## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

~	NT TO SECTION 13 OR 15( For the Quarterly Period End	d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHAN ed: June 30, 2019	GE ACT OF 1934							
	OR									
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUAL	NT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(	) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANG	GE ACT OF 1934							
	Commission File Numbe	r 001-38124								
GRANITE	POINT MORT	GAGE TRUST INC								
Gian (III	(Exact Name of Registrant as Speci		•							
Maryland		61-1843143	3							
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)		(I.R.S. Employ Identification N								
3 Bryant Park, Suite 2400A										
New York, New York 10036										
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)										
	(212) 364-320 (Registrant's Telephone Number, In									
Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:		,								
	Trading									
Title of Each Class:	Symbol(s)	Name of Exchange on	Which Registered:							
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	GPMT	New York Stoc	k Exchange							
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed a	ll reports required to be filed by	Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities E	xchange Act of 1934 during the preceding							
12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was req	uired to file such reports), and (	2) has been subject to such filing requir	rements for the past 90 days. Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$							
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted	electronically every Interactive	Data File required to be submitted purs	suant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T							
( $\S 232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for	or such shorter period that the re	egistrant was required to submit such fil	les). Yes ⊠ No □							
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "accelerated filer,"										
Large accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$	Accelerated filer								
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company								
		Emerging growth company								
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 136		ise the extended transition period for co	omplying with any new or revised							
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell comp	pany (as defined in Rule 12b-2	of the Act). Yes \Boxed No \Boxed								
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issu										
As of August 2, 2019, there were 54,853,205 shares of outsta			g.							

## INDEX

		Page
	PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Financial Statements (unaudited)	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Six Months Ended June, 2019 and 2018	<u>2</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	<u>4</u>
	Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>5</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>24</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>40</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>43</u>
	PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>44</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>44</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>44</u>
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>44</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>44</u>
Item 5.	Other Information	<u>44</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>44</u>
Index of Exh	<u>nibits</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>Signatures</u>		<u>46</u>

i

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share data)

	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018
ASSETS		(unaudited)		
Loans held-for-investment	\$	3,560,117	\$	3,167,913
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value		12,830		12,606
Held-to-maturity securities		22,020		26,696
Cash and cash equivalents		92,838		91,700
Restricted cash		76,149		31,723
Accrued interest receivable		9,924		10,268
Deferred debt issuance costs		6,099		3,924
Prepaid expenses		1,170		1,055
Other assets		23,189		15,996
Total Assets (1)	\$	3,804,336	\$	3,361,881
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Liabilities				
Repurchase agreements	\$	1,254,027	\$	1,500,543
Securitized debt obligations		1,133,294		654,263
Asset-specific financings		75,060		_
Revolving credit facilities		_		75,000
Convertible senior notes		268,857		268,138
Accrued interest payable		6,204		6,394
Unearned interest income		584		510
Dividends payable		23,064		18,346
Other liabilities		14,510		10,156
Total Liabilities (1)		2,775,600		2,533,350
10% cumulative redeemable preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 50,000,000 shares authorized and 1,000 and 1,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		1,000		1,000
Stockholders' Equity				
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 450,000,000 shares authorized and 54,853,205 and 43,621,174 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		549		436
Additional paid-in capital		1,046,025		836,288
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		32		(192)
Cumulative earnings		127,008		91,875
Cumulative distributions to stockholders		(145,878)		(100,876)
Total Stockholders' Equity		1,027,736		827,531
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	3,804,336	\$	3,361,881

<sup>(1)</sup> The condensed consolidated balance sheets include assets of consolidated variable interest entities, or VIEs, that can only be used to settle obligations of these VIEs, and liabilities of the consolidated VIEs for which creditors do not have recourse to Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, assets of the VIEs totaled \$1,482,292 and \$829,147, and liabilities of the VIEs totaled \$1,134,493 and \$654,952, respectively. See Note 3 - Variable Interest Entities for additional information.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited) (in thousands, except share data)

		Three Mo		nded	Six Months Ended				
			ie 30,			June 30,			
Todayand to a constant		2019		2018	· -	2019		2018	
Interest income: Loans held-for-investment	\$	58,133	\$	42,359	\$	114,798	\$	81,152	
Available-for-sale securities	Þ	30,133	Ф	285	Φ	619	Ф	557	
Held-to-maturity securities		613		836		1,274		1,721	
Cash and cash equivalents		907		29		1,418		56	
Total interest income		59,964		43,509		118,109	_	83,486	
Interest expense:		37,704		43,307		110,107		05,400	
Repurchase agreements		13,529		14,934		30,518		31,128	
Securitized debt obligations		13,554		3,875		23,413		3,875	
Convertible senior notes		4,491		2,206		8,956		4,385	
Asset-specific financings		598				598			
Revolving credit facilities		165		220		860		220	
Total interest expense		32,337	_	21,235	_	64,345	_	39,608	
Net interest income		27,627		22,274		53,764	-	43,878	
Other income:		27,027		22,27		22,701		15,070	
Fee income		202		564		1,115		1,446	
Total other income		202		564		1,115		1,446	
Expenses:						, -		,	
Management fees		3,763		3,114		7,212		6,323	
Incentive fees		_		_		244			
Servicing expenses		885		494		1,658		952	
General and administrative expenses		5,006		4,005		10,622		8,237	
Total expenses		9,654		7,613		19,736		15,512	
Income before income taxes		18,175		15,225		35,143		29,812	
Benefit from income taxes		(2)		(2)		(3)		(1)	
Net income		18,177		15,227		35,146		29,813	
Dividends on preferred stock		25		25		50		50	
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	18,152	\$	15,202	\$	35,096	\$	29,763	
Basic earnings per weighted average common share	\$	0.34	\$	0.35	\$	0.68	\$	0.69	
Diluted earnings per weighted average common share	\$	0.33	\$	0.34	\$	0.68	\$	0.67	
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.42	\$	0.40	\$	0.84	\$	0.78	
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding:	<u> </u>		Ť		Ť		<u> </u>		
Basic		53,953,634		43,446,963		51,292,318		43,410,796	
Diluted		67,624,395	_	50,634,463	_	51,292,318	_	50,598,296	
Diluted		07,024,373	-	30,034,403		31,272,310		30,376,270	
Comprehensive income:									
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	18,152	\$	15,202	\$	35,096	\$	29,763	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:									
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities		32		(16)		224		_	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		32		(16)		224			
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$	18,184	\$	15,186	\$	35,320	\$	29,763	
-	_		_		_		_		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the second ensed consolidated financial statements}.$ 

# GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (unaudited) (in thousands, except share data)

Image: Contract the contract of the contract o		Common Stock											
Note   Content		Shares		Amount	P	Paid-in		Comprehensive Income		Dist	tributions to	St	ockholders'
Other comprehensive income before reclassified from a comulated other comprehensive income	Balance, December 31, 2017	43,235,103	\$	432	\$	829,704	5	\$ —	\$ 28,800	\$	(30,315)	\$	828,621
Perfect of control perfect series for the comprehensive former classified from accumulate of the comprehensive former comprehensive f	Net income	_		_		_		_	14,586		_		14,586
Componentinative income	Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	_		_		_		16	_		_		16
Common dividends declared		_		_		_		_	_		_		
Peterned dividends declared	Net other comprehensive income	_		_		_		16	_		_		16
Non-cash equity award compensation         201,956         2         662         ————————————————————————————————————	Common dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(16,506)		(16,506)
Maintee, March 31, 2018	Preferred dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(25)		(25)
Net income	Non-cash equity award compensation	201,956		2		662			_		_		664
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications         - <th< td=""><td>Balance, March 31, 2018</td><td>43,437,059</td><td></td><td>434</td><td></td><td>830,366</td><td></td><td>16</td><td>43,386</td><td></td><td>(46,846)</td><td></td><td>827,356</td></th<>	Balance, March 31, 2018	43,437,059		434		830,366		16	43,386		(46,846)		827,356
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other ecomprehensive income   Common dividends declared   Common dividends	Net income	_		_		_		_	15,227		_		15,227
Net other comprehensive loses	Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	_		_		_		(16)	_		_		(16)
Common dividends declared		_		_		_			_		_		
Preferred dividends declared	Net other comprehensive loss	_		_		_		(16)	_		_		(16)
Non-cash equity award compensation   19,175   1   1,202   -   -   -   1,203	Common dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(17,383)		(17,383)
Balance, June 30, 2018         43,456,234         8 435         8 831,568         5         —         \$ 88,613         \$ (64,254)         \$ 826,362           Balance, December 31, 2018         43,621,174         \$ 436         \$ 836,288         \$ (192)         \$ 91,875         \$ (100,876)         \$ 827,531           Cumulative effect of adoption of new accounting principle         —	Preferred dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(25)		(25)
Balance, December 31, 2018	Non-cash equity award compensation	19,175		1		1,202		_	_		_		1,203
Cumulative effect of adoption of new accounting principle         —         13         —         (13)         —         —           Adjusted balance, January 1, 2019         43,621,174         436         836,301         (192)         91,862         (100,876)         827,531           Net income         —         —         —         —         16,969         —         16,969           Other comprehensive income         —         —         —         —         —         —         —           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         — <t< td=""><td>Balance, June 30, 2018</td><td>43,456,234</td><td>\$</td><td>435</td><td>\$</td><td>831,568</td><td>5</td><td>\$</td><td>\$ 58,613</td><td>\$</td><td>(64,254)</td><td>\$</td><td>826,362</td></t<>	Balance, June 30, 2018	43,456,234	\$	435	\$	831,568	5	\$	\$ 58,613	\$	(64,254)	\$	826,362
Cumulative effect of adoption of new accounting principle         —         13         —         (13)         —         —           Adjusted balance, January 1, 2019         43,621,174         436         836,301         (192)         91,862         (100,876)         827,531           Nct income         —         —         —         —         16,969         —         16,969           Other comprehensive income         —         —         —         192         —         —         —         192           Net other comprehensive income         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         192         —													
Adjusted balance, January 1, 2019         43,621,174         436         836,301         (192)         91,862         (100,876)         827,531           Net income         —         —         —         —         16,969         —         16,969           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         —         —         —         —         —         —           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         —	Balance, December 31, 2018	43,621,174	\$	436	\$	836,288	9	\$ (192)	\$ 91,875	\$	(100,876)	\$	827,531
Net income	Cumulative effect of adoption of new accounting principle	_		_		13		_	(13)		_		_
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         192         —	Adjusted balance, January 1, 2019	43,621,174		436		836,301		(192)	91,862		(100,876)		827,531
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	Net income	_		_		_		_	16,969		_		16,969
comprehensive income         —         192           Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs         8,291,829         83         157,145         —         —         —         —         —         157,228           Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         (21,913)         (21,	Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	_		_		_		192	_		_		192
Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs   8,291,829   83   157,145     -   157,228     Common dividends declared     -   (21,913)   (21,913)     Preferred dividends declared     -   (25)   (25)     Non-cash equity award compensation   258,918   3   1,146     -   (25)   (25)     Balance, March 31, 2019   52,171,921   522   994,592   -   108,831   (122,814)   981,131     Net income     -   18,177   -   18,177     Other comprehensive income before reclassifications     -   32   -   -   32     Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income     -   32   -   -   32     Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs   2,663,095   27   50,150   -   -   -   50,177     Common dividends declared     -   (23,039)   (23,039)     Preferred dividends declared     -   -   (25)   (25)     Non-cash equity award compensation   18,189   -   1,283   -   -   -   1,283		_		_		_		_	_		_		_
Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         (21,913)         (21,913)           Preferred dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         (25)           Non-cash equity award compensation         258,918         3         1,146         —         —         —         1,149           Balance, March 31, 2019         52,171,921         522         994,592         —         108,831         (122,814)         981,131           Net income         —         —         —         18,177         —         18,177           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         —         —         32         —         —         —         32           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         — <td>Net other comprehensive income</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>192</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>192</td>	Net other comprehensive income	_		_		_		192	_		_		192
Preferred dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         (25)         (25)           Non-cash equity award compensation         258,918         3         1,146         —         —         —         1,149           Balance, March 31, 2019         52,171,921         522         994,592         —         108,831         (122,814)         981,131           Net income         —         —         —         —         18,177         —         18,177           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         —         —         32         —         —         —         32           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         32         —	Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs	8,291,829		83		157,145		_	_		_		157,228
Non-cash equity award compensation         258,918         3         1,146         —         —         —         —         1,149           Balance, March 31, 2019         52,171,921         522         994,592         —         108,831         (122,814)         981,131           Net income         —         —         —         —         18,177         —         18,177           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         —         —         32         —         —         —         32           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         —         <	Common dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(21,913)		(21,913)
Balance, March 31, 2019         52,171,921         522         994,592         —         108,831         (122,814)         981,131           Net income         —         —         —         18,177         —         18,177           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         —         —         32         —         —         32           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         —         50,177         Common dividends declared         —	Preferred dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(25)		(25)
Net income         —         —         —         —         18,177         —         18,177           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         —         —         32         —         —         32           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         —         32         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         32         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         50,177         —         —         —         —         —         50,177         Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —	Non-cash equity award compensation	258,918		3		1,146		_	_		_		1,149
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         —         —         —         32         —         —         32           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         —         50,177         Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         —         50,177         Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         50,177         Common dividends declared         —         <	Balance, March 31, 2019	52,171,921		522		994,592		_	108,831		(122,814)		981,131
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         —         50,177         Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         50,177         Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         50,177         —         —         —         50,177         —         —         —         50,177         —         —         —         —         50,177         —         —         —         —         50,177         —         —         —         —         50,177         —	Net income	_		_		_		_	18,177		_		18,177
comprehensive income         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         32         —         —         —         32         —         —         —         32         —         —         —         50,177           Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs         2,663,095         27         50,150         —         —         —         —         50,177           Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         (23,039)         (23,039)           Preferred dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         —         (25)         (25)           Non-cash equity award compensation         18,189         —         1,283         —         —         —         —         1,283	Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	_		_		_		32	_		_		32
Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs         2,663,095         27         50,150         —         —         —         50,177           Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         (23,039)           Preferred dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         (25)         (25)           Non-cash equity award compensation         18,189         —         1,283         —         —         —         1,283		_		_		_		_	_		_		_
Common dividends declared         —         —         —         —         (23,039)           Preferred dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         (25)           Non-cash equity award compensation         18,189         —         1,283         —         —         —         —         1,283	Net other comprehensive income	_		_		_		32	_		_		32
Preferred dividends declared         —         —         —         —         —         (25)           Non-cash equity award compensation         18,189         —         1,283         —         —         —         —         1,283	Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs	2,663,095		27		50,150			_		_		50,177
Non-cash equity award compensation 18,189 — 1,283 — — — 1,283	Common dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(23,039)		(23,039)
	Preferred dividends declared	_		_		_		_	_		(25)		(25)
Balance, June 30, 2019 54,853,205 \$ 549 \$ 1,046,025 \$ 32 \$ 127,008 \$ (145,878) \$ 1,027,736	Non-cash equity award compensation	18,189		_		1,283		_	_		_		1,283
	Balance, June 30, 2019	54,853,205	\$	549	\$	1,046,025	5	\$ 32	\$ 127,008	\$	(145,878)	\$	1,027,736

