, leasing and cash flows at the properties that serve as collateral for the Company's loans. Therefore, the exact timing and amounts of such loan balance future fundings are generally uncertain and will depend on the current and future performance of the collateral properties. The Company typically finances the funding of its loan commitments on terms generally consistent with its overall financing facilities; however, most of its financing facility counterparties are not obligated to fund their ratable portion of these loan commitments over time and have varying degrees of discretion over future loan funding obligations, including the advance rates on their fundings. The Company may be obligated to fund loan commitments with respect to a financed asset even if the applicable financing counterparty will not fund their ratable portion of the loan commitment and/or has made margin calls with respect to such financed asset.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company recognized \$3.1 million in other liabilities related to the allowance for credit losses on unfunded loan commitments. See Note 3 - *Loans Held-for-Investment, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses* for further detail.

**Note 10. Preferred Stock***Series A Preferred Stock*

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to receive, when, as and if authorized and declared by the Company's board of directors, cumulative cash dividends at a fixed rate of 7.00% per annum to, but excluding, January 15, 2027, and thereafter at a floating rate equal to the 3-month Term of Standard Overnight Financing Rate, or SOFR, plus a spread of 5.83% per annum; provided, however, in no event will the floating rate be lower than 7.00% per annum. During each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Company declared dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock of \$3.6 million and \$7.2 million, respectively.

On and after November 30, 2026, the Company, at its option, upon not fewer than 30 days' nor more than 60 days' written notice, may redeem the Series A Preferred Stock, in whole, at any time, or in part, from time to time, for cash, at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption.

Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control event (as defined in the Articles Supplementary designating the Series A Preferred Stock, or the Articles Supplementary), the Company may, at its option, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' written notice, redeem the Series A Preferred Stock, in whole or in part, within 120 days on or after the first date on which such Change of Control occurred, for cash at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus any accumulated and unpaid dividends thereon to, but excluding, the redemption date, without interest.

Holders of Series A Preferred Stock do not have any voting rights except in limited circumstances as set forth in the Articles Supplementary.

*Issuance of Sub-REIT Preferred Stock*

In January 2021, a subsidiary of the Company issued 625 shares of preferred stock of which 500 shares were retained by the Company and 125 shares were sold to third-party investors for proceeds of \$0.1 million. The 500 shares of preferred stock retained by the Company are eliminated in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of changes in equity and the 125 shares sold to third-party investors are shown in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of changes in equity as non-controlling interests.



## GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

**Note 11. Stockholders' Equity****Common Stock***Distributions to Stockholders*

The following table presents cash dividends declared by the Company's board of directors on its common stock during the three and six months ended:

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Cash Dividend Per Share
<b>2025</b>			
June 17, 2025	July 1, 2025	July 15, 2025	\$ 0.05
March 13, 2025	April 1, 2025	April 15, 2025	\$ 0.05
			<u>\$ 0.10</u>
<b>2024</b>			
June 18, 2024	July 1, 2024	July 15, 2024	\$ 0.05
March 14, 2024	April 1, 2024	April 15, 2024	\$ 0.15
			<u>\$ 0.20</u>

*Share Repurchases*

On September 20, 2024, the Company announced that its board of directors had amended its share repurchase program to authorize the repurchase of an additional 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, for a total cumulative share repurchase authorization of 12,000,000 shares of common stock, inclusive of amounts previously authorized. The Company's share repurchase program has no expiration date. The shares are expected to be repurchased from time to time through privately negotiated transactions or open market transactions, including pursuant to a trading plan in accordance with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act, or by any combination of such methods. The manner, price, number and timing of share repurchases will be subject to a variety of factors, including market conditions and applicable SEC rules. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, under its share repurchase program, the Company repurchased 1,250,000 and 2,128,784 shares of its common stock, respectively, for an aggregate cost, inclusive of commissions paid, of \$3.1 million and \$5.7 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2025, there remained 2,636,461 shares authorized for repurchase under the Company's share repurchase program.

**Preferred Stock***Distributions to Stockholders*

The following table presents cash dividends declared by the Company's board of directors on its Series A Preferred Stock during the three and six months ended:

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Cash Dividend Per Share
<b>2025</b>			
June 17, 2025	July 1, 2025	July 15, 2025	0.4375
March 13, 2025	April 1, 2025	April 15, 2025	0.4375
			<u>\$ 0.8750</u>
<b>2024</b>			
June 18, 2024	July 1, 2024	July 15, 2024	0.4375
March 14, 2024	April 1, 2024	April 15, 2024	0.4375
			<u>\$ 0.8750</u>

**Note 12. Equity Incentive Plans**

On June 2, 2022, the Company's stockholders approved the adoption of the Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan, or the 2022 Plan. With the adoption of the 2022 Plan, no new equity awards may be granted under the Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. 2017 Equity Incentive Plan, or the 2017 Plan, but previously granted restricted stock units, or RSUs, remain outstanding under the 2017 Plan.

# GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On June 5, 2025, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the 2022 Plan, resulting in the Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. Amended and Restated 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan, or the A&R 2022 Plan. The amendment increased the number of shares of common stock that had been available for issuance under the 2022 Plan by 10,000,000. The A&R 2022 Plan permits the granting of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, RSUs, and performance share units, or PSUs, dividend equivalent rights, other stock-based awards and other cash-based awards to employees, certain consultants of the Company and members of the board of directors. As of June 30, 2025, the Company had 15,018,060 shares of common stock available for future issuance under the A&R 2022 Plan, including shares subject to outstanding equity awards.

The following table summarizes the grants, vesting and forfeitures of RSUs and PSUs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025:

	RSUs	Target Number of PSUs <sup>(1)</sup>	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Market Value
<b>Outstanding at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>3,623,753</b>	<b>1,547,119</b>	<b>\$ 5.23</b>
Granted	977,576	651,135	\$ 2.85
Vested	(846,354)	—	\$ 5.95
Forfeited	—	(271,576)	\$ 11.84
<b>Outstanding at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>3,754,975</b>	<b>1,926,678</b>	<b>\$ 4.12</b>
Granted	767,745	335,703	\$ 2.54
Vested	(262,701)	—	\$ 3.15
Forfeited	(101,210)	—	\$ 3.60
<b>Outstanding at June 30, 2025</b>	<b>4,158,809</b>	<b>2,262,381</b>	<b>\$ 3.90</b>

Below is a summary of RSU and PSU vesting dates as of June 30, 2025:

Vesting Year	RSUs	Target Number of PSUs <sup>(1)</sup>	Total Awards
2025	334,887	—	334,887
2026	1,409,092	637,993	2,047,085
2027	1,948,328	637,550	2,585,878
2028	466,502	986,838	1,453,340
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,158,809</b>	<b>2,262,381</b>	<b>6,421,190</b>

(1) The PSUs' vesting date is based on the performance criteria determination date and not the performance criteria service end date. The determination date will occur in the first quarter of the following year after the performance criteria service date has passed. The table above reflects the year of the determination date.

The Company's RSUs are subject to time-based vesting schedules. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized \$1.7 million and \$4.3 million of compensation expense associated with these awards, respectively, compared to \$1.8 million and \$3.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, within compensation and benefits expense on the condensed consolidated statements of income. As of June 30, 2025, \$7.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost for awards of RSUs is expected to be recognized over the grants' remaining weighted average vesting period of 1.9 years.

The number of PSUs that vest depends on the Company's performance over a three-year period with respect to metrics set in the applicable award agreements. Between 0% and 200% of the target number of units outstanding as of June 30, 2025, may vest at the end of their respective performance periods based (i) 25% against the predetermined internal Company performance goal "run-rate" ROAE, (ii) 25% against the Company's performance ranking for "run-rate" ROAE among a peer group of commercial mortgage REIT companies, (iii) 25% against the predetermined internal Company performance goal for change in book value per share, and (iv) 25% against the Company's performance ranking for change in book value per share among a peer group of commercial mortgage REIT companies. The commercial mortgage REIT peer group used to measure relative "core" ROAE, "run-rate" ROAE and change in book value per share includes publicly traded commercial mortgage REITs, which the Company believes derive the majority of their revenues from commercial real estate balance sheet lending activities and meet certain market capitalization criteria.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million of compensation expense associated with the PSUs, respectively, compared to \$(0.3) million and \$0.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, within compensation and benefits expenses on the condensed consolidated statements of income. As of June 30, 2025, \$3.8 million of total unrecognized compensation cost for awards of PSUs is expected to be recognized

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.**
**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

over the grants' remaining weighted average vesting period of 2.1 years.

**Note 13. Income Taxes**

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As long as the Company qualifies as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes on that portion of its income that it distributes to its stockholders if it annually distributes at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains, and does not engage in prohibited transactions. The Company intends to distribute 100% of its REIT taxable income and to continue to comply with all requirements to qualify as a REIT. The majority of states also recognize the Company's REIT status. The Company's TRS files a separate federal tax return and is fully taxed as a standalone U.S. C-corporation. It is assumed that the Company will retain its REIT status and will incur no REIT-level taxation as it intends to comply with the REIT regulations and annual distribution requirements.

Based on the Company's evaluation, it has been concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements of a contingent tax liability for uncertain tax positions. Additionally, there were no amounts accrued for penalties or interest as of, or during, the periods presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Note 14. Earnings (Loss) Per Share**

The following table presents a reconciliation of the earnings and shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
(in thousands, except share data)				
Numerator:				
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$ (16,964)	\$ (66,668)	\$ (27,579)	\$ (144,391)
Dividends allocated to participating restricted stock units	\$ (208)	\$ (200)	(396)	(588)
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders - basic and diluted	<u>\$ (17,172)</u>	<u>\$ (66,868)</u>	<u>\$ (27,975)</u>	<u>\$ (144,979)</u>
Denominator:				
Average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	<u>48,030,130</u>	<u>50,939,476</u>	<u>48,347,634</u>	<u>50,842,004</u>
(Loss) earnings per share:				
Basic	<u>\$ (0.35)</u>	<u>\$ (1.31)</u>	<u>\$ (0.57)</u>	<u>\$ (2.84)</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ (0.35)</u>	<u>\$ (1.31)</u>	<u>\$ (0.57)</u>	<u>\$ (2.84)</u>

Diluted earnings per share is calculated under both the two-class method and treasury stock method, and the more dilutive amount is reported. The computation of diluted earnings per share is also based on the incremental shares that would be outstanding assuming the settlement of RSUs. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, 345,682 and 699,551 of weighted-average unvested RSUs, respectively, were excluded from the dilutive earnings per share denominator, as their inclusion would be antidilutive, compared to 104,501 and 649,314 of weighted-average unvested RSUs, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated under both the two-class method and treasury stock method, and the more dilutive amount is reported. The computation of diluted earnings per share is also based on the incremental shares that would be outstanding assuming the settlement of PSUs. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, under both the two-class method and treasury stock method no additional weighted-average unvested PSUs were included in the dilutive earnings per share denominator, as their inclusion would be antidilutive. As of June 30, 2025, and 2024, there were no incremental shares of unvested PSUs.

**Note 15. Segment Reporting**

The Company generally derives its revenues from directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments, which largely includes interest income, net of premium amortization and discount accretion, from its investment portfolio of mortgage loans held-for-investment. The Company's investment portfolio is subject to market risks, primarily credit risk and changes in interest rates. The Company mitigates these risks by seeking to originate or acquire assets of higher quality at appropriate rates of return given anticipated and unanticipated losses, by employing a comprehensive review and selection process and by proactively monitoring its investment portfolio.

**GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.****Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Company's investment portfolio is managed as a whole and resources are allocated and financial performance is assessed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, its chief operating decision maker, or the CODM, based on total assets reported on the consolidated balance sheet and net (loss) income reported on the consolidated statement of comprehensive (loss) income. The Company's CODM views consolidated expense information related to interest expense, provision for credit losses, compensation and benefits expense, servicing expenses and other operating expenses to be significant. Consolidated comprehensive (loss) income is also used by the CODM to monitor actual results and benchmarking to that of its peers. Investment decisions are assessed collectively by the CODM, based on the inputs discussed above. Accordingly, the Company consists of a single operating and reportable segment and the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto are presented as a single reportable segment.

**Note 16. Subsequent Events**

Events subsequent to June 30, 2025, were evaluated through the date these condensed consolidated financial statements were issued and no other additional events were identified requiring further disclosure in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

### **Our Company**

Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. is an internally-managed real estate finance company that focuses primarily on directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol "GPMT". Our investment objective is to preserve our stockholders' capital while generating attractive risk-adjusted returns over the long term, primarily through dividends derived from current income produced by our investment portfolio. We operate as a REIT, as defined under the Code. We also operate our business in a manner intended to maintain our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act. We operate our business as one segment.