The accompanying notes are an integral part of thesecondensed consolidated financial statements.

# GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited) (in thousands)

Six Months Ended

	Six Months Ended			
		June	e <b>30</b> ,	
		2019		2018
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Net income	\$	35,146	\$	29,813
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Accretion of discounts and net deferred fees on loans held-for-investment		(7,943)		(5,893)
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs on convertible senior notes and securitized debt obligations		3,882		1,102
Equity based compensation		2,432		1,867
Depreciation of fixed assets		107		3
Net change in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable		344		(450)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(115)		143
Increase in other assets		(7,300)		(1,511)
(Decrease) increase in accrued interest payable		(190)		161
Increase in unearned interest income		74		413
Increase in other liabilities		4,354		1,374
Net cash provided by operating activities		30,791		27,022
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Originations, acquisitions and additional fundings of loans held-for-investment, net of deferred fees		(687,998)		(594,126)
Proceeds from repayment of loans held-for-investment				
		303,737		420,679
Principal payments on held-to-maturity securities		4,676		8,510
Net cash used in investing activities		(379,585)		(164,937)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from repurchase agreements		500,127		561,357
Principal payments on repurchase agreements		(746,643)		(1,063,956)
Proceeds from issuance of securitized debt obligations		646,868		651,374
Principal payments on securitized debt obligations		(171,000)		_
Proceeds from convertible senior notes		_		18,247
Proceeds from asset-specific financings		75,060		_
Proceeds from revolving credit facilities		48,697		49,394
Repayment of revolving credit facilities		(123,697)		(49,394)
(Increase) decrease in deferred debt issuance costs		(2,175)		1,922
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of offering costs		207,405		
Dividends paid on preferred stock		(50)		(50)
Dividends paid on common stock		(40,234)		(32,935)
Net cash provided by financing activities		394,358		135,959
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		45,564		(1,956)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period		123,423		110,718
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$	168,987	\$	108,762
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid for interest	\$	64,534	\$	39,447
Cash paid (received) for taxes, net	\$		\$	(5)
Noncash Activities:				(*)
Dividends declared but not paid at end of period	\$	23,064	\$	17,408
Dividends declared but not part at one of period	Ψ	23,004	Ψ	17,700

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the second ensed consolidated financial statements.}$ 

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Note 1. Organization and Operations

Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc., or the Company, is a Maryland corporation that focuses primarily on directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. The Company is externally managed by Pine River Capital Management L.P., or the Manager. The Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol "GPMT".

The Company was incorporated on April 7, 2017 and commenced operations as a publicly traded company on June 28, 2017, upon completion of an initial public offering, or the IPO. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO, the Company completed a formation transaction, or the Formation Transaction, pursuant to which the Company acquired the equity interests in TH Commercial Holdings LLC, or the Predecessor, from Two Harbors Investment Corp., or Two Harbors, a publicly traded hybrid mortgage real estate investment trust (NYSE: TWO). In exchange, the Company issued 33,071,000 shares of its common stock, representing approximately 76.5% of its outstanding common stock after the IPO, and 1,000 shares of its 10% cumulative redeemable preferred stock to Two Harbors. Upon the completion of the Formation Transaction, the Predecessor became the Company's wholly owned indirect subsidiary. On November 1, 2017, Two Harbors distributed to its common stockholders the 33,071,000 shares of the Company's common stock it had acquired in connection with the Formation Transaction, allowing the Company's market capitalization to be fully floating.

The Company has elected to be treated as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, as defined under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As long as the Company continues to comply with a number of requirements under federal tax law and maintains its qualification as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes to the extent that the Company distributes its taxable income to its stockholders on an annual basis and does not engage in prohibited transactions. However, certain activities that the Company may perform may cause it to earn income which will not be qualifying income for REIT purposes. The Company has designated one of its subsidiaries as a taxable REIT subsidiary, or TRS, as defined in the Code, to engage in such activities.

## Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

## Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or U.S. GAAP, have been condensed or omitted according to such SEC rules and regulations. However, management believes that the disclosures included in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The accompanyingcondensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. In the opinion of management, all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial condition of the Company at June 30, 2019 and results of operations for all periods presented have been made. The results of operations for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019 should not be construed as indicative of the results to be expected for future periods or the full year.

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of all subsidiaries; inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

All entities in which the Company holds investments that are considered VIEs for financial reporting purposes were reviewed for consolidation under the applicable consolidation guidance. Whenever the Company has both the power to direct the activities of an entity that most significantly impact the entity's performance, and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entity that could be significant, the Company consolidates the entity.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make a number of significant estimates. These include estimates of fair value of certain assets and liabilities, amount and timing of allowances for loan losses and impairments and other estimates that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities as of the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of certain revenues and expenses during the reported period. It is likely that changes in these estimates (e.g., valuation changes to the underlying collateral of loans due to changes in capitalization rates, leasing, credit worthiness of major tenants, occupancy rates, availability of financing, exit plan, loan sponsorship, actions of other lenders, overall economic conditions, the broader commercial real estate market, local geographic sub-markets or other factors) will occur in the near term. The Company's estimates are inherently subjective in nature and actual results could differ from its estimates and the differences may be material.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Significant Accounting Policies

Included in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 is a summary of the Company's significant accounting policies. Provided below is a summary of additional accounting policies that are significant to the Company's consolidated financial condition and results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019.

Asset-Specific Financings

The Company finances certain of its loans held-for-investment through the use of an asset-specific financing facility. Borrowings under the asset-specific financing facility generally bear interest rates of a specified margin over one-month LIBOR. The asset-specific financings are treated as collateralized financing transactions and are carried at their contractual amounts, as specified in the respective agreements.

## Recently Issued and/or Adopted Accounting Standards

Lease Classification and Accounting

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, which requires lessees to recognize on their balance sheets both a lease liability for the obligation to make lease payments and a right-of-use asset for the right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. The ASU is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning on or after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company's adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or financial statement disclosures.

Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, which changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments. Allowances for credit losses on available-for-sale, or AFS, and held-to-maturity, or HTM, debt securities will be recognized, rather than direct reductions in the amortized cost of the investments. The new model also requires the estimation of lifetime expected credit losses and corresponding recognition of allowance for losses on trade and other receivables, HTM debt securities, loans, and other instruments held at amortized cost. The ASU requires certain recurring disclosures and is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning on or after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning on or after December 15, 2018. The Company is evaluating the adoption of this ASU to determine the impact it may have on its condensed consolidated financial statements, which at the date of adoption, is expected to increase the allowance for credit losses with a resulting negative adjustment to retained earnings.

Accounting for Share-Based Payments to Nonemployees

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-07 to simplify the accounting for share-based payments to nonemployees by aligning it with the accounting for share-based payments to employees, with certain exceptions. Under the guidance, equity-classified nonemployee awards will be measured on and fixed at the grant date, rather than measured at fair value at each reporting date until the date at which the nonemployee's performance is complete. The ASU is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning on or after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company's adoption of this ASU was applied by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of January 1, 2019, which did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or financial statement disclosures.

SEC Disclosure Update and Simplification

In August 2018, the SEC adopted a final rule that amends certain disclosure requirements that have become duplicative, overlapping, or outdated in light of other SEC disclosure requirements, U.S. GAAP, or changes in the information environment. However, the guidance also added requirements for entities to include in their interim financial statements a reconciliation of changes in stockholders' equity for each period for which an income statement is required (both year-to-date and quarterly periods). The final rule is effective for all filings made on or after November 5, 2018. However, the SEC staff said it would not object to a registrant waiting to comply with the new interim disclosure requirement until the filing of its Form 10-Q for the quarter that begins after the effective date. As a result, the Company adopted the new interim disclosure requirement in connection with the Form 10-Q filing for the first quarter of 2019. The Company's adoption of this final rule did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or financial statement disclosures.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Note 3. Variable Interest Entities

The Company finances pools of its commercial real estate loans through collateralized loan obligations, or CLOs, which are considered VIEs for financial reporting purposes and, thus, are reviewed for consolidation under the applicable consolidation guidance. Because the Company has both the power to direct the activities of the CLOs that most significantly impact the entities' performance, and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entities that could be significant, the Company consolidates the CLOs.

The following table presents a summary of the assets and liabilities of all variable interest entities consolidated on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 1,402,209	\$	795,259
Restricted cash	69,478		26,136
Accrued interest receivable	4,039		2,622
Other assets	6,566		5,130
Total Assets	\$ 1,482,292	\$	829,147
Securitized debt obligations	\$ 1,133,294	\$	654,263
Accrued interest payable	1,122		689
Other liabilities	77		_
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,134,493	\$	654,952

The Company is not required to consolidate VIEs for which it has concluded it does not have both the power to direct the activities of the VIEs that most significantly impact the entities' performance, and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entities that could be significant. The Company's investments in these unconsolidated VIEs include CMBS, which are classified within available-for-sale securities, at fair value, and held-to-maturity securities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the carrying value, which also represents the maximum exposure to loss, of all CMBS in unconsolidated VIEs was \$34.8 million and \$39.3 million, respectively.

#### Note 4. Loans Held-for-Investment

The Company originates and acquires commercial real estate debt and related instruments generally to be held as long-term investments. These assets are classified as loans held-for-investment on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Interest income on loans held-for-investment is recognized at the loan coupon rate. Any premiums or discounts, loan fees.

contractual exit fees and origination costs are amortized or accreted into interest income over the lives of the loans using the effective interest method. Loans are considered past due when they are 30 days past their contractual due date. Interest income recognition is suspended when loans are placed on nonaccrual status. Generally, commercial mortgage loans are placed on nonaccrual status when delinquent for more than 90 days or when determined not to be probable of full collection. Interest accrued, but not collected, at the date loans are placed on nonaccrual is reversed and subsequently recognized only to the extent it is received in cash or until it qualifies for return to accrual status. However, where there is doubt regarding the ultimate collectability of loan principal, all cash received is applied to reduce the carrying value of such loans. Commercial mortgage loans are restored to accrual status only when contractually current or the collection of future payments is reasonably assured.

The Company also finances pools of its commercial real estate loans through CLOs, which are considered to be VIEs for financial reporting purposes and, thus, are reviewed for consolidation under the applicable consolidation guidance. Because the Company has both the power to direct the activities of the CLOs that most significantly impact the entities' performance, and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entities that could be significant, the Company consolidates the CLOs and classifies the underlying loans as loans held-for-investment. Loans held-for-investment are reported at cost, net of any unamortized acquisition premiums or discounts, loan fees and origination costs as applicable.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

The following tables summarize the Company's loans held-for-investment by asset type, property type and geographic location as offune 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

June 30,

	2017										
(dollars in thousands)	Senior Loans (1)	Me	ezzanine Loans		<b>B-Notes</b>		Total				
Unpaid principal balance	\$ 3,556,949	\$	14,095	\$	14,551	\$	3,585,595				
Unamortized (discount) premium	(131)		_		_		(131)				
Unamortized net deferred origination fees	 (25,347)						(25,347)				
Carrying value	\$ 3,531,471	\$	14,095	\$	14,551	\$	3,560,117				
Unfunded commitments	\$ 588,697	\$	_	\$	_	\$	588,697				
Number of loans	103		2		1		106				
Weighted average coupon	6.2%		12.0 %		8.0%		6.2 %				
Weighted average years to maturity (2)	1.8		2.7		7.6		1.8				

December 31,

2018

	 Senior			
(dollars in thousands)	Loans (1)	Mezzanine Loans	<b>B-Notes</b>	Total
Unpaid principal balance	\$ 3,147,310	\$ 31,679	\$ 14,652	\$ 3,193,641
Unamortized (discount) premium	(151)	_	_	(151)
Unamortized net deferred origination fees	 (25,577)	_	_	(25,577)
Carrying value	\$ 3,121,582	\$ 31,679	\$ 14,652	\$ 3,167,913
Unfunded commitments	\$ 626,155	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 626,155
Number of loans	88	3	1	92
Weighted average coupon	6.4%	11.4%	8.0%	6.5 %
Weighted average years to maturity (2)	2.0	1.9	8.1	2.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Loans primarily secured by a first priority lien on commercial real property and related personal property and also includes, when applicable, any companion subordinate

Based on contractual maturity date. Certain loans are subject to contractual extension options with such conditions stipulated in the applicable loan documents. Actual maturities may (2) differ from contractual maturities stated herein as certain borrowers may have the right to prepay with or without paying a prepayment fee. The Company may also extend contractual maturities in connection with loan modifications.

(dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2019		December 31, 2018			
Property Type	Carrying V	alue % of Lo	an Portfolio	ortfolio Carrying Value		% of Loan Portfolio	
Office	\$ 1,51	9,351	42.7 %	\$	1,495,128	47.2 %	
Multifamily	80	06,553	22.7 %		569,259	18.0 %	
Hotel	50	56,259	15.9 %		427,611	13.5 %	
Retail	36	59,869	10.4 %		324,447	10.2 %	
Industrial	26	54,356	7.4%		351,468	11.1 %	
Other	3	33,729	0.9%		_	—%	
Total	\$ 3,50	50,117	100.0%	\$	3,167,913	100.0%	

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)		e 30, 019	December 31, 2018			
Geographic Location	 Carrying Value	% of Loan Portfolio		Carrying Value	% of Loan Portfolio	
Northeast	\$ 1,141,476	32.1 %	\$	1,171,691	37.0 %	
Southwest	881,363	24.8 %		681,108	21.5 %	
West	703,512	19.8 %		694,223	21.9 %	
Southeast	437,898	12.2 %		369,961	11.7 %	
Midwest	395,868	11.1 %		250,930	7.9 %	
Total	\$ 3,560,117	100.0%	\$	3,167,913	100.0%	

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company pledged loans held-for-investment with a carrying value of \$3.2 billion and \$2.9 billion, respectively, as collateral for repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings, revolving credit facilities and securitized debt obligations. See Note 10 - Repurchase Agreements, Note 11 - Asset-specific Financings, Note 12 - Revolving Credit Facilities and Note 13 - Securitized Debt Obligations.

The following table summarizes activity related to loans held-for-investment for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Three Moi Jun	nths E e 30,	nded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	 2019		2018		2019		2018	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 3,292,989	\$	2,364,647	\$	3,167,913	\$	2,304,266	
Originations, acquisitions and additional fundings	415,997		445,944		695,691		602,130	
Repayments	(148,417)		(324,252)		(303,737)		(420,679)	
Net discount accretion (premium amortization)	7		4		20		18	
Increase in net deferred origination fees	(4,573)		(5,919)		(7,693)		(8,004)	
Amortization of net deferred origination fees	4,114		3,182		7,923		5,875	
Allowance for loan losses	_		_		_		_	
Balance at end of period	\$ 3,560,117	\$	2,483,606	\$	3,560,117	\$	2,483,606	

The Company evaluates each loan for impairment at least quarterly by assessing the risk factors of each loan and assigning a risk rating based on a variety of factors. Risk factors include property type, geographic and local market dynamics, physical condition, leasing and tenant profile, projected cash flow, loan structure and exit plan, loan-to-value ratio, project sponsorship, and other factors deemed necessary. Risk ratings are defined as follows:

- 1 Lower Risk
- 2 Average Risk
- 3 Acceptable Risk
- 4 Higher Risk: A loan that has exhibited material deterioration in cash flows and/or other credit factors, which, if negative trends continue, could be indicative of future loss.
- 5 Impaired/Loss Likely: A loan that has a significantly increased probability of default or principal loss.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

The following table presents the number of loans, unpaid principal balance and carrying value (amortized cost) by risk rating for loans held-for-investment as of une 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

(dollars in thousands)			June 30, 2019				]	December 31, 2018		
Risk Rating	Number of Loans	Uı	npaid Principal Balance	(	Carrying Value	Number of Loans	Uı	npaid Principal Balance	C	arrying Value
1	9	\$	377,008	\$	375,737	9	\$	354,791	\$	353,583
2	89		3,013,703		2,990,794	78		2,680,297		2,656,679
3	6		157,465		156,348	3		121,133		120,496
4	2		37,419		37,238	2		37,420		37,155
5			_					_		_
Total	106	\$	3,585,595	\$	3,560,117	92	\$	3,193,641	\$	3,167,913

The Company has not identified any impaired loans and it has not recorded any allowances for losses as it is not deemed probable that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due pursuant to the contractual terms of the loans.

## Note 5. Available-for-Sale Securities

The following table presents the face value and carrying value (which approximates fair value) of AFS securities as ofJune 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

(in thousands)	 une 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Face value	\$ 12,798	\$ 12,798
Gross unrealized gains	32	_
Gross unrealized losses	 _	 (192)
Carrying value	\$ 12,830	\$ 12,606

On June 30, 2019, the Company's AFS securities had contractual maturities of less thanone year.

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company pledged AFS securities with a carrying value of \$12.8 million and \$12.6 million, respectively, as collateral for repurchase agreements. See Note 10 - Repurchase Agreements.

At June 30, 2019, the Company's AFS securities were in a unrealized gain position. AtDecember 31, 2018, the Company's AFS securities were in an unrealized loss position for less than twelve months.

## Evaluating AFS Securities for Other-Than-Temporary Impairments

In evaluating AFS securities for other-than-temporary impairments, or OTTI, the Company determines whether there has been a significant adverse quarterly change in the cash flow expectations for a security. The Company compares the amortized cost of each security in an unrealized loss position against the present value of expected future cash flows of the security. The Company also considers whether there has been a significant adverse change in the regulatory and/or economic environment as part of this analysis. If the amortized cost of the security is greater than the present value of expected future cash flows using the original yield as the discount rate, an other-than-temporary credit impairment has occurred. If the Company does not intend to sell and will not be more likely than not required to sell the security, the credit loss is recognized in earnings and the balance of the unrealized loss is recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). If the Company intends to sell the security or will be more likely than not required to sell the security, the full unrealized loss is recognized in earnings. The Company did not record any other-than-temporary credit impairments during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 as expected cash flows were greater than amortized cost for all AFS securities held.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Note 6. Held-to-Maturity Securities

The following table presents the face value and carrying value of HTM securities by collateral type as ofJune 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	
Face value	\$ 22,020	\$	26,696
Unamortized premium (discount)	_		_
Carrying value	\$ 22,020	\$	26,696

On June 30, 2019, the Company's HTM securities had contractual maturities of less thanone year.

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company pledged HTM securities with a carrying value of \$22.0 million and \$26.7 million, respectively, as collateral for repurchase agreements. See Note 10 - Repurchase Agreements.

## Evaluating HTM Securities for Other-Than-Temporary Impairments

In evaluating HTM securities for OTTI, the Company determines whether there has been a significant adverse quarterly change in the cash flow expectations for a security. The Company compares the amortized cost of each security against the present value of expected future cash flows of the security. The Company also considers whether there has been a significant adverse change in the regulatory and/or economic environment as part of this analysis. If the amortized cost of the security is greater than the present value of expected future cash flows using the original yield as the discount rate, an other-than-temporary credit impairment has occurred and the credit loss is recognized in earnings. The Company did not record any other-than-temporary credit impairments during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, as expected cash flows were greater than amortized cost for all HTM securities held.

## Note 7. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include cash held in bank accounts and cash held in money market funds on an overnight basis.

The Company is required to maintain certain cash balances in restricted accounts as collateral for the Company's repurchase agreements and with counterparties to support activities related to securities. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had \$6.7 million and \$5.6 million, respectively, as collateral for repurchase agreements and by counterparties to support activities related to securities. In addition, as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company held \$69.5 million and \$26.1 million, respectively, in restricted cash representing proceeds from principal paydowns of loans held in the CLOs.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the statements of cash flows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2019	December 2018	- ,
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 92,838	\$	91,700
Restricted cash	76,149	•	31,723
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 168,987	\$	123,423

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Note 8. Accrued Interest Receivable

The following table presents the Company's accrued interest receivable by collateral type as ofJune 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

(in thousands)	•	June 30, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2018
Loans held-for-investment	\$	9,776	\$	10,089
Available-for-sale securities		53		57
Held-to-maturity securities		95		122
Total	\$	9,924	\$	10,268

#### Note 9. Fair Value

#### Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 clarifies that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices available in active markets (i.e., observable inputs) and the lowest priority to data lacking transparency (i.e., unobservable inputs). Additionally, ASC 820 requires an entity to consider all aspects of nonperformance risk, including the entity's own credit standing, when measuring fair value of a liability.

ASC 820 establishes a three-level hierarchy to be used when measuring and disclosing fair value. An instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. Following is a description of the three levels:

Level 1	Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the measurement date under current market conditions. Additionally, the entity must have the ability to access the active market and the quoted prices cannot be adjusted by the entity.
Level 2	Inputs include quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in inactive markets for identical or similar assets or liabilities; or inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means for substantially the full-term of the assets or liabilities.
Level 3	Unobservable inputs are supported by little or no market activity. The unobservable inputs represent the assumptions that market participants would use to price the assets and liabilities, including risk. Generally, Level 3 assets and liabilities are valued using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques that require significant judgment or estimation.

Following are descriptions of the valuation methodologies used to measure material assets and liabilities at fair value and details of the valuation models, key inputs to those models and significant assumptions utilized.

Available-for-sale securities. The Company holds AFS securities that are carried at fair value on the condensed consolidated balance sheet and are comprised of CMBS. In determining the fair value of the Company's CMBS AFS, management judgment may be used to arrive at fair value that considers prices obtained from third-party pricing providers or broker quotes received using the bid price, which are both deemed indicative of market activity, and other applicable market data. The third-party pricing providers and brokers use pricing models that generally incorporate such factors as coupons, primary and secondary mortgage rates, rate reset period, issuer, prepayment speeds, credit enhancements and expected life of the security. If observable market prices are not available or insufficient to determine fair value due principally to illiquidity in the marketplace, then fair value is based upon internally developed models that are primarily based on observable market-based inputs but also include unobservable market data inputs (including prepayment speeds, delinquency levels, and credit losses). The Company classified its CMBS AFS as Level 2 fair value assets at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Recurring Fair Value

The following tables display the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company does not hold any liabilities measured at fair value on its condensed consolidated balance sheets.