### **Recent Developments**

#### ***Macroeconomic Environment***

The past several quarters were characterized by continued volatility in the global securities markets. Volatility was driven by investor concerns over tariffs, inflation, elevated interest rates, escalating trade tensions, slowing economic growth, political and regulatory uncertainty and geopolitical conditions. During the year, financial institutions were affected by certain events which also contributed to global markets volatility, diminished liquidity and credit availability.

Interest rates remained at an elevated level. The timing, direction and extent of any future interest rate changes remained uncertain. Absent other factors, our business model is such that higher interest rates should generally correlate to higher net interest income. However, interest rates have remained elevated for an extended period of time, adversely affecting our existing borrowers and the cost of financing their properties. Continued higher interest rates may further impact our borrowers and lead to non-performance, as well as dampen consumer spending and slow corporate profit growth, which may negatively impact the collateral underlying certain of our loans. Higher interest rates have adversely impacted, and may continue to adversely impact, commercial real estate property values. It remains difficult to predict the full impact of recent events, interest rate fluctuation, and inflation on macroeconomic conditions and our business.

On April 2, 2025, the U.S. presidential administration initiated significant changes to U.S. tariff policy, with the specific policies changing multiple times since that date. The initial announcement and subsequent related announcements had and continue to have global repercussions, causing capital market uncertainty worldwide. The impact from these changes to U.S. trade policy on commercial real estate remains uncertain, and it is challenging to predict the impact on our business. Tariffs could have an inflationary effect, slow economic growth, result in rising interest rates, and increase unemployment, all of which could decrease demand for space, and the attractiveness of commercial real estate to investors.

#### ***Office Property Market***

The office property market has experienced higher vacancies, slower leasing activity, and tenant reevaluation of space needs, largely due to remote and hybrid work arrangements. These factors coupled with tariffs, inflation, elevated interest rates and limited market liquidity have created a high level of uncertainty with respect to property values. These dynamics have stressed certain borrowers' ability and willingness to support their properties and perform in accordance with their loan terms. Given this uncertainty, it remains difficult to predict the effect these challenging conditions may have on the office property market, our borrowers, their performance under the terms of our loans secured by office properties and our financial results.

## Second Quarter 2025 Activity

### Operating Results:

- Recognized GAAP net (loss) attributable to common stockholders of \$(17.0) million, or \$(0.35) per basic share.
- Generated Distributable (Loss) to common stockholders of \$(45.3) million, or \$(0.94) per basic share, which includes \$(36.1) million in write-offs and \$(7.6) million of accumulated depreciation and amortization related to a REO sale, and excludes \$(11.0) million in provision for credit losses, \$(2.2) million of equity compensation expense and \$(2.1) million of depreciation and amortization on REO.
- Generated Distributable (Loss) before realized gains and losses to common stockholders of \$(2.0) million, or \$(0.04) per basic share.
- Recorded a decrease to the allowance for credit losses of \$(25.1) million, for a total allowance of credit losses of \$155.1 million, or approximately 8.1% of total loan commitments of \$1.9 billion at June 30, 2025.
- Book value per share of common stock at June 30, 2025, was \$7.99, inclusive of \$(3.27) per basic common share of total CECL reserve.
- Declared common stock dividends of \$2.6 million, or \$0.05 per share of common stock, and preferred dividends of \$3.6 million, or \$0.43750 per share of Series A Preferred Stock.

### Investment Portfolio Activity:

- Realized \$(128.6) million of total unpaid principal balance in loan repayments, principal paydowns, principal amortization, resolutions and write-offs.
- Funded \$13.3 million of prior loan commitments and upsizes.
- Resolved a senior loan secured by a mixed-use office and retail property located in Baton Rouge, LA, with a \$79.3 million unpaid principal balance via property sale.
- Modified a senior loan secured by a hotel property located in Minneapolis, MN, restructuring the loan into an accruing \$37.0 million senior note and a subordinate note that was immediately charged off.
- Sold one office property located in Phoenix, AZ, for a net sales price of \$16.7 million, which resulted in a gain on sale of \$0.3 million, or \$0.01 per basic share.
- Ended the quarter with a portfolio of 47 loan investments with an aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$1.8 billion and total commitments of \$1.9 billion, a weighted average stabilized LTV at origination of 64.7%, and a weighted average all-in yield at origination of S+3.95%.

### Corporate Financing Activity:

- Repurchased 1,250,000 shares of common stock at a weighted average purchase price of \$2.48 for an aggregate purchase amount of \$3.1 million.
- Extended the Citibank financing facility to April 27, 2026, and adjusted the facility's maximum capacity to \$250.0 million.
- Extended the JPMorgan financing facility to July 28, 2026.
- Extended the Morgan Stanley financing facility to June 28, 2026.

### Liquidity:

- At June 30, 2025, carried unrestricted cash of \$85.1 million, a portion of which is subject to certain liquidity covenants.

## Key Financial Measures and Indicators

As a commercial real estate finance company, we believe the key financial measures and indicators for our business are earnings per share presented on a GAAP basis, dividends declared on common stock, Distributable Earnings and book value per share of common stock. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, we recorded a GAAP net (loss) per basic common share of \$(0.35), declared a cash dividend of \$0.05 per share of common stock and reported Distributable (Loss) of \$(0.94) per basic common share. Our book value as of June 30, 2025, was \$7.99 per share of common stock, inclusive of \$(3.27) per share of total CECL reserves.

As further described below, Distributable Earnings is a "non-GAAP financial measure". We use Distributable Earnings to evaluate our performance, excluding the effects of certain transactions and GAAP adjustments that we believe are not necessarily indicative of our current loan portfolio and operations. In addition, Distributable Earnings is a performance metric we consider, along with other measures, when declaring our common stock dividends.

**(Loss) Earnings Per Share and Dividends Declared Per Common Share**

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share and dividends declared per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
(in thousands, except share data)				
Net (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ (16,964)	\$ (66,668)	\$ (27,579)	\$ (144,391)
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	48,030,130	50,939,476	48,347,634	50,842,004
Basic (loss) per weighted average common share	\$ (0.35)	\$ (1.31)	\$ (0.57)	\$ (2.84)
Diluted (loss) per weighted average common share	\$ (0.35)	\$ (1.31)	\$ (0.57)	\$ (2.84)
Dividend declared per common share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.20

**Distributable Earnings (Loss)**

In order to maintain our status as a REIT, we are required to distribute at least 90% of our taxable income to stockholders, subject to certain distribution requirements. Distributable Earnings (Loss) is intended to over time serve as a general, though imperfect, proxy for our taxable income. As such, Distributable Earnings (Loss) is considered a key indicator of our ability to generate sufficient income to pay dividends on our common stock, which is the primary focus of income-oriented investors who comprise a meaningful segment of our stockholder base. We believe providing Distributable Earnings (Loss) on a supplemental basis to our net income (loss) and cash flow from operating activities, as determined in accordance with GAAP, is helpful to stockholders in assessing the overall operating performance of our business.

For reporting purposes, we define Distributable Earnings (Loss) as net income (loss) attributable to our stockholders, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding: (i) non-cash equity compensation expenses; (ii) depreciation and amortization; (iii) any unrealized gains (losses) or other similar non-cash items that are included in net income (loss) for the applicable reporting period (regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or in net income (loss) for such period); and (iv) certain non-cash items and one-time expenses. Distributable Earnings (Loss) may also be adjusted from time to time for reporting purposes to exclude one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain other material non-cash income or expense items approved by a majority of our independent directors. The exclusion of depreciation and amortization from the calculation of Distributable Earnings (Loss) only applies to debt investments related to real estate to the extent we foreclose upon the property or properties underlying such debt investments.

While Distributable Earnings (Loss) excludes the impact of the unrealized non-cash current provision for credit losses, we expect to only recognize such potential credit losses in Distributable Earnings (Loss) if and when such amounts are deemed non-recoverable. This is generally at the time a loan is repaid, or in the case of foreclosure, when the underlying asset is sold, but non-recoverability may also be concluded if, in our determination, it is nearly certain that all amounts due will not be collected. The realized loss amount reflected in Distributable Earnings (Loss) will equal the difference between the cash received, or expected to be received, and the carrying value of the asset, and is reflective of our economic experience as it relates to the ultimate realization of the loan. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, we recorded a provision for credit losses of \$11.0 million and \$14.8 million, respectively, which has been excluded from Distributable Earnings (Loss), consistent with other unrealized gains (losses) and other non-cash items pursuant to our existing policy for reporting Distributable Earnings (Loss) referenced above. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, we recorded \$(2.1) million and \$(3.5) million, respectively, in depreciation and amortization on REO and related intangibles, which has been excluded from Distributable Earnings (Loss) consistent with other unrealized gains (losses) and other non-cash items pursuant to our existing policy for reporting Distributable Earnings (Loss) referenced above.

Distributable Earnings (Loss) does not represent GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders or cash flow from operating activities and should not be considered as an alternative to GAAP net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders, or an indication of our GAAP cash flows from operations, a measure of our liquidity, or an indication of funds available for our cash needs. In addition, our methodology for calculating Distributable Earnings (Loss) may differ from the methodologies employed by other companies to calculate the same or similar supplemental performance measures, and, accordingly, our reported Distributable Earnings (Loss) may not be comparable to the Distributable Earnings (Loss) reported by other companies.

We believe it is useful to our stockholders to present Distributable Earnings (Loss) Before Realized Gains and Losses, a non-GAAP measure, to reflect our run-rate operating results as (i) our operating results are mainly comprised of net interest income earned on our loan investments net of our operating expenses, which comprise our ongoing operations, (ii) it helps our stockholders in assessing the overall run-rate operating performance of our business, and (iii) it has been a useful reference related to our common dividend as it is one of the factors we and our Board of Directors consider when declaring the dividend. We believe that our stockholders use Distributable Earnings (Loss) and Distributable Earnings (Loss) Before Realized Gains

and Losses, or a comparable supplemental performance measure, to evaluate and compare the performance of our company and our peers.

The following table provides a reconciliation of GAAP net (loss) attributable to common stockholders to Distributable Earnings (Loss) Before Realized Gains and Losses and Distributable Earnings (Loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
(in thousands, except share data)				
Reconciliation of GAAP net (loss) income to Distributable Earnings (Loss):				
GAAP net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$ (16,964)	\$ (66,668)	\$ (27,579)	\$ (144,391)
Adjustments:				
Provision for credit losses	10,984	60,756	14,754	136,308
Depreciation and amortization on real estate owned	2,089	1,174	3,486	2,476
Loss (gain) on sale of real estate owned	(301)	—	(301)	—
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt	—	786	—	786
Non-cash equity compensation	2,228	1,459	4,638	3,630
<b>Distributable Earnings (Loss) Before Realized Gains and Losses</b>	<b>\$ (1,964)</b>	<b>\$ (2,493)</b>	<b>\$ (5,002)</b>	<b>\$ (1,191)</b>
Realized losses on write-offs, loan sales and REO conversions	(36,074)	(6,566)	(60,712)	(6,566)
Realized gain on REO sale	301	—	301	—
Accumulated depreciation and amortization on REO sale	(7,569)	—	(7,569)	—
<b>Distributable Earnings (Loss)</b>	<b>\$ (45,306)</b>	<b>\$ (9,059)</b>	<b>\$ (72,982)</b>	<b>\$ (7,757)</b>
Distributable Earnings (Loss) per basic share of common stock	\$ (0.94)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (1.51)	\$ (0.15)
Distributable Earnings (Loss) per diluted share of common stock	\$ (0.94)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (1.51)	\$ (0.15)
Distributable Earnings (Loss) Before Realized Gains and Losses per basic share of common stock	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.02)
Distributable Earnings (Loss) Before Realized Gains and Losses per diluted share of common stock	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.02)
Basic weighted average common shares	48,030,130	50,939,476	48,347,634	50,842,004
Diluted weighted average common shares	48,030,130	50,939,476	48,347,634	50,842,004

#### Book Value Per Common Share

The following table provides the calculation of our book value per share of common stock as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
(in thousands, except share data)		
<b>Total Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$ 584,204</b>	<b>\$ 619,092</b>
Series A cumulative redeemable preferred stock liquidation preference	(205,738)	(205,738)
<b>Common stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 378,466</b>	<b>\$ 413,354</b>
Shares:		
Common shares outstanding	47,394,519	48,801,690
<b>Book value per share of common stock</b>	<b>\$ 7.99</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>

Book value per share as of June 30, 2025, includes the impact of an estimated allowance for credit losses of \$155.1 million, or \$(3.27) per common share. See Note 3 – *Loans Held-for-Investment, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses* to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a detailed discussion of allowance for credit losses.