		Rec	curring Fair V	alue Meas	surements				
June 30, 2019									
	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3			Total		
\$	_	\$	12,830	\$	_	\$	12,830		
\$	_	\$	12,830	\$	_	\$	12,830		
		Rec	curring Fair V	alue Meas	surements				
			Decembe	r 31, 201	3				
	Level 1		Level 2	]	Level 3		Total		
	_								
\$	_	\$	12,606	\$	_	\$	12,606		
\$	_	\$	12,606	\$	_	\$	12,606		
	\$ \$		Level 1   S	S	S	Level 1   Level 2   Level 3	Sample   S		

The Company may be required to measure certain assets or liabilities at fair value from time to time. These periodic fair value measures typically result from application of certain impairment measures under U.S. GAAP. These items would constitute nonrecurring fair value measures under ASC 820. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company did not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in the periods presented.

Transfers between Levels are deemed to take place on the first day of the reporting period in which the transfer has taken place. The Company did not incur transfers between Levels for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In accordance with ASC 820, the Company is required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments, both assets and liabilities recognized and not recognized in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, for which fair value can be estimated.

The following describes the Company's methods for estimating the fair value for financial instruments.

- Loans held-for-investment are carried at cost, net of any unamortized acquisition premiums or discounts, loan fees and origination costs as applicable. The Company estimates the fair value of its loans held-for-investment by assessing any changes in market interest rates, shifts in credit profiles and actual operating results for mezzanine loans and senior loans, taking into consideration such factors as underlying property type, property competitive position within its market, market and submarket fundamentals, tenant mix, nature of business plan, sponsorship, extent of leverage and other loan terms. The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these assets as Level 3.
- AFS securities are recurring fair value measurements; carrying value equals fair value. See discussion of valuation methods and assumptions within the Fair Value Measurements section of this footnote.
- HTM securities, which are comprised of CMBS, are carried at cost, net of any unamortized acquisition premiums or discounts. In determining the fair value of the Company's CMBS HTM, management judgment may be used to arrive at fair value that considers prices obtained from third-party pricing providers or broker quotes received using the bid price, which are both deemed indicative of market activity, and other applicable market data. The third-party pricing providers and brokers use pricing models that generally incorporate such factors as coupons, primary and secondary mortgage rates, rate reset period, issuer, prepayment speeds, credit enhancements and expected life of the security. The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these assets as Level 2.
- Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash have a carrying value which approximates fair value because of the short maturities of these instruments. The Company
  categorizes the fair value measurement of these assets as Level 1.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

- The carrying value of repurchase agreements, asset-specific financing facilities and revolving credit facilities that mature in less than one year generally approximates fair value due to the short maturities. The Company's long-term repurchase agreements, asset-specific financing facilities and revolving credit facilities have floating rates based on an index plus a credit spread and the credit spread is typically consistent with those demanded in the market. Accordingly, the interest rates on these borrowings are at market and thus carrying value approximates fair value. The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these liabilities as Level 2.
- Securitized debt obligations are recorded at outstanding principal, net of any unamortized deferred debt issuance costs. In determining the fair value of its securitized debt obligations, management judgment may be used to arrive at fair value that considers prices obtained from third-party pricing providers, broker quotes received and other applicable market data. If observable market prices are not available or insufficient to determine fair value due principally to illiquidity in the marketplace, then fair value is based upon internally developed models that are primarily based on observable market-based inputs but also include unobservable market data inputs (including prepayment speeds, delinquency levels, and credit losses). The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these liabilities as Level 2.
- Convertible senior notes are carried at their unpaid principal balance, net of any unamortized deferred issuance costs. The Company estimates the fair value of its
  convertible senior notes using the market transaction price nearest to June 30, 2019. The Company categorizes the fair value measurement of these assets as Level 2.

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of assets and liabilities that are required to be recorded or disclosed at fair value alune 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018			2018	
(in thousands)	Ca	rrying Value	Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value	
Assets	<u>-</u>							_
Loans held-for-investment	\$	3,560,117	\$	3,592,914	\$	3,167,913	\$	3,200,980
Available-for-sale securities	\$	12,830	\$	12,830	\$	12,606	\$	12,606
Held-to-maturity securities	\$	22,020	\$	22,141	\$	26,696	\$	26,611
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,838	\$	92,838	\$	91,700	\$	91,700
Restricted cash	\$	76,149	\$	76,149	\$	31,723	\$	31,723
Liabilities								
Repurchase agreements	\$	1,254,027	\$	1,254,027	\$	1,500,543	\$	1,500,543
Securitized debt obligations	\$	1,133,294	\$	1,148,086	\$	654,263	\$	654,330
Asset-specific financings	\$	75,060	\$	75,060	\$	_	\$	_
Revolving credit facilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	75,000	\$	75,000
Convertible senior notes	\$	268,857	\$	281,601	\$	268,138	\$	270,731

## Note 10. Repurchase Agreements

As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had outstanding \$1.3 billion and \$1.5 billion of repurchase agreements with a weighted average borrowing rate of 4.59% and 4.61% and weighted average remaining maturities of 1.5 and 0.9 years, respectively.

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the repurchase agreement balances were as follows:

(in thousands)	 une 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Short-term	\$ 867,805	\$	842,078	
Long-term	386,222		658,465	
Total	\$ 1,254,027	\$	1,500,543	

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the repurchase agreements had the following characteristics and remaining maturities:

June 30, 2019 December 31, 2018 Collateral Type Collateral Type **Total Amount Total Amount** CMBS (1) Outstanding CMBS (1) Outstanding (dollars in thousands) Loans Loans \$ Within 30 days \$ \$ 30 to 59 days 24,432 24,432 25,854 25,854 60 to 89 days 90 to 119 days 120 to 364 days 843,373 843,373 816,224 816,224 One year and over 386,222 386,222 658,465 658,465 1,229,595 24,432 1,254,027 1,474,689 25,854 1,500,543 Total Weighted average borrowing rate 4.59% 4.78% 4.59 % 4.61 % 4.78 %  $4.61\,\%$ 

The following table summarizes assets at carrying values that are pledged or restricted as collateral for the future payment obligations of repurchase agreements:

(in thousands)	 June 30, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 1,683,366	\$	2,012,550
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value	12,830		12,606
Held-to-maturity securities	22,020		26,696
Restricted cash	2,922		2,922
Total	\$ 1,721,138	\$	2,054,774

Although the transactions under repurchase agreements represent committed borrowings until maturity, the respective lender retains the right to mark the underlying collateral to fair value. A reduction in the value of pledged assets due to credit or market events, depending on the agreement, would require the Company to fund margin calls or repurchase the underlying collateral.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes repurchase agreements collateralized by both AFS securities and HTM securities

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

The following table summarizes certain characteristics of the Company's repurchase agreements and counterparty concentration at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	June 30, 2019							]	December 31, 2	2018	
(dollars in thousands)	Amount Outstanding		Counterparty Exposure (1)	Percent of Equity	Weighted Average Years to Maturity		Amount Outstanding		t Counterparty Exposure (1)	Percent of Equity	Weighted Average Years to Maturity
Morgan Stanley Bank	\$ 529,742	\$	205,457	20%	1.00	\$	475,474	\$	203,274	25%	1.49
JPMorgan Chase Bank	262,209		114,484	11%	2.73		481,754		168,234	20%	0.47
Goldman Sachs Bank	178,137		66,472	6%	0.84		251,785		93,651	11%	0.33
All other counterparties (2)	283,939		83,695	8%	1.52		291,531		92,614	11%	1.12
Total	\$ 1,254,027	\$	470,108			\$	1,500,544	\$	557,773		

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the net carrying value of the loans held-for-investment, AFS securities and HTM securities pledged as collateral for repurchase agreements, including accrued interest plus any cash on deposit to secure the repurchase obligation, less the amount of the repurchase liability, including accrued interest.

The Company does not anticipate any defaults by its repurchase agreement counterparties. There can be no assurance, however, that any such default or defaults will not occur.

## Note 11. Asset-Specific Financings

To finance certain of its loans held-for-investment, the Company has entered into an asset-specific financing facility collateralized by the value of the loans pledged. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had outstanding long-term borrowings under the asset-specific financing facility of \$75.1 million with a weighted average borrowing rate of 4.1% and weighted average remaining maturities of 2.4 years. There were no amounts outstanding under the asset-specific financing facility as of December 31, 2018.

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, borrowings under the asset-specific financing facility had the following remaining maturities:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Within 30 days	\$ —	\$
30 to 59 days	_	_
60 to 89 days	_	_
90 to 119 days	_	_
120 to 364 days	_	_
One year and over	75,060	
Total	\$ 75,060	\$ —

As of June 30, 2019, loans held-for-investment with a carrying value of \$92.9 million were pledged as collateral for the Company's future payment obligations under its asset-specific financing facility. No loans held-for-investment were pledged for asset-specific financings as of December 31, 2018. The Company does not anticipate any defaults by its asset-specific financing facility counterparty, although there can be no assurance that one or more defaults will not occur.

## Note 12. Revolving Credit Facilities

To finance certain of its loans held-for-investment, the Company has entered into a revolving credit facility collateralized by a borrowing base of loans. The facility provides intermediate-term bridge or transitional financing for typically around 90 days per loan and matures on April 13, 2020, unless extended pursuant to its terms. As of December 31, 2018, the Company had outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility of \$75.0 million with a weighted average borrowing rate of 5.2%. There were no amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2019.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents amounts outstanding with two other counterparties as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

As of December 31, 2018, loans held-for-investment with a carrying value of \$127.9 million were considered the borrowing base collateral for the Company's future payment obligations under its revolving credit facility. No loans held-for-investment were designated as collateral for the revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2019. The Company does not anticipate any defaults by its revolving credit facility counterparty, although there can be no assurance that one or more defaults will not occur.

## Note 13. Securitized Debt Obligations

The Company finances pools of its commercial real estate loans through CLOs, which are consolidated on the Company's ondensed consolidated financial statements. See Note 3 - Variable Interest Entities for additional information regarding consolidation of the CLOs. The securitized debt obligations issued by the CLOs are recorded at outstanding principal, net of any unamortized deferred debt issuance costs, on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the outstanding amount due on securitized debt obligations was\$1.1 billion and \$654.3 million, net of deferred issuance costs, with a weighted average interest rate of 3 98% and 3 58%

## Note 14. Convertible Senior Notes

In December 2017, the Company closed a private placement of \$125.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2022. In January 2018, an additional \$18.8 million in notes were issued by the Company in connection with the exercise of the initial purchaser's option. The net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$139.5 million after deducting underwriting discounts and expenses. The notes are unsecured, pay interest semiannually at a rate of 5.625% per annum and are convertible at the option of the holder into shares of the Company's common stock. The notes will mature in December 2022, unless earlier converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Company does not have the right to redeem the notes prior to maturity, but may be required to repurchase the notes from holders under certain circumstances. As of June 30, 2019, the notes had a conversion rate of 50.3802 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes

In October 2018, the Company closed an underwritten public offering of\$131.6 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2023. The net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$127.7 million after deducting underwriting discounts and expenses. The notes are unsecured, pay interest semiannually at a rate of 6.375% per annum and are convertible at the option of the holder into shares of the Company's common stock. The notes will mature in October 2023, unless earlier converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Company does not have the right to redeem the notes prior to maturity, but may be required to repurchase the notes from holders under certain circumstances. As of June 30, 2019, the notes had a conversion rate of 48.8496 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes

The outstanding amount due on convertible senior notes as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$268.9 million and \$268.1 million, respectively, net of deferred issuance costs.

## Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies

The following represent the material commitments and contingencies of the Company as of June 30, 2019:

Management agreement. Upon closing the IPO on June 28, 2017, the Company entered into a management agreement with the Manager. The Company pays the Manager a base management fee equal to 1.5% of the Company's equity on an annualized basis, as defined in the management agreement. For purposes of calculating the management fee, equity means the sum of the net proceeds received by the Company from all issuances of its equity securities, plus its cumulative "core earnings" at the end of the most recently completed calendar quarter, less any distributions to stockholders, any amount that the Company has paid to repurchase its stock, and any incentive fees earned by the Manager, but excluding the incentive fee earned in the current quarter. As a result, equity for purposes of calculating the management fee may differ from the amount of stockholders' equity shown in the Company's financial statements.