#### Loan Portfolio Overview

Our business model is mainly focused on directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. As a result of this strategy, our operating performance is subject to overall market demand for commercial real estate loan products and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. We place emphasis on diversifying our investment portfolio across geographical regions



and local markets, property types, borrowers and loan structures. We do not limit our loan originations by geographical area or property type so that we may develop a well-diversified investment portfolio.

Interest-earning assets include our 100% loan investment portfolio. At June 30, 2025, our loan portfolio was comprised of 47 investments, of which 46 were senior first mortgage loans totaling \$1.9 billion of commitments with an unpaid principal balance of \$1.8 billion, and one subordinate loan totaling \$13.1 million in commitments and unpaid principal balance. At June 30, 2025, the weighted average risk rating of our loan portfolio was 2.8 as compared to 3.1 at December 31, 2024, weighted by total unpaid principal balance.

We may hold REO as a result of taking title to a loan's collateral. As of June 30, 2025, we owned two office properties with an aggregate carrying value of \$107.0 million, inclusive of \$11.0 million of intangible assets included in other assets and \$(0.2) million of unfavorable lease liabilities in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we funded \$13.5 million under existing loan commitments and loan upsizes. We realized \$(115.1) million in aggregate reductions in portfolio unpaid principal balance from loan repayments, paydowns, amortization and resolutions. See Note 3 — *Loans Held-for-Investment, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses* to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further detail.

The following table details our loan activity by unpaid principal balance for the three months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Other loan fundings	\$ 13,301	\$ 17,454
Deferred interest capitalized	218	413
Transfers to real estate owned	—	(35,714)
Transfers in from loan related receivables <sup>(1)</sup>	567	—
Loan repayments	(93,065)	(61,405)
Loan write-offs	(36,074)	(6,566)
Total loan activity, net	<u>\$ (115,053)</u>	<u>\$ (85,818)</u>

(1) Transfers in from loan related receivables of \$0.6 million included in loan write-offs during the three months ended June 30, 2025.

The following table details overall statistics for our loan portfolio as of June 30, 2025:

(dollars in thousands)	Loan Portfolio Summary	
Number of loans		47
Total loan commitments	\$	1,908,169
Unpaid principal balance	\$	1,829,907
Unfunded loan commitments	\$	78,262
Carrying value	\$	1,671,311
Weighted-average cash coupon <sup>(1)</sup>		S+3.64%
Weighted-average all-in yield <sup>(2)</sup>		S+3.95%
Stabilized LTV <sup>(3)</sup>		64.7%

(1) Cash coupon does not include origination or exit fees. Weighted average cash coupon excludes fixed rate loans and impact of loans placed on nonaccrual status.

(2) Yield includes net origination fees and exit fees, but does not include future fundings, and is expressed as a monthly equivalent. Weighted average yield excludes fixed rate loans and impact of loans on nonaccrual status.

(3) Stabilized loan-to-value ratio at origination, or stabilized LTV, is calculated as the fully funded loan amount (plus any financing that is *pari passu* with or senior to such loan), including all contractually provided for future fundings, divided by the as stabilized value (as determined in conformance with USPAP) set forth in the original appraisal. As stabilized value may be based on certain assumptions, such as future construction completion, projected re-tenanting, payment of tenant improvement or leasing commissions allowances or free or abated rent periods, or increased tenant occupancies.

The following table provides detail of our loan portfolio as of June 30, 2025:

(dollars in millions)

Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Origination/ Acquisition Date	Maximum Loan Commitment	Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Cash Coupon <sup>(2)</sup>	All-in Yield at Origination <sup>(3)</sup>	Original Term (Years) <sup>(4)</sup>	State	Property Type	Initial LTV <sup>(5)</sup>	Stabilized LTV <sup>(6)</sup>
<b>Loans Held-For-Investment</b>											
Senior	12/19	\$110.2	\$108.3	\$108.1	S+2.80%	S+3.23%	3.0	IL	Multifamily	76.5%	73.0%
Senior	10/19	95.1	87.7	87.7	S+2.60%	S+3.05%	3.0	TN	Office	70.2%	74.2%
Senior <sup>(7)</sup>	08/19	93.1	93.1	93.2	S+2.80%	S+3.26%	3.0	MN	Office	73.1%	71.2%
Senior <sup>(7)</sup>	07/19	79.7	79.7	79.5	S+3.74%	S+4.32%	3.0	IL	Office	70.0%	64.4%
Senior	06/19	78.7	78.4	78.2	S+3.29%	S+3.05%	3.0	TX	Mixed-Use	71.7%	72.2%
Senior	12/18	78.1	67.7	67.7	S+3.90%	S+3.44%	3.0	TX	Office	68.5%	66.7%
Senior	10/22	77.3	77.3	77.1	S+4.50%	S+4.61%	2.0	CA	Retail	47.7%	36.6%
Senior	12/19	70.9	70.0	70.0	S+3.50%	S+3.28%	3.0	NY	Office	68.8%	59.3%
Senior <sup>(10)</sup>	12/23	61.8	58.4	58.4	S+5.50%	S+5.65%	2.0	CA	Office	80.0%	79.2%
Senior	06/21	52.9	47.7	47.7	S+4.38%	S+4.75%	3.0	GA	Office	68.0%	69.4%
Senior	07/22	51.5	50.5	50.2	S+2.78%	S+4.25%	3.0	GA	Multifamily	74.5%	68.2%
Senior <sup>(7)</sup>	08/17	50.0	50.0	49.8	S+4.35%	S+4.40%	3.0	KY	Multifamily	79.8%	73.1%
Senior	04/22	48.7	46.9	46.4	S+3.41%	S+3.78%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	74.4%	64.0%
Senior	03/22	46.9	46.9	46.7	S+3.25%	S+3.64%	3.0	MA	Industrial	67.3%	60.8%
Senior	07/21	46.4	46.3	46.2	S+3.72%	S+4.19%	3.0	CT	Office	68.3%	63.5%
Senior	08/21	45.8	45.4	45.3	S+3.21%	S+3.53%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	77.8%	75.2%
Senior	09/21	44.3	42.9	42.8	S+3.36%	S+3.72%	3.0	CA	Office	62.4%	66.1%
Senior	11/24	44.0	44.0	43.7	S+3.75%	S+3.87%	3.0	NY	Mixed-Use	100.0%	55.8%
Senior	02/22	42.4	42.4	42.3	S+3.05%	S+3.40%	3.0	NJ	Industrial	75.0%	59.5%
Senior <sup>(9)</sup>	11/21	39.0	32.0	30.6	5.75%	3.82%	3.0	PA	Mixed-Use	62.0%	63.5%
Senior	07/16	38.9	38.1	38.1	S+5.05%	S+4.99%	4.0	VA	Office	62.8%	61.5%
Senior	09/21	37.1	37.1	37.2	S+5.00%	S+5.12%	3.0	MN	Hotel	68.4%	57.8%
Senior <sup>(8)</sup>	04/22	36.3	34.8	33.7	S+3.00%	S+4.87%	3.0	NY	Other	66.7%	61.8%
Senior	03/20	34.9	24.4	24.1	S+5.04%	S+4.66%	3.0	GA	Office	63.2%	64.6%
Senior	08/19	33.2	31.6	31.5	S+2.96%	S+3.38%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	79.3%	72.5%
Senior	11/21	33.1	32.9	33.0	S+3.13%	S+3.52%	3.0	AL	Multifamily	77.9%	68.1%
Senior	11/19	32.9	32.7	32.6	S+3.73%	S+3.14%	3.0	NC	Multifamily	80.0%	72.8%
Senior	03/19	29.9	29.0	28.9	S+2.97%	S+3.42%	3.0	NY	Office	53.8%	48.5%
Senior	04/22	29.1	27.6	27.5	S+3.22%	S+3.55%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	73.3%	63.9%
Senior	03/22	27.2	26.7	26.6	S+4.14%	S+4.89%	3.0	NC	Office	47.4%	53.5%
Senior	01/18	26.4	26.0	25.9	S+5.18%	S+5.58%	3.0	AZ	Hotel	65.8%	61.3%
Senior	10/21	25.7	25.7	25.6	S+3.20%	S+3.43%	4.0	GA	Industrial	67.5%	64.5%
Senior	12/21	24.7	17.1	17.0	S+3.36%	S+3.59%	3.0	CA	Office	72.9%	68.3%
Senior	09/21	24.4	23.6	23.5	S+3.23%	S+3.61%	3.0	CA	Multifamily	71.9%	57.8%
Senior <sup>(11)</sup>	05/21	23.3	20.4	20.4	S+3.55%	S+4.09%	3.0	LA	Multifamily	68.0%	69.6%
Senior	02/20	21.9	21.9	21.8	S+4.00%	S+3.75%	3.0	TN	Hotel	69.1%	54.2%
Senior	06/19	21.5	21.5	21.4	S+4.55%	S+5.05%	3.0	NY	Other	39.6%	39.6%
Senior	06/19	21.0	20.4	20.4	S+3.25%	S+4.24%	3.0	GA	Mixed-Use	60.6%	67.4%
Senior	05/21	19.3	19.3	19.1	S+4.05%	S+4.41%	3.0	FL	Multifamily	69.8%	62.8%
Senior	06/21	16.7	14.2	14.2	S+3.41%	S+3.82%	4.0	IN	Multifamily	67.0%	66.4%
Senior	10/18	15.6	15.6	15.6	S+5.71%	S+5.16%	3.0	CT	Hotel	75.4%	66.9%
Senior	07/19	15.6	13.5	13.4	S+3.07%	S+3.60%	3.0	OH	Office	63.1%	66.1%
Senior	08/17	15.4	15.4	15.3	S+5.25%	S+5.49%	3.0	PA	Office	66.7%	67.3%
Senior	08/21	14.5	14.1	14.1	S+3.70%	S+3.88%	3.0	CO	Office	72.0%	63.7%
Mezzanine	01/17	13.1	13.1	13.1	8.00%	8.11%	10.0	HI	Hotel	41.4%	36.2%
Senior	06/19	11.4	10.8	10.9	S+2.75%	S+4.69%	3.0	NY	Office	40.7%	60.0%
Senior	01/18	8.3	6.8	6.8	S+5.25%	S+5.50%	3.0	PA	Office	66.8%	67.3%
Allowance for credit losses				\$(152.0)							
<b>Total/Weighted Average Loans</b>		<b>\$1,908.2</b>	<b>\$1,829.9</b>	<b>\$1,671.3</b>	<b>S+3.64%</b>	<b>S+3.95%</b>	<b>3.0</b>			<b>69.6%</b>	<b>64.7%</b>

(1) "Senior" means a loan primarily secured by a first priority lien on commercial real property and related personal property and also includes, when applicable, any companion subordinate loans.

(2) Cash coupon does not include origination or exit fees. Weighted average cash coupon excludes fixed rate loans and impact of loans placed on nonaccrual status.

(3) Yield includes net origination fees and exit fees, but does not include future fundings, and is expressed as a monthly equivalent. Weighted average yield excludes fixed rate loans and impact of loans placed on nonaccrual status.

(4) Original term (years) is the initial maturity date at origination and does not include any extension options and has not been updated to reflect any subsequent extensions or modifications, if applicable.

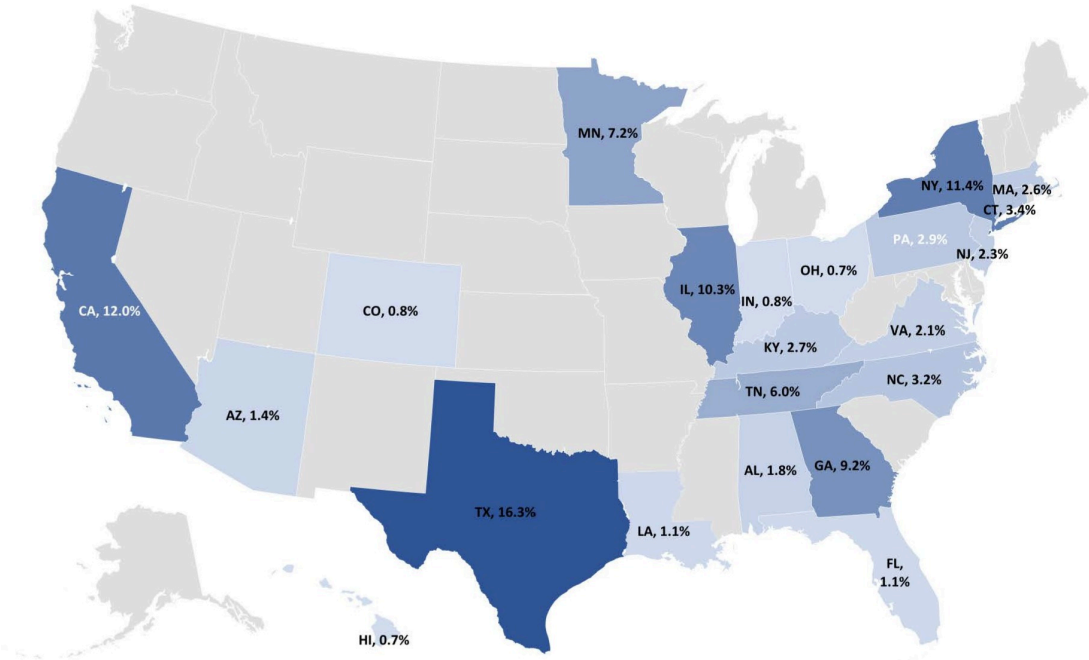
(5) Initial loan-to-value ratio, or initial LTV at origination, is calculated as the initial loan amount (plus any financing that is *pari passu* with or senior to such loan) divided by the as is appraised value (as determined in conformance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, or USPAP) as of the date of the loan was originated set forth in the original appraisal.