Incentive fees, if earned, are payable to the Manager, as defined in the management agreement. The incentive fee is the excess of (1) the product of (a)20% and (b) the result of (i) the Company's "core earnings" for the previous 12-month period, minus (ii) the product of (A) the Company's equity in the previous 12-month period, and (B)8% per annum, less (2) the sum of any incentive fees paid to the Manager with respect to the first three calendar quarters of such previous 12-month period; provided, however, that no incentive fees are payable with respect to any calendar quarter unless "core earnings" for the 12 most recently completed calendar quarters in the aggregate is greater than zero.

In addition, under the terms of an amendment to the management agreement entered into in the fourth quarter of 2018, the Manager agreed to reimburse the Company an amount related to the compensation payable to the sales agents under the Company's equity distribution agreement by netting such amount from the base management fee payable to the Manager for the applicable quarterly period.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For purposes of calculating base management and incentive fees, "core earnings" means net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders, excluding non-cash equity compensation expense, incentive fees earned by the Manager, depreciation and amortization, any unrealized gains or losses or other similar non-cash items that are included in net income for the applicable period (regardless of whether such items are included in other comprehensive income or loss or in net income), and one-time events pursuant to changes in U.S. GAAP and certain material non-cash income or expense items, in each case after discussions between the Manager and the Company's independent directors and approved by a majority of the Company's independent directors.

The initial term of the management agreement expires on June 28, 2020, and thereafter will automatically renew for successive one-year terms annually until terminated in accordance with the terms of the agreement. Upon termination of the management agreement by the Company without cause or by the Manager due to the Company's material breach of the management agreement, the Company is required to pay a termination fee equal to three times the sum of the average annual base management fee and average annual incentive compensation, in each case earned by the Manager during the 24-month period immediately preceding the date of termination, calculated as of the end of the most recently completed fiscal quarter prior to the date of termination.

Employment contracts. The Company does not directly employ any personnel. Instead, the Company relies on the resources of the Manager and its affiliates to conduct the Company's operations.

Legal and regulatory. From time to time, the Company may be subject to liability under laws and government regulations and various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Liabilities are established for legal claims when payments associated with the claims become probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated. The actual costs of resolving legal claims may be substantially higher or lower than the amounts established for those claims. Based on information currently available, management is not aware of any legal or regulatory claims that would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements and therefore no accrual is required as of June 30, 2019.

Unfunded commitments on loans held-for-investment. Certain of the Company's commercial real estate loan agreements contain provisions for future fundings to borrowers, generally to finance lease-related or capital expenditures. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had unfunded commitments of \$588.7 million and \$626.2 million on loans held-for-investment with expirations dates within the next three years.

## Note 16. Preferred Stock

In connection with the Formation Transaction, the Company issued 1,000 shares of its 10% cumulative redeemable preferred stock to Two Harbors, which immediately sold such preferred stock to an unaffiliated third-party investor. The preferred stock ranks senior to the rights of holders of the Company's common stock, but junior to all other classes or series of preferred stock that may be issued. The holders of the preferred stock are entitled to receive, when, as and if authorized and declared by the Company, cumulative cash dividends at the rate of 10% per annum of the \$1,000 liquidation preference per share of the preferred stock. Such dividends accrue on a daily basis and are cumulative from and including the initial issue date of the preferred stock.

The Company has the option at any time after five years from the initial issue date to redeem the preferred stock at a redemption price of \$1,000 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. At any time after six years from the initial issue date, the Company will, at the request of any preferred stockholder, repurchase the holder's preferred stock at a price of \$1,000 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company declared dividends to the preferred stockholder of \$25,000 and \$50,000, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company declared dividends to the preferred stockholder of \$25,000 and \$50,000, respectively.

## Note 17. Stockholders' Equity

## Common Stock

On June 28, 2017, the Company completed the IPO of 10,000,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$19.50 per share, for gross proceeds of \$195.0 million. Net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$181.9 million, after accounting for issuance costs of approximately \$13.1 million. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO, the Company issued 33,071,000 shares of its common stock to Two Harbors in exchange for the equity interests in the Predecessor, which became the Company's wholly owned indirect subsidiary as a result of the transaction. On November 1, 2017, Two Harbors distributed to its common stockholders the 33,071,000 shares of the Company's common stock it had acquired in connection with the Formation Transaction, allowing the Company's market capitalization to be fully floating.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

On February 5, 2019, the Company closed an underwritten public offering of 6,850,000 shares of its common stock. The Company received total proceeds from the offering of approximately \$130.2 million. In addition, the Company granted the underwriters a thirty-day option to purchase up to an additional 1,027,500 shares of its common stock, which was exercised in full on March 6, 2019 resulting in proceeds of \$19.5 million from exercise of the underwriters option. In connection with this offering, the Manager agreed to pay approximately \$1.6 million of the underwriting fees and discounts.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had 54,853,205 shares of common stock outstanding. The following table presents a reconciliation of the common shares outstanding for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Number of common shares
Common shares outstanding, December 31, 2017	43,235,103
Issuance of restricted stock (1)	221,131
Common shares outstanding, June 30, 2018	43,456,234
Common shares outstanding, December 31, 2018	43,621,174
Issuance of common stock	10,954,924
Issuance of restricted stock (1)	277,107
Common shares outstanding, June 30, 2019	54,853,205

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents shares of restricted stock granted under the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan. See Note 18 - Equity Incentive Plan for additional information.

## Distributions to Stockholders

The following table presents cash dividends declared by the Company on its common stock fromDecember 31, 2017 through June 30, 2019:

<b>Declaration Date</b>	Record Date	Payment Date	ividend Per Share
June 20, 2019	July 5, 2019	July 19, 2019	\$ 0.42
March 20, 2019	April 1, 2019	April 18, 2019	\$ 0.42
December 19, 2018	December 31, 2018	January 18, 2019	\$ 0.42
September 20, 2018	October 2, 2018	October 18, 2018	\$ 0.42
June 20, 2018	July 2, 2018	July 18, 2018	\$ 0.40
March 15, 2018	March 29, 2018	April 18, 2018	\$ 0.38

## Share Repurchase Program

On November 21, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a Share Repurchase Program, which allows the Company to repurchase up to2,000,000 shares of its common stock. The shares are expected to be repurchased from time to time through privately negotiated transactions or open market transactions, including pursuant to a trading plan in accordance with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or by any combination of such methods. The manner, price, number and timing of share repurchases will be subject to a variety of factors, including market conditions and applicable Securities and Exchange Commission rules. The Company has not repurchased any of its common stock since the program was authorized.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## At-the-Market Offering

On November 21, 2018, the Company entered into an equity distribution agreement under which the Company may sell up to an aggregate of \$,000,000 shares of its common stock from time to time in any method permitted by law deemed to be an "at the market" offering as defined in Rule 415 under the Securities Act. As of June 30, 2019, 3,242,364 shares of common stock had been sold under the equity distribution agreement for total accumulated net proceeds of approximately \$61.2 million, of which 2,663,095 and 3,077,424 shares were sold for net proceeds of \$50.3 million and \$58.1 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively. Additionally, the Company received a base management fee reimbursement from the Manager of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for stock sold under the equity distribution agreement during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively.

## Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was as follows:

(in thousands)	J	une 30, 2019	I	December 31, 2018		
Available-for-sale securities						
Unrealized gains	\$	32	\$	_		
Unrealized losses		_		(192)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	32	\$	(192)		

Reclassifications out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The Company did not record any reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

## Note 18. Equity Incentive Plan

The Company's 2017 Equity Incentive Plan, or the Plan, provides incentive compensation to attract and retain qualified directors, officers, advisors, consultants and other personnel, including certain personnel of the Manager and its affiliates. The Plan is administered by the compensation committee of the Company's board of directors. The compensation committee has the full authority to administer and interpret the Plan, to authorize the granting of awards, to determine the eligibility of directors, officers, advisors, consultants and other personnel, including personnel of the Manager and its affiliates, to receive an award, to determine the number of shares of common stock to be covered by each award (subject to the individual participant limitations provided in the Plan), to determine the terms, provisions and conditions of each award (which may not be inconsistent with the terms of the Plan), to prescribe the form of instruments evidencing awards and to take any other actions and make all other determinations that it deems necessary or appropriate in connection with the Plan or the administration or interpretation thereof. In connection with this authority, the compensation committee may, among other things, establish performance goals that must be met in order for awards to be granted or to vest, or for the restrictions on any such awards to lapse.

The Plan provides for grants of restricted common stock, phantom shares, dividend equivalent rights and other equity-based awards, subject to a ceiling of 3,242,306 shares available for issuance under the Plan. The Plan allows for the Company's board of directors to expand the types of awards available under the Plan to include long-term incentive plan units in the future. If an award granted under the Plan expires or terminates, the shares subject to any portion of the award that expires or terminates without having been exercised or paid, as the case may be, will again become available for the issuance of additional awards. Unless earlier terminated by the Company's board of directors, no new award may be granted under the Plan after the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the Plan. No award may be granted under the Plan to any person who, assuming payment of all awards held by such person, would own or be deemed to own more than 9.8% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company granted 18,189 and 19,175 shares of common stock, respectively, to its independent directors as compensation for their service on the Company's board of directors, pursuant to the terms of the Plan. The estimated fair value of these awards was \$19.24 and \$17.86 per share on grant date, based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the NYSE on such date. The shares have a one year vesting period.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Additionally, during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company granted 258,918 and 201,956 shares of restricted common stock, respectively, to key employees of the Manager and its affiliates pursuant to the terms of the Plan and the associated award agreements. The estimated fair value of these awards was \$19.31 and \$17.33 per share on grant date, based on the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the NYSE on such date. The shares underlying the grants vest in three equal annual installments commencing on the first anniversary of the grant date, as long as the grantee complies with the terms and conditions of his or her applicable restricted stock award agreement.

The following table summarizes the activity related to restricted common stock for thesix months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Six Months Ended June 30,							
	20	019		2018				
	Shares		Veighted Average Grant Date Fair Market Value	Shares	(	eighted Average Grant Date Fair Market Value		
Outstanding at Beginning of Period	321,134	\$	18.04	150,000	\$	19.50		
Granted	277,107		19.31	221,131		17.38		
Vested	(136,870)		(18.20)	(49,997)		(19.50)		
Forfeited	_		_	_		_		
Outstanding at End of Period	461,371	\$	18.75	321,134	\$	18.04		

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recognized compensation related to restricted common stock of \$1.3 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company recognized compensation related to restricted common stock of \$1.2 million and \$1.9 million, respectively.

## Note 19. Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As long as the Company qualifies as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes on its taxable income to the extent it annually distributes its net taxable income to stockholders, and does not engage in prohibited transactions. The Company intends to distribute 100% of its REIT taxable income and comply with all requirements to continue to qualify as a REIT. The majority of states also recognize the Company's REIT status. The Company's TRS files a separate tax return and is fully taxed as a standalone U.S. C-corporation. It is assumed that the Company will retain its REIT status and will incur no REIT level taxation as it intends to comply with the REIT regulations and annual distribution requirements.

The following table summarizes the tax provision recorded at the taxable subsidiary level for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

		Three Moi Jun	nths Er e 30,	nded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2019			2018	2019		2018		
Current tax (benefit) provision:									
Federal	\$	_	\$	— \$	_	\$	(1)		
State		_		_	_		2		
Total current tax provision				_	_		1		
Deferred tax (benefit)		(2)		(2)	(3)		(2)		
Total (benefit from) provision for income taxes	\$	(2)	\$	(2) \$	(3)	\$	(1)		

Based on the Company's evaluation, it has been concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements of a contingent tax liability for uncertain tax positions. Additionally, there were no amounts accrued for penalties or interest as of or during the periods presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Note 20. Earnings Per Share

The following table presents a reconciliation of the earnings and shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

		Three Mo Jur	nths E ie 30,	nded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands, except share data)	2019			2018		2019	2018		
Numerator:	·								
Net income attributable to common stockholders - basic	\$	18,152	\$	15,202	\$	35,096	\$	29,763	
Interest expense attributable to convertible notes(1)		4,474		2,198		_		4,369	
Net income attributable to common stockholders - diluted	\$	22,626	\$	17,400	\$	35,096	\$	34,132	
Denominator:	-								
Weighted average common shares outstanding		53,446,531		43,090,048		50,810,687		43,087,589	
Weighted average restricted stock shares		507,103		356,915		481,631		323,207	
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	<u>-</u>	53,953,634		43,446,963		51,292,318		43,410,796	
Effect of dilutive shares issued in an assumed conversion of the convertible senior notes		13,670,761		7,187,500		_		7,187,500	
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		67,624,395		50,634,463		51,292,318		50,598,296	
Earnings Per Share									
Basic	\$	0.34	\$	0.35	\$	0.68	\$	0.69	
Diluted	\$	0.33	\$	0.34	\$	0.68	\$	0.67	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes a nondiscretionary adjustment for the assumed change in the management fee calculation.

For the six months ended June 30, 2019, excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share is the effect of adding back\$9.0 million of interest expense, net of nondiscretionary adjustment for the assumed change in the management fee calculation, and 13,663,006 weighted average common share equivalents related to the assumed conversion of the Company's convertible senior notes, as their inclusion would be antidilutive.

## Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## Note 21. Related Party Transactions

The following summary provides disclosure of the material transactions with affiliates of the Company.

The Company does not have any employees and is externally managed by the Manager under the terms of a management agreement entered into in connection with closing of the IPO and Formation Transaction on June 28, 2017. Under the management agreement, the Manager and its affiliates provide the Company with the personnel and resources necessary to operate the Company's business. In exchange, the Company pays the Manager a base management fee that is equal to 1.5% of the Company's equity on an annualized basis as well as an incentive fee, which is payable, if earned, beginning in the fourth quarter of 2018, in accordance with the terms of the management agreement. For purposes of calculating the management fee, equity is adjusted to exclude any common stock repurchases as well as any unrealized gains, losses or other items that do not affect realized net income (loss), among other adjustments, in accordance with the management agreement. In addition, under the terms of an amendment to the management agreement entered into in the fourth quarter of 2018, the Manager agreed to reimburse the Company an amount related to the compensation payable to the sales agents under the Company's equity distribution agreement by netting such amount from the base management fee payable to the Manager for the applicable quarterly period. The Company incurred \$3.8 million and \$7.2 million as a management fee to the Manager for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019, and \$3.1 million and \$6.3 million as a management fee to the Manager for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019. No incentive fees were incurred for the three months ended June 30, 2019 or for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. See further discussion of the base management fee and incentive fee calculations in Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies and further discussion of base management fee reimbursements for common stock sold under the Company's equity distribution agreement in Note 17 - Stockholder's Equity.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company reimbursed the Manager for certain direct and allocated costs incurred by the Manager on behalf of the Company. These direct and allocated costs totaled approximately \$1.7 million and \$8.3 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, direct and allocated costs totaled approximately \$1.5 million and \$5.2 million, respectively.

In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Manager paid the underwriters an amount equal to \$0.20 per share for each share issued in connection with the Company's underwritten public offering of its common stock and the related option exercised by the underwriters to purchase additional shares of the Company's common stock.

The Company has contractual relationships with the majority of its third-party vendors and pays those vendors directly. The Company will continue to have certain costs allocated to it by the Manager under the management agreement for compensation, data services, technology and certain office lease payments.

The Company recognized \$1.3 million and \$2.4 million of compensation during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and \$1.2 million and \$1.9 million of compensation during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, related to restricted common stock issued to employees of the Manager and the Company's independent directors pursuant to the Plan. See Note 18 - Equity Incentive Plan for additional information.

The terms of these transactions may have been different had they been transacted with an unrelated third-party.

## Note 22. Subsequent Events

Events subsequent to June 30, 2019, were evaluated through the date these financial statements were issued and no other additional events were identified requiring further disclosure in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

## **Our Company**

We are a Maryland corporation that focuses primarily on directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. We were formed to continue and expand the commercial real estate lending business established by Two Harbors Investment Corp., or Two Harbors, a publicly traded hybrid mortgage real estate investment trust. In the first quarter of 2015, Two Harbors established its commercial real estate lending business, TH Commercial Holdings LLC, collectively with its subsidiaries, our Predecessor. Concurrently with the closing of our initial public offering, or the IPO, on June 28, 2017, we completed a formation transaction, or the Formation Transaction, pursuant to which we acquired from Two Harbors the equity interests in our Predecessor, including its portfolio of commercial real estate debt investments and related financing. In exchange, we issued 33,071,000 shares of our common stock and 1,000 shares of our 10% cumulative redeemable preferred stock to Two Harbors. Upon the completion of the Formation Transaction, our Predecessor became our wholly owned indirect subsidiary. On November 1, 2017, Two Harbors distributed to its common stockholders the 33,071,000 shares of our common stock it had acquired in connection with the Formation Transaction, allowing our market capitalization to be fully floating. We are externally managed by Pine River Capital Management L.P., or our Manager.

We are a long-term, fundamental value-oriented investor. We construct our investment portfolio on a loan-by-loan basis, emphasizing rigorous credit underwriting, selectivity and diversification, and assess each investment from a fundamental value perspective relative to other opportunities available in the market. Our primary target investments are directly originated floating-rate performing senior commercial mortgage loans, typically with terms of three to five years, usually ranging in size from \$25 million to \$150 million. We typically provide intermediate-term bridge or transitional financing for a variety of purposes, including acquisitions, recapitalizations, refinancings and a range of business plans including lease-up, renovation, repositioning and repurposing of the property. We generally target the top 25, and up to the top 50, metropolitan statistical areas in the United States, or MSAs. We believe that those markets provide ample supply of high credit quality properties to lend against, sufficient numbers of owners and sponsors with institutional attributes, and adequate market liquidity. We believe this approach enables us to deliver attractive risk-adjusted returns to our stockholders while preserving our capital base through diverse business cycles.

Our origination strategy relies on our extensive and longstanding direct relationships with a wide array of national, regional and local private owner/operators, private equity firms, funds, REITs, brokers and co-lenders. Our team's reach across the United States and active dialogue with market participants has produced a significant volume of investment opportunities since our Predecessor's formation, and our reputation as a reliable counterparty has led to multiple investment opportunities with repeat clients. We have deep experience in the commercial real estate finance markets, with each of the senior members of our team of commercial real estate professionals having over 20 years of experience in commercial real estate debt markets.

We believe that the U.S. commercial real estate debt markets offer enduring investment opportunities. A significant amount of commercial real estate debt is scheduled to mature over the next several years, and there is a sustained need for acquisition, repositioning and recapitalization loans. We expect that traditional lenders, including banks which have historically accounted for approximately half of the market, will not be able to meet borrower demand due to structural and regulatory constraints. As a result, we believe that there are significant opportunities to originate floating-rate senior commercial real estate loans on transitional properties at attractive risk-adjusted return.

We have elected to be treated as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes. To qualify as a REIT, we are required to meet certain investment and operating tests and annual distribution requirements. We generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes on our taxable income to the extent that we annually distribute all of our net taxable income to stockholders, do not participate in prohibited transactions and maintain our intended qualification as a REIT. However, certain activities that we may perform may cause us to earn income which will not be qualifying income for REIT purposes. We have designated one of our subsidiaries as a taxable REIT subsidiary, or TRS, as defined in the Code, to engage in such activities, and we may form additional TRSs in the future. We also operate our business in a manner that will permit us to maintain our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or the Investment Company Act.

## **Our Portfolio**

As of June 30, 2019, our investment portfolio consisted of 106 commercial real estate loans and two commercial mortgage-backed securities, or CMBS, having an aggregate principal balance of \$3.6 billion and \$34.8 million, respectively, with an additional \$588.7 million of potential future funding obligations, diversified across geographies, property types, structures and credits.

## **Table of Contents**

We focus on originating senior commercial mortgage loans backed by different types of commercial real estate properties located in various markets across the United States. We may, from time to time, invest in other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. Together, we refer to these investments as our target investments. Our target investments include:

## **Primary Target Investments**

• Senior Mortgage Loans. Commercial mortgage loans that are secured by real estate and evidenced by a first priority mortgage. These loans may vary in term, may bear interest at a fixed or floating rate (although our focus is floating-rate loans), and may amortize and typically require a balloon payment of principal at maturity. These investments may encompass a whole loan or may include *pari passu* participations within such a mortgage loan. These loans may finance stabilized properties or properties that are subject to a business plan that is expected to enhance the value of the property through lease-up, refurbishment, updating or repositioning.

#### Secondary Target Investments

As part of our financing strategy, we may from time-to-time syndicate senior participations in our originated senior commercial mortgage loans to other investors and retain a subordinated debt position for our portfolio in the form of a mezzanine loan or subordinated mortgage interest, as described below. Alternatively, we may opportunistically co-originate the investments described below with senior lenders, or acquire them in the secondary market.

- Mezzanine Loans. Mezzanine loans are secured by a pledge of equity interests in the property. These loans are subordinate to a senior mortgage loan, but senior to the property owner's equity.
- Preferred Equity. Investments that are subordinate to any mortgage and mezzanine loans, but senior to the property owner's common equity.
- Subordinated Mortgage Interests. Sometimes referred to as a B-note, a subordinated mortgage interest is an investment in a junior portion of a mortgage loan. B-notes have the same borrower and benefit from the same underlying secured obligation and collateral as the senior mortgage loan, but are subordinated in priority payments in the event of default
- Other Real Estate Securities. Investments in real estate that take the form of CMBS or collateralized loan obligations, or CLOs, that are collateralized by pools of real
  estate debt instruments, which are often senior mortgage loans, or other securities. These may be classified as available-for-sale, or AFS, securities or held-to-maturity,
  or HTM, securities.

Based on current market conditions, we expect that the majority of our investments will continue to consist of senior commercial mortgage loans directly originated by us and secured by cash-flowing properties located in the United States. These investments typically pay interest at rates that are determined periodically on the basis of a floating base lending rate, primarily LIBOR plus a premium, and have an expected term between three and five years.

We may opportunistically adjust our capital allocation to our target investments, with the proportion and types of investments changing over time depending on our views on, among other things, the current economic and credit environment. In addition, we may invest in assets other than our target investments, in each case subject to maintaining our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes and our exclusion from regulation under the Investment Company Act.

## Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains, or incorporates by reference, not only historical information, but also forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the Exchange Act, and that are subject to the safe harbors created by such sections. Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ from our beliefs, expectations, estimates, and projections and, consequently, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements are not historical in nature and can be identified by words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "will," "should," "expect," "target," "believe," "intend," "seek," "plan," "goals," "future," "likely," "may" and similar expressions or their negative forms, or by references to strategy, plans, or intentions. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, among other things, those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, under the caption "Risk Factors." Other risks, uncertainties and factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected are described below and may be described from time to time in reports we file with the SEC, including our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Important factors, among others, that may affect our actual results include:

- the general political, economic, and competitive conditions in the markets in which we invest;
- defaults by borrowers in paying debt service on outstanding indebtedness and borrowers' abilities to manage and stabilize properties;
- our ability to obtain financing arrangements on terms favorable to us or at all:

- the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads;
- reductions in the yield on our investments and increases in the cost of our financing;
- general volatility of the securities markets in which we participate;
- the return or impact of current or future investments;
- allocation of investment opportunities to us by our Manager;
- increased competition from entities investing in our target assets:
- effects of hedging instruments on our target investments:
- changes in governmental regulations, tax law and rates, and similar matters;
- our ability to maintain our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes and our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act
- availability of desirable investment opportunities;
- availability of qualified personnel and our relationship with our Manager;
- estimates relating to our ability to make distributions to our stockholders in the future:
- hurricanes, earthquakes, and other natural disasters, acts of war and/or terrorism and other events that may cause unanticipated and uninsured performance declines and/or losses to us or the owners and operators of the real estate securing our investments;
- deterioration in the performance of the properties securing our investments that may cause deterioration in the performance of our investments and, potentially, principal losses to us; and
- difficulty or delays in redeploying the proceeds from repayments of our existing investments.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain statistics and other data that, in some cases, have been obtained or compiled from information made available by mortgage loan servicers and other third-party service providers.

## **Factors Affecting our Operating Results**

The results of our operations are affected by a number of factors and primarily depend on, among other things, the level of our net interest income, the market value of our assets, credit performance of our assets and the supply of, and demand for, commercial real estate loans, other commercial real estate debt instruments and other financial assets available for investment in the market. Our net interest income, which reflects the amortization of origination fees and direct costs, is recognized based on the contractual rate and the outstanding principal balance of the loans we originate. The objective of the interest method is to arrive at periodic interest income that yields a level rate of return over the loan term. Interest rates vary according to the type of loan or security, conditions in the financial markets, credit worthiness of our borrowers, competition and other factors, none of which can be predicted with any certainty. Our operating results may also be impacted by credit losses in excess of initial anticipations or unanticipated credit events experienced by our borrowers.