(6) Stabilized LTV is calculated as the fully funded loan amount (plus any financing that is *pari passu* with or senior to such loan), including all contractually provided for future fundings,

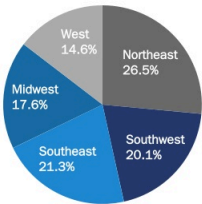
- divided by the as stabilized value (as determined in conformance with USPAP) set forth in the original appraisal. As stabilized value may be based on certain assumptions, such as future construction completion, projected re-tenanting, payment of tenant improvement or leasing commissions allowances or free or abated rent periods, or increased tenant occupancies.
- (7) Loan was held on nonaccrual status as of June 30, 2025.
  - (8) Completed a modification with an effective date of July 12, 2024, that included an adjustment in rate to a fixed rate coupon rate of 5.75%, adjusted from a floating rate coupon of S+3.40%.
  - (9) Appraisal value was equal to the unpaid principal balance at the time of the loan assumption in November 2024, resulting in an initial LTV of 100%.
  - (10) Includes a \$1.7 million unsecured note advanced to an existing borrower.
  - (11) As of June 30, 2025, the loan was in maturity default with a maturity date of June 9, 2025.

Most of our loans are structured with an initial maturity term, typically three years, and one or more (typically two) one-year extension options, which can be exercised by the borrower subject to meeting various extension conditions in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement. As part of our overall asset management strategy, we have in the past entered into, and may in the future enter into, loan modifications with some of our borrowers. These amendments may include, among other things, modifying or waiving certain performance or extension conditions as part of the overall agreement.

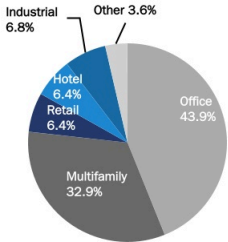
The map and charts below, weighted by carrying value, illustrate the geographic distribution and types of properties securing our loan portfolio as of June 30, 2025:



**LOAN PORTFOLIO BY GEOGRAPHY**



**LOAN PORTFOLIO BY PROPERTY TYPE**



**Portfolio Management and Credit Quality**

We actively manage each loan investment from closing and initial funding through final repayment and assess the risk of credit deterioration by quarterly evaluating the performance of the underlying collateral properties. We also evaluate the macroeconomic environment, prevailing real estate fundamentals and local property market dynamics. Typically, our loan documents allow us, among other things, to receive regular property, borrower and guarantor financial statements; approve

annual budgets and major tenant leases; and enforce loan covenants and remedies. In addition, we work with a leading commercial real estate loan servicer, which provides us with a fully-dedicated and experienced team to increase efficiency and leverage our internal resources in servicing and asset managing our loan investments. Our internal team retains authority on all asset management decisions.

We maintain strong relationships and an active asset management dialogue with our borrowers. We have leveraged those relationships along with our team's experience to maximize the performance of our portfolio, including during periods of real estate market and economic uncertainty and volatility. While we generally believe that the principal amount of our loans is sufficiently protected by the underlying collateral value, there is a risk that we will not realize the entire principal amount of certain of our loan investments.

In addition to ongoing asset management, we review our entire portfolio quarterly, assess the performance of each loan and assign it a risk rating on a scale between "1" and "5," from least risk to greatest risk, respectively. The risk ratings are based on many factors, which include, but are not limited to, property type, geographic and local market dynamics, physical condition, leasing and tenant profile, projected cash flow, collateral performance, loan structure and exit plan, origination LTV, project sponsorship and other factors deemed appropriate. We evaluate these factors with respect to each loan investment on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration such loan's facts and circumstances at the time. The risk factors may be given different weightings depending on the specifics of each loan. See Note 3 - *Loans Held-for-Investment, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses* to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion regarding the risk rating methodology we use for our portfolio.

The following table allocates the unpaid principal balance and the carrying value balances based on our internal risk ratings as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(dollars in thousands)						
Risk Rating	Number of Loans	June 30, 2025		Number of Loans	December 31, 2024	
		Unpaid Principal Balance	Carrying Value		Unpaid Principal Balance	Carrying Value
1	6	\$ 141,136	\$ 139,917	6	\$ 153,954	\$ 152,382
2	15	632,490	623,990	17	652,450	645,333
3	19	658,041	623,771	20	676,745	645,811
4	4	175,440	158,593	4	169,867	155,757
5	3	222,800	125,040	7	453,318	298,365
Total	47	\$ 1,829,907	\$ 1,671,311	54	\$ 2,106,334	\$ 1,897,648

As of June 30, 2025, the weighted average risk rating of our loan portfolio was 2.8, versus 3.1 as of December 31, 2024, weighted by unpaid principal balance. The change in the weighted average portfolio risk rating versus December 31, 2024, is mainly a result of resolutions of two previously risk-rated "5" loans.

#### ***Risk-Rated "5" Loans***

As of June 30, 2025, we had three loans that had a risk rating of "5" with an aggregate principal balance of \$222.8 million, for which we recorded an allowance for credit losses of \$97.5 million. These three loans were on nonaccrual status as of June 30, 2025. The performance of these assets, which include two office buildings and one multifamily property, has been adversely affected to varying degrees by many factors, such as slower pace in leasing activity for office properties, related to work from home trends and other submarket dynamics, combined with a significant rise in interest rates contributing to a meaningful reduction in real estate transaction activity, capital markets volatility and limited market liquidity affecting property values and these borrowers' ability to either sell or refinance their loans, and other property specific factors. These loans are considered collateral-dependent and have been placed on nonaccrual status as of June 30, 2025.

#### ***Other Portfolio Developments***

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we resolved a loan secured by a mixed-use office and retail property located in Baton Rouge, LA, via a property sale. The loan was on nonaccrual status with an unpaid principal balance of \$79.3 and a risk-rating of "5". As a result of the property sale, we recognized a write-off of \$(20.7) million, which had been reserved for through a previously recorded allowance for credit losses.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we determined that a real estate owned asset, an office located in Phoenix, AZ, met the held-for-sale criteria, and we reclassified the asset to real estate owned held-for-sale. On the reclassification date, the real estate owned asset held-for-investment had a carrying value of \$16.4 million, which was below the fair value less estimated transaction costs to sell. On June 23, 2025, the real estate owned asset was sold for a net sales price of \$16.7 million, which resulted in a \$0.3 million gain on sale and is included in other gain, net, on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

### Loan Modification Activity

Loan modifications and amendments are commonplace in the transitional lending business. We may amend or modify a loan depending on the loan's specific facts and circumstances. These loan modifications may include additional time for the borrower to refinance or sell the collateral property, adjustment or waiver of performance tests that are prerequisite to the extension of a loan's maturity date, and/or deferral of scheduled payments. In exchange for a modification, we often receive a partial repayment of principal, an accrual of deferral interest for a portion of interest due, a cash infusion to replenish interest or capital improvement reserves, termination of all or a portion of the remaining unfunded loan commitment, additional call protection, and/or an increase in the loan coupon or additional loan fees.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2025, we completed the modification of a senior loan secured by a hotel property located in Minneapolis, MN. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the loan had a principal balance of \$37.1 million and \$52.6 million, respectively, and an amortized cost of \$37.2 million and \$52.7 million, respectively. The terms of the modification included, among other things, (i) a 3-year extension of the fully-extended maturity date to May 9, 2028, with one 12-month option to extend to May 9, 2029; (ii) a restructuring of the loan into a \$37.0 million senior note and a subordinate note that was immediately charged off; and (iii) an accrued pay spread. As a result of the modification, we recognized a write-off of approximately \$(15.4) million, which had been reserved for through a previously recorded allowance for credit losses. The senior note was performing pursuant to its modified contractual terms as of June 30, 2025.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2025, we completed the modification of a first mortgage loan secured by a multifamily student housing property in Louisville, KY. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the loan had a principal balance of \$50.0 million and an amortized cost of \$49.8 million. The terms of the modification included, among other things, a 12-month extension of the fully-extended maturity date to November 9, 2025, the full deferral of debt service payments with interest capitalized and compounding, the deferral of the extension fee and our agreement to pay for approved expenses, in its sole discretion. Due to the uncertainty with respect to the collection of future interest accruals, the loan was placed on nonaccrual status as of November 9, 2023, in conjunction with a previous modification. The loan was performing pursuant to its modified contractual terms as of June 30, 2025.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2025, we completed the modification of a first mortgage loan secured by a mixed-use multifamily, event space and office property located in Pittsburgh, PA. As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the loan had a principal balance of \$32.0 million and an amortized cost of \$30.6 million and \$30.3 million, respectively. The terms of the modification included, among others, (i) a new \$2 million capital infusion from the sponsor to further support the collateral property; (ii) a restructuring of the \$51.0 million whole loan into a \$32.0 million senior note, with a \$7.0 million unfunded commitment, and a \$19.0 million subordinate note. The restructured senior loan earns a fixed rate coupon rate of 5.75%, adjusted from a floating rate coupon of S+3.40%, has an exit fee that was increased from 1.25% to 5.75% of the loan amount, and was extended to July 9, 2027. The subordinate note is non-interest bearing and is subject to a distribution waterfall and is subordinate to certain amounts of the sponsor's equity, as defined in the loan agreement. As of September 30, 2024, the subordinate note was deemed uncollectible, resulting in a write-off of \$(19.0) million. The loan was performing pursuant to its modified contractual terms as of June 30, 2025.

### Portfolio Financing

As of June 30, 2025, our portfolio financing consisted of repurchase and secured credit facilities collateralized by loans held-for-investment and securitized debt obligations collateralized by pools of loans held-for-investment issued in CRE CLOs. Our non-mark-to-market financing sources accounted for approximately 63.7% of portfolio loan-level financing as of June 30, 2025.

The following table details our portfolio loan-level financing as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
CRE CLOs	\$ 743,544	\$ 788,313
Secured credit facility	86,774	86,774
Total non-mark-to-market financing	830,318	875,087
Secured repurchase agreements (mark-to-market)	474,400	597,874
Total portfolio financing	\$ 1,304,718	\$ 1,472,961

The following table summarizes assets at carrying values that served as collateral for the future payment obligations of the repurchase facilities, the asset-specific financing facility, the term financing facility, the secured credit facility and the CRE CLOs as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 1,617,964	\$ 1,856,321
Real Estate Owned, net <sup>(1)</sup>	106,975	—
Restricted cash	—	8,018
Total	<u>\$ 1,724,939</u>	<u>\$ 1,864,339</u>

(1) As of June 30, 2025, real estate owned, net included \$8.3 million in other assets and liabilities related to acquired leases.

#### Secured Repurchase Agreements

As of June 30, 2025, we had repurchase facilities in place with three counterparties with aggregate outstanding borrowings of \$0.5 billion, which financed a portion of our loans held-for-investment and real estate owned. As of June 30, 2025, the weighted average borrowing rate on our repurchase facilities was 7.7%, the weighted average advance rate was 61.0%, and the term to maturity ranged from 0.8 years to approximately 1.0 year, with a weighted average remaining maturity of 0.8 years.

The table below details our secured repurchase facilities as of June 30, 2025:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2025				
	Maturity Date <sup>(1)</sup>	Committed	Amount Outstanding	Unused Capacity <sup>(2)</sup>	Total Capacity
Repurchase facilities:					
Morgan Stanley Bank <sup>(3)</sup>	June 28, 2026	No	\$ 52,524	\$ 197,476	\$ 250,000
JPMorgan Chase Bank <sup>(4)</sup>	July 28, 2026	No	349,389	120,520	469,909
Citibank	April 27, 2026	No	72,487	177,513	250,000
Total			<u>\$ 474,400</u>	<u>\$ 495,509</u>	<u>\$ 969,909</u>

(1) The facilities are set to mature on the stated maturity date, unless extended pursuant to their terms.

(2) Unused capacity is not committed as of June 30, 2025.

(3) Collateral value includes real estate owned with a carrying value of \$71.8 million.

(4) Collateral value includes real estate owned with a carrying value of \$35.2 million.

Under our existing repurchase facilities, our counterparties may make margin calls as a result of a perceived decline in the value of our assets collateralizing the given facility due to a credit event or, under a limited number of our repurchase facilities, due to market events. To cover a margin call, we may transfer cash or other collateral to such a counterparty. Should the value of our assets suddenly decrease, significant margin calls on our mark-to-market repurchase facilities could result, causing an adverse change in our liquidity position.

#### Commercial Real Estate Collateralized Loan Obligations

We have financed certain pools of our loans through the issuance of CRE CLOs. At June 30, 2025, we had two CRE CLOs outstanding: GPMT 2021-FL4 and GPMT 2021-FL3, totaling \$0.7 billion of outstanding borrowings, financing 29 of our existing first mortgage loan investments with an aggregate principal balance, inclusive of restricted cash, totaling \$0.9 billion. As of June 30, 2025, our CRE CLOs financed 50.6% of our total loan portfolio principal balance on a term-matched, non-recourse and non-mark-to-market basis with attractive cost of funds.

The following table details our CRE CLO securitized debt obligations as of June 30, 2025:

(dollars in thousands)

Securitized Debt Obligations	June 30, 2025		
	Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Wtd. Avg. Yield/Cost <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>GPMT 2021-FL4 CRE CLO</b>			
Collateral assets <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 466,702	\$ 453,496	S+ 3.9%
Financing provided	360,986	360,332	S+ 1.9%
<b>GPMT 2021-FL3 CRE CLO</b>			
Collateral assets <sup>(3)</sup>	459,497	450,734	S+3.6%
Financing provided	383,212	383,212	S+2.4%
<b>Total</b>			
Collateral assets <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 926,199	\$ 904,230	S+3.7%
Financing provided	\$ 744,198	\$ 743,544	S+2.2%

(1) Calculations of all in yield on collateral assets at origination are based on a number of assumptions (some or all of which may not occur) and are expressed as monthly equivalent yields that include net origination fees and exit fees and exclude future fundings and any potential or completed loan amendments or modifications. Calculations of cost of funds is the weighted average coupon of the CRE CLO, exclusive of any CRE CLO issuance costs.

(2) No restricted cash is included as of June 30, 2025.

(3) No restricted cash is included as of June 30, 2025.

(4) No restricted cash is included as of June 30, 2025.

#### *Secured Credit Facility*

In December 2022, we entered into a secured credit facility with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$100.0 million. The facility had aggregate outstanding borrowings of \$86.8 million as of June 30, 2025, which financed a portion of our loans held for investment on a non-mark-to-market basis. The facility matures on December 21, 2025.

The following table details the outstanding borrowings under our secured credit facility as of June 30, 2025:

(dollars in thousands)

Secured Credit Facility	June 30, 2025		
	Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Wtd. Avg. Yield/Cost <sup>(1)</sup>
Collateral assets	\$ 151,450	\$ 100,738	S+4.2%
Borrowings outstanding	86,774	86,774	S+6.5%

(1) Calculations of all in yield on collateral assets at origination are based on a number of assumptions (some or all of which may not occur) and are expressed as monthly equivalent yields that include net origination fees and exit fees and exclude future fundings and any potential or completed loan amendments or modifications. Calculations of all in weighted average yield at origination exclude fixed rate loans. Calculations of cost of funds is the initial weighted average coupon of the secured credit facility, exclusive of any secured credit facility issuance costs.

### Financial Covenants

We are subject to a variety of financial covenants under our secured financing arrangements. The following represent the most restrictive financial covenants to which we are subject across our secured finance arrangements:

Financial Covenant	Description	Value as of June 30, 2025
Cash Liquidity	Unrestricted cash liquidity of no less than the greater of \$30.0 million and 5.0% of Unrestricted cash of \$85.1 million recourse indebtedness, which was \$8.3 million.	
Tangible Net Worth	Tangible net worth greater than the sum of (i) \$0.6 billion and (ii) 75.0% of net cash Tangible net worth of \$0.7 billion proceeds of equity issuances after September 30, 2024. As the Company has not had any equity issuances after September 30, 2024, tangible net worth must be greater than \$0.6 billion.	
Leverage Ratios	Target asset leverage ratio cannot exceed 77.5% and total leverage ratio cannot exceed 80.0%.	Target asset leverage ratio of 71.4%; Total leverage ratio of 64.3%
Interest Coverage	Minimum interest coverage of no less than 1.15:1.0 until and including March 31, 2025; 1.2:1.0 from April 1, 2025, until and including December 31, 2025; and 1.3:1.0 thereafter.	Interest coverage of 1.3:1.0

We were in compliance with these financial covenants as of June 30, 2025.

### Leverage Ratios

As of June 30, 2025, the total debt-to-equity ratio with respect to our loans held-for-investment was 2.1:1.0, and our recourse leverage ratio was 0.8:1.0. The following table represents our recourse leverage ratio and total leverage ratio as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024. The period-over-period decrease in our leverage ratios was mainly related to lower borrowings due to loan repayments and paydowns.

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Recourse leverage ratio <sup>(1)</sup>	0.8	1.0
Total leverage ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	2.1	2.2

(1) The debt-to-equity ratio with respect to our loans held-for-investment, defined as recourse debt, net of cash, divided by total equity.

(2) The total debt-to-equity ratio with respect to our loans held-for-investment, defined as total debt, net of cash, divided by total equity.

### Floating Rate Portfolio

Our business strategy seeks to minimize our exposure to changes in interest rates by matching benchmark indices on our assets with those on our asset level borrowings. Accordingly, our business model is such that, in general, rising interest rates will increase our net interest income, while declining interest rates will decrease our net interest income, subject to the impact of interest rate floors on our floating rate assets and certain liabilities. As of June 30, 2025, 97.5% of our loan investments by principal balance earned a floating rate of interest and were financed with liabilities that pay interest on a floating rate basis, which resulted in an amount of net floating rate exposure, subject to the impact of interest rate floors on certain of our floating rate loan investments, of \$0.5 billion. As of June 30, 2025, 2.5% of our loan investments by principal balance earned a fixed rate of interest and were financed with liabilities that pay interest on a floating rate basis, which resulted in a negative correlation to elevated interest rates on that amount of our financing.

The following table details our loan portfolio's net floating rate exposure as of June 30, 2025:

(in thousands)	Net Exposure
Floating rate assets <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ 1,784,812
Floating rate liabilities <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	1,305,372
Net floating rate exposure	\$ 479,440

(1) As of June 30, 2025, all of our floating rate assets and liabilities were indexed to SOFR.

(2) Includes loans on nonaccrual status as of June 30, 2025.

(3) Floating rate liabilities include our outstanding repurchase facilities, secured credit facility and CRE CLOs.



### Interest-Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities

The following tables present the components of interest income and average annualized net asset yield earned by asset type, the components of interest expense and average annualized cost of funds on borrowings incurred by collateral type and net interest income and average annualized net interest rate spread for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024. The net asset yield reflects the impact of loans held on nonaccrual status.

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025			Six Months Ended June 30, 2025		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense <sup>(1)</sup>	Net Yield/Cost of Funds	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense <sup>(1)</sup>	Net Yield/Cost of Funds
Interest-earning assets <sup>(2)</sup>						
Loans held-for-investment						
Senior loans <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 1,849,768	\$ 32,759	7.1 %	\$ 1,927,872	\$ 66,822	6.9%
Subordinated loans	13,118	265	8.1 %	13,155	529	8.0%
Total loan interest income/net asset yield	\$ 1,862,886	\$ 33,024	7.1 %	\$ 1,941,027	\$ 67,351	6.9%
Other - Interest on cash and cash equivalents		779			1,596	
Total interest income		\$ 33,803			\$ 68,947	
Interest-bearing liabilities						
Borrowings collateralized by:						
Loans held-for-investment						
Senior loans <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 1,298,686	\$ 24,872	7.7 %	\$ 1,348,784	\$ 51,283	7.6%
Subordinated loans	11,157	260	9.3 %	11,194	520	9.3%
Real estate owned	28,372	626	8.8 %	24,082	1,059	8.8 %
Total interest expense/cost of funds	\$ 1,338,215	\$ 25,758	7.7 %	\$ 1,384,060	\$ 52,862	7.6%
Net interest income/spread		\$ 8,045	(0.6)%		\$ 16,085	(0.7%)

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024			Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense <sup>(1)</sup>	Net Yield/Cost of Funds	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense <sup>(1)</sup>	Net Yield/Cost of Funds
Interest-earning assets <sup>(2)</sup>						
Loans held-for-investment						
Senior loans <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 2,670,067	\$ 46,611	7.0 %	\$ 2,685,714	\$ 98,304	7.3%
Subordinated loans	13,396	271	8.1 %	13,432	543	8.1%
Total loan interest income/net asset yield	\$ 2,683,463	\$ 46,882	7.0 %	\$ 2,699,146	\$ 98,847	7.3%
Other - Interest on cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,597			3,687	
Total interest income		\$ 48,479			\$ 102,534	
Interest-bearing liabilities						
Borrowings collateralized by:						
Loans held-for-investment						
Senior loans <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 1,866,047	\$ 40,017	8.6 %	\$ 1,898,107	\$ 80,895	8.5%
Subordinated loans	11,472	299	10.4 %	11,472	597	10.4%
Real estate owned	1,239	32	10.3 %	3,538	388	21.9%
Total interest expense/cost of funds	\$ 1,878,758	\$ 40,348	8.6 %	\$ 1,913,117	\$ 81,880	8.6 %
Net interest income/spread		\$ 8,131	(1.6)%		\$ 20,654	(1.3%)

(1) Includes amortization of deferred debt issuance costs.

(2) Average balance represents average amortized cost on loans held-for-investment.

(3) Loans primarily secured by a first priority lien on commercial real property and related personal property and also includes, when applicable, any companion subordinate loans.

## **Factors Affecting Our Operating Results**

The results of our operations are affected by a number of factors and primarily depend on, among other things, the level of our net interest income, the availability and cost of financing for us, the market value of our assets, the credit performance of our assets and the supply of, and demand for, commercial real estate loans, other commercial real estate debt instruments and other financial assets available for investment in the market and available as a source of refinancing of our assets. Our interest income, which reflects the amortization of origination fees and direct costs, is recognized based on the contractual rate and the outstanding principal balance of the loans we originate. The objective of the interest method is to arrive at a periodic interest income that yields a level rate of return over the loan term. Interest rates vary according to the type of loan or security, conditions in the financial markets, creditworthiness of our borrowers, competition and other factors, none of which can be predicted with any certainty. Our operating results may also be impacted by credit losses in excess of initial anticipations or unanticipated credit events experienced by our borrowers. We continue to monitor the effects on each of these factors in light of the continued volatility in global markets, driven by investor concerns over inflation, elevated interest rates and geopolitical uncertainty, and how they will affect our operating results.

### ***Loan Originations***

Our business model is mainly focused on directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. As a result of this strategy, our operating performance is subject to overall market demand for commercial real estate loan products and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. We manage originations and acquisitions of our target investments by diversifying our investment portfolio across geographical regions, local markets, property types, borrower types and loan structures. We do not limit our investments to any number of geographical areas or property types for our originations so that we develop a well-diversified investment portfolio. Additionally, our team has extensive experience originating and acquiring commercial real estate loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments, through a network of long-standing relationships with borrowers, sponsors and industry brokers. Investor concerns over inflation, elevated interest rates and geopolitical uncertainty have resulted in significant disruptions and volatility in financial markets, uncertainty about the overall macroeconomic outlook and a dislocation in the commercial real estate sector, including reduced borrower demand, wider credit spreads, higher lending rates, increased capitalization rates on properties and significantly lower transaction volume. This dislocation in capital markets and decline in real estate sale transaction and refinancing activities have negatively impacted, and will likely continue to negatively impact, the volume of loan repayments and prepayments on select property types (which are a significant source of our overall liquidity) and the volume of our originations of new loan investments.