## Loan Originations

Our business model is mainly focused on directly originating, investing in and managing senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. As a result of this strategy, our operating performance is subject to overall market demand for commercial real estate loan products and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments. We manage originations and acquisitions of our target investments by diversifying our investment portfolio across geographical regions and local markets, property types, borrower types, loan structures and types. We do not limit our investments to any number of geographical areas or property types for our originations and will continue to develop a well-diversified investment portfolio. Additionally, our team has extensive experience originating and acquiring commercial real estate loans and other debt and debt-like commercial real estate investments, through a network of long-standing relationships with borrowers, sponsors and industry brokers.

## Financing Availability

We are subject to availability and cost of financing to successfully execute on our business strategy and generate attractive risk-adjusted returns to our stockholders. Much of our financing is in the form of repurchase agreements or other types of credit facilities provided to us by our lender counterparties. We mitigate this counterparty risk by seeking to diversify our lending partners, focusing on establishing borrowing relationships with strong counterparties and continuously monitoring them through a thoughtful approach to counterparty risk oversight. Additionally, as part of our broader risk management strategy, and to the extent available in the market, we finance our business through other means which may include, but not be limited to, securitizations, note sales and issuance of unsecured debt and equity instruments. We will continue to actively explore additional types of funding facilities in order to further diversify our financing sources.

## Table of Contents

We finance pools of our commercial real estate loans through collateralized loan obligations, or CLOs, retaining the subordinate securities in our investment portfolio. Our CLOs are accounted for as financings with the non-retained securitized debt obligations recognized on our balance sheet.

#### Credit Risk

We are subject to varying degrees of credit risk in connection with our target investments. We seek to mitigate this risk by seeking to originate or acquire assets of higher quality at appropriate rates of return given anticipated and unanticipated losses, by employing a comprehensive review and selection process and by proactively monitoring originated or acquired investments. Nevertheless, unanticipated credit losses could occur that could adversely impact our operating results.

## Operating Expenses - Investment Management and Corporate Overhead

We incur significant general and administrative costs, including certain costs related to being a public company and costs incurred on our behalf by our Manager. We rely on our Manager to provide or obtain on our behalf the personnel and services necessary for us to conduct our business because we have no employees of our own. Our Manager performs these services for us and provides us with a comprehensive suite of investment and portfolio management services.

Under our management agreement with our Manager, we pay all costs and expenses of our Manager incurred on our behalf in order to operate our business, as well as all compensation costs for certain personnel providing services to us under the management agreement, other than personnel directly involved in supporting the investment function. We also pay our Manager a quarterly base management fee equal to 0.375% (a 1.50% annual rate) of our equity and an incentive fee, which is payable, if earned, beginning in the fourth quarter of 2018, as defined in the management agreement. See further discussion of the base management fee and incentive fee calculations in Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Market Conditions

We believe that the commercial real estate debt markets continue to offer compelling investment opportunities especially when approached fundamentally with a focus on strong credit and cash flow characteristics, and high quality borrowers and sponsors. These investment opportunities are supported by active real estate transaction volumes, continuous need for refinancing of legacy loans, and borrower and sponsor demand for debt capital to renovate, reposition or redevelop their properties. Additionally, the stricter regulatory environment after the financial crisis of 2007 to 2009 for traditional providers of financing in this market, such as banks and insurance companies, limits the capacity of available funding for certain types of commercial real estate loans which comprise a large part of our target investments. We believe that this reduced funding capacity in the market combined with strong demand from borrowers continues to provide us with the opportunities consistent with our investment strategy to invest our capital and generate attractive risk-adjusted returns for our stockholders.

## Changes in the Fair Value of Our Investments

We intend to hold our target investments for the long-term, and as such they are carried at amortized cost on our ondensed consolidated balance sheets. We evaluate our investments for impairment on a quarterly basis and impairments are recognized when it is probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts estimated to be collected at the time of origination of the investment. We evaluate impairment (both interest and principal) based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the investment's effective interest rate or the fair value of the collateral less estimated costs to sell.

Although we intend to hold our target investments for the long-term, we may occasionally classify some of our investments as available-for-sale. Investments classified as available-for-sale, or AFS, are carried at their fair value, with changes in fair value recorded through accumulated other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders' equity, rather than through earnings. We do not intend to hold any of our investments for trading purposes.

## Changes in Market Interest Rates

Although our strategy is to primarily originate, invest in and manage senior floating-rate commercial mortgage loans, from time-to-time we may acquire fixed-rate investments, which exposes our operating results to the risks posed by fluctuations in interest rates. To the extent that this applies to us, we may choose to actively manage this risk through the use of our Manager's sophisticated hedging strategies.

## Table of Contents

## **Summary of Results of Operations and Financial Condition**

Our U.S. GAAP net income attributable to common stockholders was\$18.2 million and \$35.1 million (\$0.33 and \$0.68 per diluted weighted average share) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to U.S. GAAP net income attributable to common stockholders of\$15.2 million and \$29.8 million (\$0.34 and \$0.67 per diluted weighted average share) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

With our accounting treatment for AFS securities, unrealized fluctuations in the market values of AFS securities do not impact our U.S. GAAIhet income or taxable income but are recognized on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as a change in stockholders' equity under "accumulated other comprehensive income." For thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019, net unrealized gains on AFS securities recognized as other comprehensive income, net of tax, were\$31,996 and \$223,971, respectively. This, combined with U.S. GAAP net income attributable to common stockholders of \$18.2 million, resulted in comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders of \$18.2 million and \$35.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2018, net unrealized losses on AFS securities recognized as other comprehensive loss, net of tax, were \$15,998. For the six months ended June 30, 2018, no change in unrealized gains or losses on AFS securities was recognized as other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax. This, combined with U.S. GAAP net income attributable to common stockholders of \$15.2 million and \$29.8 million, resulted in comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders of \$15.2 million and \$29.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

The following tables present the components of our comprehensive income for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

(in thousands, except share data)	Three Mo		Six Months Ended					
Income Statement Data:		e 30,		 June 30,				
	 2019		2018	 2019		2018		
Interest income:	`	idited)			idited)			
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 58,133	\$	42,359	\$ 114,798	\$	81,152		
Available-for-sale securities	311		285	619		557		
Held-to-maturity securities	613		836	1,274		1,721		
Cash and cash equivalents	 907		29	 1,418		56		
Total interest income	59,964		43,509	118,109		83,486		
Interest expense:								
Repurchase agreements	13,529		14,934	30,518		31,128		
Securitized debt obligations	13,554		3,875	23,413		3,875		
Convertible senior notes	4,491		2,206	8,956		4,385		
Asset-specific financings	598		_	598		_		
Revolving credit facilities	 165		220	 860		220		
Total interest expense	 32,337		21,235	 64,345		39,608		
Net interest income	27,627		22,274	53,764		43,878		
Other income:								
Fee income	 202		564	 1,115		1,446		
Total other income	202		564	1,115		1,446		
Expenses:								
Management fees	3,763		3,114	7,212		6,323		
Incentive fees	_		_	244		_		
Servicing expense	885		494	1,658		952		
Other operating expenses	 5,006		4,005	 10,622		8,237		
Total expenses	 9,654		7,613	 19,736		15,512		
Income before income taxes	18,175		15,225	35,143		29,812		
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes	 (2)		(2)	 (3)		(1)		
Net income	18,177		15,227	35,146		29,813		
Dividends on preferred stock	 25		25	 50		50		
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 18,152	\$	15,202	\$ 35,096	\$	29,763		
Basic earnings per weighted average common share	\$ 0.34	\$	0.35	\$ 0.68	\$	0.69		
Diluted earnings per weighted average common share	\$ 0.33	\$	0.34	\$ 0.68	\$	0.67		
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.42	\$	0.40	\$ 0.84	\$	0.78		
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding:								
Basic	53,953,634		43,446,963	51,292,318		43,410,796		
Diluted	67,624,395		50,634,463	51,292,318		50,598,296		
Comprehensive income:								
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 18,152	\$	15,202	\$ 35,096	\$	29,763		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:								
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities	 32		(16)	 224				
Other comprehensive income (loss)	 32		(16)	224				
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 18,184	\$	15,186	\$ 35,320	\$	29,763		

(in thousands) Balance Sheet Data:	June 30, 2019	]	December 31, 2018
	 (unaudited)		
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 3,560,117	\$	3,167,913
Total assets	\$ 3,804,336	\$	3,361,881
Repurchase agreements	\$ 1,254,027	\$	1,500,543
Securitized debt obligations	\$ 1,133,294	\$	654,263
Asset-specific financings	\$ 75,060	\$	_
Revolving credit facilities	\$ _	\$	75,000
Convertible senior notes	\$ 268,857	\$	268,138
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 1,027,736	\$	827,531

## **Results of Operations**

The following analysis focuses on financial results during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

#### Interest Income

Interest income increased from \$43.5 million and \$83.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 to \$60.0 million and \$118.1 million for the same periods in 2019, due to the origination of 43 commercial real estate loans with a principal balance of \$1.3 billion, additional fundings of \$168.6 million provided on existing loan commitments and upsizings of \$10.0 million, offset by repayments of \$363.4 million during the period from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense increased from \$21.2 million and \$39.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 to \$32.3 million and \$64.3 million for the same periods in 2019, due to increased financing on the originations and acquisitions described above as well as increases in borrowing rates due to increases in LIBOR and the issuance of additional convertible senior notes.

## Table of Contents

## Net Interest Income

The following table presents the components of interest income and average annualized net asset yield earned by asset type, the components of interest expense and average annualized cost of funds on borrowings incurred by collateral type, and net interest income and average annualized net interest rate spread for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

				30, 2019				s Ended June 3	,0, 2017
Average Balance		Interest Income/Expense		Net Yield/Cost of Funds		Average Balance		Interest ome/Expense	Net Yield/Cost of Funds
\$	3,296,237	\$	57,409	7.0%	\$	3,163,419	\$	113,152	7.2%
	28,774		724	10.1%		35,735		1,646	9.2%
	12,798		311	9.7%		12,798		619	9.7%
	24,411		613	10.0%		26,530		1,274	9.6%
			907					1,418	
\$	3,362,220	\$	59,964	7.1%	\$	3,238,482	\$	118,109	7.3%
\$	2,247,242	\$	27,410	4.9%	\$	2,194,311	\$	54,525	5.0%
	9,485		131	5.5%		9,502		262	5.5%
	8,478		99	4.7%		8,428		191	4.5%
	15,938		206	5.2%		16,284		411	5.0%
	268,730		4,491	6.7%		268,369		8,956	6.7%
\$	2,549,873		32,337	5.1%	\$	2,496,894		64,345	5.2%
		\$	27,627	2.0%			\$	53,764	2.1%
	\$	\$ 3,296,237 28,774 12,798 24,411 \$ 3,362,220 \$ 2,247,242 9,485 8,478 15,938	\$ 3,296,237 \$ 28,774 12,798 24,411 \$ 3,362,220 \$ \$ \$ 2,247,242 \$ 9,485 8,478 15,938 \$ 268,730	\$ 3,296,237 \$ 57,409 28,774 724 12,798 311 24,411 613 907 \$ 3,362,220 \$ 59,964 \$ 2,247,242 \$ 27,410 9,485 131 8,478 99 15,938 206 268,730 4,491 \$ 2,549,873 32,337	\$ 3,296,237 \$ 57,409 7.0% 28,774 724 10.1% 12,798 311 9.7% 24,411 613 10.0% 907 \$ 3,362,220 \$ 59,964 7.1%  \$ 2,247,242 \$ 27,410 4.9% 9,485 131 5.5% 8,478 99 4.7% 15,938 206 5.2%  268,730 4,491 6.7% \$ 2,549,873 32,337 5.1%	\$ 3,296,237 \$ 57,409 7.0% \$ 28,774 724 10.1% 12,798 311 9.7% 24,411 613 10.0% 907 \$ 3,362,220 \$ 59,964 7.1% \$ \$ \$ 2,247,242 \$ 27,410 4.9% \$ 9,485 131 5.5% 8,478 99 4.7% 15,938 206 5.2% \$ 52,849,873 32,337 5.1% \$	\$ 3,296,237 \$ 57,409 7.0% \$ 3,163,419 28,774 724 10.1% 35,735 12,798 311 9.7% 12,798 24,411 613 10.0% 26,530 907 \$ 3,362,220 \$ 59,964 7.1% \$ 3,238,482 \$ 2,247,242 \$ 27,410 4.9% \$ 2,194,311 9,485 131 5.5% 9,502 8,478 99 4.7% 8,428 15,938 206 5.2% 16,284 268,730 4,491 6.7% 268,369 \$ 2,549,873 32,337 5.1% \$ 2,496,894	\$ 3,296,237 \$ 57,409 7.0% \$ 3,163,419 \$ 28,774 724 10.1% 35,735 12,798 311 9.7% 12,798 24,411 613 10.0% 26,530 907 \$ 3,362,220 \$ 59,964 7.1% \$ 3,238,482 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,247,242 \$ 27,410 4.9% \$ 2,194,311 \$ 9,485 131 5.5% 9,502 8,478 99 4.7% 8,428 15,938 206 5.2% 16,284	\$ 3,296,237 \$ 57,409