### ***Financing Availability***

We are subject to the availability and cost of financing to successfully execute on our business strategy and generate attractive risk-adjusted returns to our stockholders. Much of our financing is in the form of repurchase agreements or other types of credit facilities provided to us by our lender counterparties. We mitigate this counterparty risk by seeking to diversify our lending partners, focusing on establishing borrowing relationships with strong counterparties and continuously monitoring them through a thoughtful approach to counterparty risk oversight. Additionally, as part of our broader risk management strategy, and to the extent available in the market, we finance our business through other means, which may include, but are not to be limited to, securitizations, note sales and issuance of secured and unsecured debt and equity instruments. We continue to actively explore additional types of funding facilities in order to further diversify our financing sources. Investor concerns over inflation trends, elevated interest rates and geopolitical uncertainty have resulted in significant disruptions and volatility in financial markets and uncertainty about the overall macroeconomic and capital markets outlook. These conditions have negatively impacted, and may continue to negatively impact, real estate and real estate capital markets, which could make it more difficult for us to obtain or maintain financing.

We finance pools of our commercial real estate loans through CRE CLOs, retaining subordinate securities in our investment portfolio. Our CRE CLOs are accounted for as financings with the non-retained securitized debt obligations recognized on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

### ***Credit Risk***

We are subject to varying degrees of credit risk in connection with our target investments. The performance and value of our investments depend upon sponsors' ability to operate the properties that serve as our collateral so that they produce cash flows adequate to pay interest and principal due to us. In addition, we are exposed to the risks generally associated with the commercial real estate market, including variances in occupancy rates, capitalization rates, absorption rates and other macroeconomic factors beyond our control such as the level of market interest rates. We try to mitigate these risks by seeking to originate or acquire assets of higher quality at appropriate rates of return given anticipated and unanticipated losses, by employing a comprehensive review and selection process and by proactively monitoring our investment portfolio. Nevertheless, unanticipated credit losses, including as a result of inflation, high interest rates, capital markets volatility and geopolitical uncertainty, could occur that could adversely impact our operating results. Volatility in market interest rates may result in fluctuations in cash flows and values of properties securing our loans. As a result, there may exist the risk of non-performance on our floating-rate loans, and in the case of a significant increase in interest rates, the cash flows of the collateral properties

may not sufficiently cover debt service due under our loans, which may contribute to loan non-performance or, in certain cases, loan default.

The environmental, social and governance, or ESG, factors associated with our potential collateral and borrowers could also pose credit risks to us. We try to mitigate these risks by incorporating diligence practices into our investment process to identify significant ESG concerns related to a given investment. The nature and scope of our ESG diligence will vary based on the investment but may include a review of, among other things, energy management, pollution and contamination, accounting standards, bribery and corruption.

We employ a long-term, fundamental value-oriented investment strategy and we aim to, on a loan-by-loan basis, construct an investment portfolio that is well-diversified across property types, geographies and sponsors.

#### ***Operating Expenses***

Our operating expenses, such as compensation costs and expenses related to managing our investment portfolio, may vary over time and are subject to a variety of factors, including overall economic and market environment, competitive market forces driving employee-related costs and other related factors.

#### ***Allowance for Credit Losses***

Our operating results are also impacted by the allowance for credit losses we record for loans held-for-investment using the CECL methodology pursuant to ASU 2016-13.

#### ***Changes in the Fair Value of Our Investments***

We intend to hold our target investments for the long-term and, as such, they are carried at an amortized cost on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Although we intend to hold our target investments for the long-term, we may occasionally invest in debt securities and classify them as available-for-sale, or AFS. Investments classified as AFS are carried at their fair value, with changes in fair value recorded through accumulated other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders' equity, rather than through earnings. We do not intend to hold any of our investments for trading purposes.

#### ***Changes in Market Interest Rates***

Our primary interest rate exposures relate to the yield on our loans and other investments and the financing cost of our borrowings. Changes in interest rates have affected, and may continue to affect, our net interest income from loans and other investments. Interest rate fluctuations resulting in our interest and related expense exceeding interest and related income would result in operating losses for us. For further discussion of the potential impacts of changes in interest rates, see "*Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk — Interest Rate Risk*" in Part I, Item 3 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### ***U.S. Trade Policy***

Changes in U.S. trade policy may affect our financial performance due to capital market uncertainty, rising construction, operational, and borrowing costs and changes in tenant and investor demands. Certain changes to U.S. trade policy may result in higher inflation, which could cause the Federal Reserve to pause further interest rate cuts or even consider interest rate increases. Static or increasing interest rates may negatively impact our portfolio investments and the financing of our assets. As a result, under certain market disruption scenarios, we may earn lower net interest income and revenues from real estate owned, incur higher operating expenses, and the cash flows of the collateral properties may not sufficiently cover debt service due under our loans, which may contribute to loan non-performance or, in certain instances, loan defaults.

## Summary of Results of Operations and Financial Condition

### Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025, and March 31, 2025

#### Net Interest Income

The following table presents the components of interest income and interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2025, and March 31, 2025:

(in thousands) Income Statement Data:	Three Months Ended		
	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025	Q2'25 vs Q1'25
<b>Interest income:</b>	(unaudited)		
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 33,024	\$ 34,327	\$ (1,303)
Cash and cash equivalents	779	817	(38)
Total interest income	\$ 33,803	\$ 35,144	\$ (1,341)
<b>Interest expense:</b>			
Repurchase facilities	\$ 10,590	\$ 11,885	\$ (1,295)
Securitized debt obligations	12,604	12,680	(76)
Secured credit facility	2,564	2,539	25
Total interest expense	25,758	27,104	(1,346)
Net interest income	\$ 8,045	\$ 8,040	\$ 5

The majority of our interest-earning assets and liabilities have floating rates based on an index (e.g., one-month SOFR) plus a credit spread. As a result, our asset yields and cost of funds are impacted by changes in benchmark market short-term interest rates and credit spreads on investments and borrowings, as well as changes in the mix of our investment portfolio credit spreads due to new originations, loan amendments, additional fundings, upsizing transactions, repayments and when certain loans are placed on nonaccrual status.

#### Interest Income

Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2025, decreased to \$33.8 million from \$35.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, mainly due to a lower average balance of our interest-earning assets as a result of loan repayments.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2025, decreased to \$25.8 million from \$27.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, mainly due to a lower average balance of our interest-bearing liabilities as a result of loan repayments and nonaccrual loan resolutions.

#### Provision for Credit Losses

The following table presents the components of (provision for) benefit from credit losses for the three months ended June 30, 2025, and March 31, 2025:

(in thousands) (Provision for) benefit from credit losses on:	Three Months Ended	
	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
Loans held-for-investment	\$ (10,760)	\$ (2,193)
Other liabilities	(224)	(1,577)
Total (provision for) benefit from credit losses	\$ (10,984)	\$ (3,770)

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we recorded a provision for credit losses of \$(11.0) million as compared to \$(3.8) million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The increase in the provision for credit losses was primarily driven by the assumptions employed in estimating the general CECL reserve, including worsening economic forecasts as of June 30, 2025.

## Expenses

The following table presents the components of expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025, and March 31, 2025:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended	
	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
Compensation and benefits	\$ 5,718	\$ 5,771
Servicing expenses	817	1,031
Expenses from real estate owned operations	5,227	4,504
Other operating expenses	2,717	3,003
Total operating expenses	\$ 14,479	\$ 14,309
Annualized total operating expenses, excluding expenses from real estate owned operations, as a percentage of average total equity, excluding non-controlling interest	6.2%	6.4%
Annualized total operating expenses, excluding non-cash equity compensation and expenses from real estate owned operations, as a percentage of average total equity, excluding non-controlling interest	4.7%	4.8%

We incur compensation and benefits expenses, servicing expenses related to the servicing of commercial real estate loans, expenses from REO operations and other operating expenses. Compensation and benefits expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025, decreased primarily due to lower non-cash equity compensation expense amortization as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2025. Servicing expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025, decreased primarily due to a lower portfolio balance, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2025. Expenses from REO operations for the three months ended June 30, 2025, increased primarily due to a full quarter of three REO assets held, as compared to the prior quarter. Other operating expenses decreased as compared to the prior quarter mainly due to lower professional fees. Our operating expense ratio, excluding REO, decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2025, mainly due to lower average equity and lower service fees during the three months ended June 30, 2025.

Our GAAP net (loss) attributable to common stockholders was \$(17.0) million (or \$(0.35) per basic weighted average share) for the three months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to GAAP net (loss) attributable to common stockholders of \$(10.6) million (or \$(0.22) per basic weighted average share) for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The decrease in GAAP results was primarily due to a higher provision for credit losses of \$(11.0) million during the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to a provision for credit losses of \$(3.8) million during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

## Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024

### Net Interest Income

The following table presents the components of interest income and interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024:

(in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	Q2'25 vs Q2'24
<b>Income Statement Data:</b>			
<b>Interest income:</b>			
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 67,351	\$ 98,847	\$ (31,496)
Cash and cash equivalents	1,596	3,687	(2,091)
Total interest income	\$ 68,947	\$ 102,534	\$ (33,587)
<b>Interest expense:</b>			
Repurchase facilities	\$ 22,475	\$ 40,059	\$ (17,584)
Securitized debt obligations	25,284	36,418	(11,134)
Secured credit facility	5,103	5,403	(300)
Total interest expense	\$ 52,862	\$ 81,880	\$ (29,018)
Net interest income	\$ 16,085	\$ 20,654	\$ (4,569)

The majority of our interest-earning assets and liabilities have floating rates based on an index (e.g., one-month SOFR) plus a credit spread. As a result, our asset yields and cost of funds are impacted by changes in benchmark market interest rates and credit spreads on investments and borrowings, as well as changes in the mix of our investment portfolio credit spreads due to new originations, loan amendments, additional fundings, upsizing transactions and repayments.

### Interest Income

Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2025, decreased to \$68.9 million from \$102.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, mainly due to a lower average balance of our interest-earning assets and a decline in short-term interest rates.

### Interest Expense

Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2025, decreased to \$52.9 million from \$81.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, mainly due to a lower average balance on portfolio level financing, corporate borrowings and a decline in short-term interest rates.

### Provision for Credit Losses

The following table presents the components of (provision for) benefit from credit losses for the six months ended June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024:

(in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
(Provision for) benefit from credit losses on:		
Loans held-for-investment	(12,953)	(136,045)
Other liabilities	(1,801)	(263)
Total (provision for) benefit from credit losses	<u>\$ (14,754)</u>	<u>\$ (136,308)</u>

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we recorded a provision for credit losses of \$(14.8) million as compared to \$(136.3) million during the six months ended June 30, 2024. The decrease in the provision for credit losses was primarily driven by lower balances on nonaccrual loans that were individually assessed in accordance with ASU 2016-13 during the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024.

### Expenses

The following table presents the components of expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024:

(dollars in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Compensation and benefits	\$ 11,489	\$ 10,708
Servicing expenses	1,848	2,774
Expenses from real estate owned operations	9,731	3,995
Other operating expenses	5,720	5,529
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 28,788</u>	<u>\$ 23,006</u>
Annualized total operating expenses, excluding expenses from real estate owned operations, as a percentage of average total equity, excluding non-controlling interest	<u>6.2%</u>	<u>4.7%</u>
Annualized total operating expenses, excluding non-cash equity compensation and expenses from real estate owned operations, as a percentage of average total equity, excluding non-controlling interest	<u>3.1%</u>	<u>3.8%</u>

We incur compensation and benefits expenses, servicing expenses related to the servicing of commercial real estate loans, expenses from REO operations and other operating expenses. Compensation and benefits and servicing expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2025, increased primarily due to higher non-cash equity compensation expense amortization as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024. Expenses from real estate owned operations for the six months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024, increased due to the acquisitions of REO in June 2024 and January 2025. Other operating expenses increased as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024, mainly due to higher compensation and benefits expenses. Our operating expense ratio, excluding REO, increased during the six months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024, mainly due to lower average equity.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### Capitalization

To date, we have capitalized our business primarily through the issuance and sale of shares of our common and preferred stock, borrowings under our senior secured term loan facilities, secured financing facilities, issuance of CRE CLOs and the issuance and sale of convertible notes. As of June 30, 2025, our capitalization included \$1.3 billion of loan-level financing. Our loan-level financing as of June 30, 2025, is generally term-matched or matures in 2025, and includes \$0.5 billion of secured repurchase agreements, \$0.7 billion of CRE CLO securitizations, which are term-matched to the underlying assets, non-recourse and non-mark-to-market, and an \$86.8 million term-matched and non-mark-to-market secured credit facility.

See Note 5 – *Variable Interest Entities and Securitized Debt Obligations* and Note 6 – *Secured Financing Agreements* to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional details regarding our securitized debt obligations and our secured financing facilities, respectively.

### Leverage

From December 31, 2024, to June 30, 2025, our debt-to-equity ratio, defined as total debt, net of cash, divided by total equity, decreased from 2.2:1.0 to 2.1:1.0 mainly due to a reduction in outstanding debt. As part of our investment strategy, we plan to finance our target assets with a moderate amount of leverage, the level of which may vary based upon the particular characteristics of our portfolio and market conditions. To that end, subject to maintaining our qualification as a REIT and our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act, we intend to use borrowings to fund the origination or acquisition of our target investments. Given our focus on senior floating-rate mortgage loans, we currently expect that such leverage will be, on a total debt-to-equity ratio basis, within a range of 3.0:1.0 and 3.5:1.0; however, our leverage may vary and differ from our expectations depending on market conditions and any steps we may take to strengthen our balance sheet and enhance our liquidity position. The amount of leverage we deploy for our target investments depends upon our assessment of a variety of factors, which may include the anticipated liquidity and any changes in value of the investments in our portfolio, the potential for losses in our portfolio, the gap between the maturities of our assets and liabilities, the availability and cost of financing our investments, our opinion of the creditworthiness of our financing counterparties, the health of the U.S. economy and commercial real estate financing markets, our outlook for the level and volatility of interest rates, the slope of the yield curve, the credit quality of our investments, the collateral underlying our investments and our outlook for investment credit spreads relative to SOFR.

### Sources of Liquidity

Our primary sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents on our condensed consolidated balance sheets, any approved but unused borrowing capacity under our financing facilities, the net proceeds of future public and private equity and debt offerings, payments of principal, including loan repayments and prepayments, loan sales, interest we receive on our portfolio of assets and cash generated from our operating results.

The following table sets forth our immediately available sources of liquidity as of June 30, 2025:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2025	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	85,102
Approved but unused borrowing capacity on financing facilities		—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>85,102</b>

We have access to liquidity through public offerings of debt and equity securities, subject to market and other conditions. To facilitate such offerings, in August 2024, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC that is effective for a term of three years and expires in August 2027. The amount of securities to be issued pursuant to this shelf registration statement was not specified when it was filed. The securities covered by this registration statement include: (i) common stock, (ii) preferred stock, (iii) depository shares, (iv) debt securities, (v) purchase contracts, and (vi) purchase units. The specifics of any future offerings, along with the use of proceeds of any securities offered, will be described in detail in a prospectus supplement, or other offering materials, at the time of any offering. At any time, and from time to time, we may be evaluating or pursuing one or more liquidity enhancing transactions, but we cannot provide any assurance if or when we will consummate any such transaction, or the terms thereof.

Although we generally intend to hold our target investments as long-term investments, we have opportunistically sold, and may again in the future sell, certain of our assets in order to manage our liquidity needs, to meet other operating objectives and to adapt to market conditions. We cannot predict the timing and impact of future sales of our assets, if any. Since many of our assets are financed with secured financing facilities and/or CRE CLOs, a significant portion of the proceeds from sales of our assets, prepayments and scheduled amortization would be used to repay balances under these financing arrangements.

We remain focused on actively managing our balance sheet and liquidity to best position us for the market environment, to satisfy our loan future funding and financing obligations and to make new investments, which we expect will cause us to take, and in some instances has already caused us to take, some or all of the following actions: raise capital from offerings of equity and/or debt securities, on a public or private basis; borrow additional capital; post additional collateral; sell assets; and/or

change our dividend practices, which we will continue to evaluate in respect of future quarters based upon customary considerations, including market conditions and distribution requirements to maintain our REIT status. At any given time and from time to time we may be evaluating or pursuing one or more transactions, including, but not limited to, loan sales, capital markets activities and other sources of funding, to improve our liquidity or to refinance our debt or may otherwise seek transactions to reduce our interest expense or leverage and extend our debt maturities, which transactions, depending on market conditions and other factors, could result in actual losses and/or otherwise negatively impact our results of operations in one or more periods.

#### *Liquidity Needs*

In addition to our loan origination activities and general operating expenses, our primary liquidity needs include interest and principal payments under our \$1.3 billion of outstanding borrowings under our repurchase facilities, CRE CLOs, and secured credit facility; \$78.3 million of unfunded loan commitments; and dividend distributions to our preferred and common stockholders, which are at the discretion of our board of directors.

#### *Financing Availability*

We are subject to the availability and cost of financing to successfully execute on our business strategy and generate attractive risk-adjusted returns to our stockholders. Much of our financing is in the form of repurchase facilities or other types of credit facilities provided to us by our lender counterparties. We mitigate this counterparty risk by seeking to diversify our lending partners, focusing on establishing borrowing relationships with strong counterparties and continuously monitoring them through a thoughtful approach to counterparty risk oversight. Additionally, as part of our broader risk management strategy, and to the extent available in the market, we finance our business through other means which may include, but not be limited to, CRE CLOs, note sales and the issuance of unsecured debt and equity instruments. We continue to actively explore additional types of funding facilities in order to further diversify our financing sources. Investor concerns over inflation trends, elevated interest rates and geopolitical uncertainty have resulted in significant disruptions in financial markets and uncertainty about the overall macroeconomic and capital markets outlook. These conditions have negatively impacted, and may continue to negatively impact, real estate fundamentals and real estate capital markets, which could make it more difficult for us to obtain or maintain financing.

The following table provides the maturities of our repurchase facilities, secured credit facility and securitized debt obligations, as of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Within one year	\$ 901,579	\$ 1,279,702
One to three years	403,139	156,607
Three to five years	—	36,652
Total	<u>\$ 1,304,718</u>	<u>\$ 1,472,961</u>

#### *Cash Flows*

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, our restricted and unrestricted cash and cash equivalents balance decreased approximately \$18.6 million, to \$95.9 million. The cash movements can be summarized by the following:

- *Cash flows from operating activities.* For the six months ended June 30, 2025, operating activities decreased our cash balances by approximately \$5.0 million, primarily driven by equity compensation and amortization and depreciation.
- *Cash flows from investing activities.* For the six months ended June 30, 2025, investing activities increased our cash balances by approximately \$175.7 million, primarily driven by repayments of loans held-for-investment.
- *Cash flows from financing activities.* For the six months ended June 30, 2025, financing activities decreased our cash balances by approximately \$189.3 million, primarily driven by principal payments on repurchase facilities and securitized debt obligations, partially offset by proceeds from repurchase agreements.

#### **Dividends**

We generally intend to distribute substantially all of our taxable income each year (which does not necessarily equal net income as calculated in accordance with GAAP) to our stockholders to comply with the REIT provisions of the Code. In addition, our dividend practices may change. All distributions will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon, among other things, our actual results of operations and liquidity. These results, and our ability to pay distributions, will be affected by various factors, including our taxable income, our financial condition, our maintenance of REIT status, restrictions related to our financing facilities, applicable law and other factors that our board of directors deems relevant.



## **Inflation**

Nearly all of our assets and liabilities are interest rate sensitive in nature. As a result, interest rates and other factors typically influence our performance more than inflation does. However, changes in interest rates may correlate with inflation rates or changes in inflation rates. In response to the inflationary pressures, in 2022 and 2023, the Federal Reserve increased its benchmark overnight interest rates. While the Federal Reserve reduced its benchmark overnight interest rates in the second half of 2024, they remain at elevated levels. Our condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP and our distributions will be determined by our board of directors consistent with our obligation to distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income on an annual basis in order to maintain our REIT qualification; in each case, our activities and balance sheet are measured with reference to historical cost and/or fair market value without considering inflation.

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

We seek to manage our risks related to the credit quality of our investments, interest rates, liquidity and market value while, at the same time, seeking to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns to our stockholders. While we are exposed to certain types of market risk in our business, we seek to actively manage them using our risk management infrastructure and philosophy centered around quantifying and measuring various market risks on a continuous basis. We seek to be fairly compensated through the returns we earn on our investments for taking those risks and focus on maintaining liquidity and capital levels consistent with the risks to which we are exposed. However, many of those risks have been magnified by the continuing economic disruption and capital markets volatility resulting from inflation, elevated interest rates, geopolitical uncertainty, global tariff policies and escalating global trade tensions, which have disrupted supply chains and material costs and have contributed to significant market volatility.

#### ***Recent Market Conditions***

Due to the macroeconomic challenges driven by inflation trends, elevated interest rates and geopolitical uncertainty, most of our borrowers, sponsors, their tenants, the properties serving as collateral for our loan investments and the economy as a whole have been, and will likely continue to be, adversely affected. See “*Macroeconomic Environment*” in Part I, Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further discussion of current market conditions.

#### ***Credit Risk***

We are subject to varying degrees of credit risk in connection with holding a portfolio of our target investments. The performance and value of our investments depend upon the sponsors’ ability to operate the properties that serve as our collateral so that they produce cash flows adequate to pay interest and principal due to us. We seek to manage credit risk by performing deep fundamental credit analysis of our potential investments, as well as seeking to originate or acquire assets of higher quality at appropriate rates of return given anticipated and unanticipated losses, by employing a comprehensive review and selection process and by proactively monitoring our investments. Credit risk is also addressed through our ongoing review, and our investment portfolio is monitored for variance from underwritten and expected results on a monthly basis, with more intense analysis and oversight done on a quarterly basis. Nevertheless, unanticipated credit losses, including as a result of inflation, elevated interest rates and geopolitical uncertainty, could occur and could adversely impact our operating results.

We employ a long-term, fundamental value-oriented investment strategy and we aim to, on a loan-by-loan basis, construct an investment portfolio that is well-diversified across property types, geographies and sponsors.

We maintain an active dialogue and strong relationships with our borrowers as part of our overall asset management strategy to maximize the performance of our portfolio, including during periods of volatility. While we generally believe that the principal amount of our loans is typically sufficiently protected by the underlying collateral value, there is a risk that we will not realize the entire principal amount of certain of our loan investments.

#### ***Interest Rate Risk***

Our primary strategy is to originate, invest in and manage a portfolio of senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans. As a result, the composition of our investments in general is such that rising interest rates increase our net income, while declining interest rates will decrease our net income, subject to the impact of contractual interest rate floors. From time to time, we may originate, acquire or otherwise hold fixed-rate investments, which may expose our operating results to the risks posed by fluctuations in interest rates, which we may choose to hedge, if we deem it prudent.

In response to inflationary pressures, the Federal Reserve raised its benchmark overnight interest rates on multiple occasions in 2022 and 2023. While the Federal Reserve reduced its benchmark overnight interest rates in the second half of 2024, they remain high and how long they will remain at elevated levels remains uncertain. These higher interest rates have increased our interest expense, which may not be fully offset by any increases in interest income. In addition, these higher benchmark interest rates have increased our borrowers’ interest payments, adversely affected commercial real estate property values and, for certain of our borrowers have contributed, and may continue to contribute, to loan non-performance, modifications, defaults, foreclosures and/or property sales, which has resulted, and may continue to result, in us realizing losses on our investments.

As of June 30, 2025, approximately 97.5% of our portfolio by principal balance earned a floating rate of interest. The remaining approximately 2.5% of our portfolio earned a fixed rate of interest. If interest rates were to decline, the value of these fixed-rate investments may increase, and if interest rates were to increase, the value of these fixed-rate investments may fall; however, the interest income generated by these investments would not be affected by fluctuations in market interest rates. The interest rates we pay under our current secured financing facilities and CRE CLOs are primarily floating rate, which generally, and with limited exceptions, are not subject to contractual interest rate floors. Accordingly, our interest expense generally increases as interest rates increase and decreases as interest rates decrease.

Our analysis of risks is based on our experience, estimates and assumptions. Actual economic conditions or our implementation of decisions may produce results that differ significantly from the estimates and assumptions used in our analyses.

The information presented in the following interest rate sensitivity table projects the potential impact of sudden parallel changes in interest rates on our financial results and financial condition over the next 12 months, based on our interest sensitive financial instruments at June 30, 2025. All changes in value are measured as the change from our June 30, 2025, financial position. All projected changes in annualized net interest income are measured as the change from our projected annualized net interest income based off current performance returns. Actual results of changes in annualized net interest income may differ from the information presented in the sensitivity table below due to differences between the dates of actual interest rate resets in our loan investments and our floating rate interest-bearing liabilities, and the dates as of which the analysis was performed.

(in thousands)	Changes in Interest Rates			
	-100 bps	-50 bps	+50 bps	+100 bps
Change in value of financial position:				
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 590	\$ 308	\$ (313)	\$ (626)
Repurchase facilities	(198)	(99)	99	198
Securitized debt obligations	(310)	(155)	155	310
Secured financing facility	(36)	(18)	18	36
Total net assets	\$ 46	\$ 36	\$ (41)	\$ (82)
Change in annualized net interest income:	\$ (1,622)	\$ (1,109)	\$ 1,230	\$ 2,459

The interest rate sensitivity table quantifies the potential changes in annualized net interest income and portfolio value, should interest rates immediately change. The interest rate sensitivity table presents the estimated impact of interest rates instantaneously rising 50 and 100 basis points, and falling 50 and 100 basis points. The cash flows associated with the portfolio for each rate change are calculated based on assumptions with respect to interest rates and size of the portfolio. Assumptions made on the interest rate sensitive liabilities include anticipated interest rates, collateral requirements as a percentage of borrowings and amount and term of borrowing.

Certain assumptions have been made in connection with the calculation of the information set forth in the foregoing interest rate sensitivity table and, as such, there can be no assurance that assumed events will occur or that other events will not occur that would affect the outcomes. The base interest rate scenario assumes interest rates at June 30, 2025. The analysis utilizes assumptions and estimates based on management's judgment and experience. Furthermore, while we generally expect to retain such assets and the associated interest rate risk to maturity, future originations, acquisitions and sales of assets could materially change our interest rate risk profile.

The information set forth in the interest rate sensitivity table above and all related disclosures constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimated in the foregoing interest rate sensitivity table.

#### **Market Value Risk**

We intend to hold our target investments for the long-term and, as such, they are carried at an amortized cost on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. However, we may occasionally classify some of our investments as AFS. Investments classified as AFS are carried at their fair value, with changes in fair value recorded through accumulated other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders' equity, rather than through earnings. The estimated fair value of such investments may fluctuate primarily due to changes in interest rates, overall market environment and liquidity and other factors. As market volatility increases or liquidity decreases, the market value of the investments may be adversely impacted. We do not intend to hold any of our investments for trading purposes.

#### **Borrower Performance**

In addition to the risks related to fluctuations in cash flows and investment values associated with movements in interest rates, there is also the risk of borrower non-performance on our floating-rate investments. If interest rates were to significantly rise, it is possible that the increased debt service costs may negatively impact operating cash flows on properties securing our commercial real estate loan investments, resulting in potential non-performance of our borrowers or, in severe cases, default. This risk is partially mitigated by various factors we consider during our rigorous underwriting and loan structuring process, which in certain cases include a requirement for our borrower to purchase an interest rate cap contract.

#### **Capital Markets Risk**

As a REIT, we are required to distribute a significant portion of our taxable income annually, which constrains our ability to accumulate significant operating cash flow and therefore requires us to utilize capital markets, both debt and equity, to finance our business. As a result, we are exposed to risks related to the equity capital markets and our related ability to raise capital through the issuance of our common stock or other equity instruments. We are also exposed to risks related to the debt capital

markets, and our related ability to finance our business through borrowings under credit facilities or other debt instruments, such as securitizations or unsecured debt. We seek to mitigate these risks by monitoring the debt and equity capital markets to inform our decisions on the amount, timing and terms of capital we raise.

Various factors, such as elevated interest rates, inflation, tariffs, geopolitical tensions and volatility in public equity and fixed income markets have led to increased cost and decreased availability of capital, which may adversely impact the ability of commercial property owners to service their debt obligations and refinance their loans as they mature and/or our ability to access capital markets.

#### ***Real Estate Risk***

Our business strategy focuses on commercial real estate related debt investments. As a result, we will be exposed to the risks generally associated with the commercial real estate market, including occupancy rates, capitalization rates, absorption rates and other macroeconomic factors beyond our control.

Additionally, commercial real estate debt investments may be affected by a number of factors, including international, national, regional and local economic and real estate conditions, changes in business trends of specific industry segments, property construction characteristics, demographic factors and changes to laws and regulations, including additional restrictions or requirements on the development of commercial real estate intended to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and climate change. Any combination of these factors may affect the value of real estate collateral for investments within our investment portfolio and the potential proceeds available to a borrower to repay the underlying loans, which could cause us to suffer losses. We seek to manage these risks through our rigorous and fundamentally driven underwriting and investment management processes.

#### ***Liquidity Risk***

Our liquidity risk is principally associated with our financing of longer-maturity investments with shorter-term borrowings, such as repurchase facilities. Should the value of our investments serving as collateral for our repurchase facilities significantly decrease, our lenders may exercise their margin call rights, causing an adverse change in our liquidity position. If we fail to resolve such margin calls when due, the lenders may exercise their rights under such repurchase facilities, including requiring payment by us of our aggregate outstanding financing obligations and/or taking ownership of the collateral securing such obligations, potentially on an unfinanced basis, thereby reducing our available liquidity. Additionally, if one or more of our financing counterparties should choose not to provide ongoing funding, including with respect to future funding obligations on existing loans financed with such counterparties, our ability to finance our investments and related future funding obligations would possibly decline or exist at less advantageous terms.

#### ***Extension Risk***

We manage our assets based on a variety of assumptions and estimates, including among others, assumptions regarding the rate at which the borrowers will prepay our loans or extend. If prepayment rates decrease in a rising interest rate environment or extension options are exercised, the life of our loan investments could extend beyond the term of the secured financing arrangements. The current macroeconomic, commercial real estate and capital markets disruptions have resulted in, and will likely continue to result in, a decrease in prepayment rates and an increase in the number of our borrowers who exercise loan extension options. In addition, higher interest rates imposed by the Federal Reserve have led to, and may continue to lead to, a decrease in the pace of loan repayment and an increase in the number of our borrowers who exercise loan extension options. This could have a negative impact on our results of operations. In some situations, we may be forced to sell assets to maintain adequate liquidity, which could cause us to incur losses.

As part of our overall asset management strategy, we have in the past entered into, and may in the future enter into, loan modifications with some of our borrowers. These amendments may include, among other things, modifying or waiving certain performance or extension conditions as part of the overall agreement, which are often coupled with additional equity or other forms of credit support from the sponsor. We work closely with our lending counterparties when negotiating and entering into loan modifications with our borrowers to ensure we maintain financing on modified assets. There can be no assurance that going forward we will be able to maintain financing on modified loans.

#### ***Risk Management***

To the extent consistent with maintaining our REIT qualification, we seek to manage risk exposure by closely monitoring our portfolio and actively managing the financing, interest rate, credit and other risks associated with holding a portfolio of our target investments. Generally, we:

- manage our portfolio with focus on diligent, investment-specific market review, enforcement of loan and security rights and timely execution of disposition strategies;
- actively employ portfolio-wide and investment-specific risk measurement and management processes in our daily operations, including utilizing risk management tools; and
- seek to manage credit risk through our rigorous underwriting due diligence process prior to origination or acquisition of our target investments, and through the use of non-recourse financing when and where available and appropriate.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

A review and evaluation was performed by our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, or CEO, and Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that review and evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that our current disclosure controls and procedures, as designed and implemented, were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Although our CEO and CFO have determined our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that it will detect or uncover failures within the Company to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the reports we submit under the Exchange Act.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2025, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time we may be involved in various legal claims and/or administrative proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. As of the date of this filing, we are not party to any litigation or other legal proceedings or, to the best of our knowledge, any threatened litigation or legal proceedings, which, in our opinion, individually or in the aggregate would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

For information regarding factors that could affect our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, see the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes the repurchase of common stock for the three months ended June 30, 2025:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans of Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs <sup>(1)</sup>
April 1, 2025 through April 30, 2025	—	\$ —	—	3,886,461
May 1, 2025 through May 31, 2025	688,197	2.40	688,197	3,198,264
June 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025	561,803	2.58	561,803	2,636,461
Total	1,250,000	\$ 2.48	1,250,000	2,636,461

(1) On May 9, 2023, we announced that our board of directors had amended our share repurchase program to authorize the repurchase of an additional 5,000,000 shares of our common stock, for a total share repurchase authorization of 9,000,000 shares of our common stock, inclusive of amounts previously authorized and on September 20, 2024, we announced that our board of directors had further amended our share repurchase program to authorize the repurchase of an additional 3,000,000 shares of our common stock, for a total cumulative share repurchase authorization of 12,000,000 shares of our common stock, inclusive of amounts previously authorized. Our share repurchase program has no expiration date.

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

### Item 5. Other Information

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, no director or officer of the Company adopted, modified or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement”, as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

### Item 6. Exhibits

#### (a) Exhibits

A list of exhibits to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is set forth below.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Index
2.1	<a href="#">Contribution Agreement, dated as of June 22, 2017, between Two Harbors Investment Corp. and Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to Two Harbors Investment Corp.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 23, 2017).</a>
3.1	<a href="#">Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc.'s Charter (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Amendment No. 3 to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-218197) filed with the SEC on June 20, 2017).</a>
3.2	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Bylaws of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of Amendment No. 1 to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-218197) filed with the SEC on June 15, 2017).</a>
3.3	<a href="#">Articles Supplementary to Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. designating the shares of 7.00% Series A Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC on November 30, 2021).</a>
3.4	<a href="#">Articles Supplementary designating 7.00% Series A Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 25, 2022).</a>
4.1	<a href="#">Specimen Common Stock Certificate of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Amendment No. 1 to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-218197) filed with the SEC on June 15, 2017).</a>
4.2	<a href="#">Specimen 7.00% Series A Fixed-to-Floating Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form 8-A, filed with the SEC on November 30, 2021).</a>
4.3+	<a href="#">Indenture, dated as of May 14, 2021, by and among GPMT 2021-FL3, Ltd., GPMT 2021-FL3 LLC, GPMT Seller LLC, Wilmington Trust, National Association and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 18, 2021).</a>
4.4	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of June 27, 2023, by and among GPMT 2021-FL3, Ltd., GPMT 2021-FL3 LLC, GPMT Seller LLC, Wilmington Trust, National Association and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on August 8, 2023).</a>
4.5+	<a href="#">Indenture, dated as of November 16, 2021, by and among GPMT 2021-FL4, Ltd., GPMT 2021-FL4 LLC, GPMT Seller LLC, Wilmington Trust, National Association and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2021).</a>
4.6	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of June 27, 2023, by and among GPMT 2021-FL4, Ltd., GPMT 2021-FL4 LLC, GPMT Seller LLC, Wilmington Trust, National Association and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on August 8, 2023).</a>
10.1	<a href="#">Seventh Amendment to Amended and Restated Guarantee Agreement, dated as of April 25, 2025, between JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, and Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. and acknowledged and agreed to by GP Commercial JPM LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29, 2025).</a>
10.2	<a href="#">Fourteenth Amendment to Master Repurchase and Securities Contract Agreement, dated as April 25, 2025, by and between Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A., and GP Commercial MS LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29, 2025).</a>
10.3+	<a href="#">Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement and Other Transaction Documents, dated as of April 28, 2025, by and among GP Commercial CB LLC, GP Commercial CB SL Sub LLC and Citibank, N.A., and acknowledged and agreed to by Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3* of the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29, 2025).</a>
10.4*	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Appendix B to Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc.'s Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 21, 2025).</a>
31.1	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (filed herewith)</a>
31.2	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (filed herewith)</a>

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Index
32.1	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, (furnished herewith)</a>
32.2	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, (furnished herewith)</a>
101	Financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. for the three months ended June 30, 2025, filed with the SEC on August 5, 2025, formatted in Inline XBRL: (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. (filed herewith)
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101). (filed herewith)

+ Certain schedules and similar attachments have been omitted in reliance on Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K

\* Management contract or compensatory plan, contract or agreement



**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated:	August 5, 2025	By:	GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC. /s/ John A. Taylor
			_____ John A. Taylor President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)
Dated:	August 5, 2025	By:	/s/ Blake N. Johnson
			_____ Blake N. Johnson Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF  
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, John A. Taylor, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2025

/s/ John A. Taylor

John A. Taylor

Chief Executive Officer and President

**CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF  
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Blake N. Johnson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2025

/s/ Blake N. Johnson

Blake N. Johnson

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

**CERTIFICATION**

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, the undersigned officer of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (the “Registrant”) hereby certifies that the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2025 (the “Quarterly Report”) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: August 5, 2025

/s/ John A. Taylor

John A. Taylor

Chief Executive Officer and President

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 and is not being filed as part of the Quarterly Report or as a separate disclosure document.

**CERTIFICATION**

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, the undersigned officer of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (the “Registrant”) hereby certifies that the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2025 (the “Quarterly Report”) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: August 5, 2025

/s/ Blake N. Johnson

Blake N. Johnson

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 and is not being filed as part of the Quarterly Report or as a separate disclosure document.