Three	Mont	ths Ended June	30, 2018	Six Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Average Balance		Interest ome/Expense	Net Yield/Cost of Funds		Average Balance		Interest ome/Expense	Net Yield/Cost of Funds		
\$ 2,459,550	\$	40,939	6.7%	\$	2,323,261	\$	77,656	6.7%		
56,191		1,420	10.1%		68,095		3,496	10.3%		
12,798		285	8.9%		12,798		557	8.7%		
36,096		836	9.3%		38,061		1,721	9.0%		
		29					56			
\$ 2,564,635	\$	43,509	6.8%	\$	2,442,215	\$	83,486	6.8%		
\$ 1,580,785	\$	18,550	4.7%	\$	1,510,422	\$	34,196	4.5%		
9,401		120	5.1%		15,089		328	4.3%		
8,408		87	4.1%		8,423		163	3.9%		
23,654		272	4.6%		24,622		536	4.4%		
139,867		2,206	6.3%		139,677		4,385	6.3%		
\$ 1,762,115	_	21,235	4.8%	\$	1,698,233		39,608	4.7%		
	\$	22,274	2.0%			\$	43,878	2.1%		
\$	\$ 2,459,550 56,191 12,798 36,096 \$ 2,564,635 \$ 1,580,785 9,401 8,408 23,654 139,867	Average Balance   Incomplete	Average Balance         Interest Income/Expense           \$ 2,459,550         \$ 40,939           56,191         1,420           12,798         285           36,096         836           29           \$ 2,564,635         \$ 43,509           \$ 1,580,785         \$ 18,550           9,401         120           8,408         87           23,654         272           \$ 1,762,115         2,206           \$ 1,762,115         21,235	Balance         Income/Expense         Funds           \$ 2,459,550         \$ 40,939         6.7%           56,191         1,420         10.1%           12,798         285         8.9%           36,096         836         9.3%           29         9           \$ 2,564,635         \$ 43,509         6.8%           \$ 1,580,785         \$ 18,550         4.7%           9,401         120         5.1%           8,408         87         4.1%           23,654         272         4.6%           139,867         2,206         6.3%           \$ 1,762,115         21,235         4.8%	Average Balance         Interest Income/Expense         Net Yield/Cost of Funds           \$ 2,459,550         \$ 40,939         6.7%         \$ 56,191         1,420         10.1%           \$ 12,798         285         8.9%         36,096         836         9.3%           \$ 29         \$ 2,564,635         \$ 43,509         6.8%         \$           \$ 9,401         120         5.1%         8,408         87         4.1%         4.6%           \$ 139,867         2,206         6.3%         \$         \$         \$           \$ 1,762,115         21,235         4.8%         \$         \$	Average Balance         Interest Income/Expense         Net Yield/Cost of Funds         Average Balance           \$ 2,459,550         \$ 40,939         6.7%         \$ 2,323,261           56,191         1,420         10.1%         68,095           12,798         285         8.9%         12,798           36,096         836         9.3%         38,061           29         \$ 2,564,635         \$ 43,509         6.8%         \$ 2,442,215           \$ 1,580,785         \$ 18,550         4.7%         \$ 1,510,422           9,401         120         5.1%         15,089           8,408         87         4.1%         8,423           23,654         272         4.6%         24,622           139,867         2,206         6.3%         139,677           \$ 1,762,115         21,235         4.8%         \$ 1,698,233	Net Yield/Cost of Funds   Average Balance   Inc	Average Balance         Interest Income/Expense         Net Yield/Cost of Funds         Average Balance         Interest Income/Expense           \$ 2,459,550         \$ 40,939         6.7%         \$ 2,323,261         \$ 77,656           \$ 56,191         1,420         10.1%         68,095         3,496           \$ 12,798         285         8.9%         12,798         557           \$ 36,096         836         9.3%         38,061         1,721           \$ 29         56         56           \$ 2,564,635         \$ 43,509         6.8%         \$ 2,442,215         \$ 83,486           \$ 1,580,785         \$ 18,550         4.7%         \$ 1,510,422         \$ 34,196           \$ 9,401         120         5.1%         15,089         328           \$ 8,408         87         4.1%         8,423         163           \$ 23,654         272         4.6%         24,622         536           \$ 139,867         2,206         6.3%         139,677         4,385           \$ 1,762,115         21,235         4.8%         \$ 1,698,233         39,608		

<sup>(1)</sup> Average balance represents average amortized cost on loans held-for-investment, AFS securities and HTM

The increase in yields on senior loans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same periods in 2018, was driven by increases in LIBOR, as the majority of such loans are floating-rate loans. The decrease in yields on subordinate loans for the six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same period in 2018, was due to the payoff of loans with higher spreads. There was no change in yields on subordinate loans for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same period in 2018. The increase in cost of funds on both senior loans and subordinated loans for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same periods in 2018, was primarily the result of an increases in borrowing rates due to increases in LIBOR. The cost of funds associated with all of our secured financing arrangements also includes amortization of deferred debt issuance costs.

The increase in yields on AFS and HTM securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same periods in 2018, was driven by increases in LIBOR, as these CMBS are floating-rate assets. The increase in cost of funds associated with the financing of AFS and HTM securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same periods in 2018, was the result of increases in borrowing rates due to increases in LIBOR.

Our convertible senior notes were issued in December 2017 and October 2018, are unsecured and pay interest semiannually at a rate of 5.625% and 6.375%, respectively, per annum. The cost of funds associated with our convertible senior notes also includes amortization of deferred debt issuance costs.

## Fee Income

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, we recognized \$0.2 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, in fee income related to fees charged for early prepayments of loans held-for-investment, compared to \$0.6 million and \$1.4 million for the same periods in 2018.

<sup>(2)</sup> Loans primarily secured by a first priority lien on commercial real property and related personal property and also includes, when applicable, any companion subordinate

## Table of Contents

## Management Fees

We do not have any employees and are externally managed by our Manager under the terms of a management agreement entered into in connection with closing of the IPO and Formation Transaction on June 28, 2017. Under the management agreement, our Manager and its affiliates provide us with the personnel and resources necessary to operate our business. In accordance with the management agreement, we incurred \$3.8 million and \$7.2 million as a management fee to our Manager for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and \$3.1 million and \$6.3 million as a management fee to our Manager for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. The management fee is calculated based on our equity with certain adjustments outlined in the management agreement. See further discussion of the base management fee calculation in Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Incentive Fees

In accordance with the management agreement, we also incurred \$0.2 million as an incentive fee to our Manager for thesix months ended June 30, 2019. No incentive fees were incurred for the three months ended June 30, 2019 or for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. The incentive fee is calculated based on historical "core earnings" as well as our equity with certain adjustments outlined in the management agreement. See further discussion of the incentive fee calculation in Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Servicing Expenses

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, we recognized \$0.9 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, in servicing expenses related to the servicing of commercial real estate loans, compared to \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million for the same periods in 2018. The increase in servicing expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same period in 2018, was driven by the growth of our investment portfolio, as described above.

## **Other Operating Expenses**

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, we recognized \$5.0 million and \$10.6 million of other operating expenses, which represents an annualized expense ratio of 2.0% and 2.2% of average equity, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recognized \$4.0 million and \$8.2 million of other operating expenses, which represents an annualized expense ratio of 1.9% and 2.0% of average equity, respectively. The increase in our operating expense ratio during thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the same periods in 2018, resulted primarily from an increase in expenses related to the personnel and infrastructure to support the operation and growth of our business.

Included in other operating expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are direct and allocated costs incurred by our Manager on our behalf and reimbursed by us. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, these direct and allocated costs totaled approximately \$1.7 million and \$8.3 million, respectively, compared to \$1.5 million and \$5.2 million for the same periods in 2018. Included in these reimbursed costs was compensation paid to employees of our Manager serving as our principal financial officer, chief operating officer and general counsel of \$0.2 million and \$1.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to \$0.1 million and \$0.9 million for the same periods in 2018. The allocation of compensation paid to employees of our Manager serving as our chief operating officer, principal financial officer and general counsel is based on time spent overseeing our company's activities in accordance with the management agreement; we do not reimburse our Manager for any expenses related to the compensation of our chief executive officer or chief investment officer. Equity based compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 also includes the amortization of the restricted stock awarded to our executive officers in conjunction with the Company's 2017 Equity Incentive Plan, including our chief executive officer, chief investment officer, chief operating officer, principal financial officer and general counsel of \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, compared to \$0.9 million and \$1.5 million for the same periods in 2018.

## **Financial Condition**

We originate and acquire commercial real estate debt and related instruments generally to be held as long-term investments. These assets are classified as loans held-for-investment on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Loans held-for-investment are reported at cost, net of any unamortized acquisition premiums or discounts, loan fees and origination costs as applicable. We also hold CMBS, representing interests in commercial mortgage and mezzanine loans issued by trusts.

The following tables provide a summary of our portfolio as ofJune 30, 2019:

## (dollars in thousands)

								Original		
Туре	 ximum Loan ommitment	Prin	icipal Balance	Ca	rrying Value	Cash Coupon	All-in Yield at Origination <sup>(3)</sup>	Term (Years)	Initial LTV <sup>(4)</sup>	Stabilized LTV (5)
Senior loans (1)	\$ 4,145,646	\$	3,556,949	\$	3,531,471	L+3.79%	L+4.53%	3.2	66.0%	63.1%
Subordinated loans	28,646		28,646		28,646	L+9.50%	L+9.84%	8.3	56.4%	50.1%
CMBS	34,818		34,818		34,850	L+7.13%	L+7.65%	2.8	73.3%	73.2%
Total/Wtd. Avg.	\$ 4,209,110	\$	3,620,413	\$	3,594,967	L+3.84%	L+4.58%	3.3	66.0%	63.1%

(dollare		

	ons) Origination/	Maximum Loan	Principal	Carrying		All-in Yield at	Original Term			Initial	Stabilized
Type (1)	Acquisition Date	Commitment	Balance	Value	Cash Coupon (2)	Origination (3)	(Years)	State	Property Type	LTV (4)	LTV (5)
enior	07/18	\$144.3	\$113.7	\$112.8	L+3.34%	L+4.27%	2.0	CA	Retail	50.7%	55.9%
enior	07/16	120.4	113.0	112.5	L+4.45%	L+4.99%	4.0	Various	Office	62.8%	61.5%
enior	12/15	120.0	120.0	120.0	L+3.65%	L+4.43%	4.0	LA	Mixed-Use	65.5%	60.0%
enior	06/19	92.4	68.4	67.8	L+3.45%	L+3.88%	3.0	TX	Hotel	56.1%	48.1%
enior	12/18	92.0	35.5	34.6	L+3.75%	L+5.21%	3.0	NY	Mixed-Use	26.2%	47.6%
enior	05/17	86.7	80.0	79.4	L+3.50%	L+4.82%	4.0	MA	Office	71.3%	71.5%
enior	11/16	82.3	61.0	60.8	L+3.25%	L+5.78%	3.0	OR	Office	66.5%	51.1%
enior	06/19	80.0	79.3	78.5	L+2.69%	L+3.05%	3.0	TX	Mixed-Use	71.7%	72.2%
enior	10/17	74.8	46.9	46.5	L+4.07%	L+4.47%	4.0	DC	Office	67.0%	66.0%
enior	11/17	73.3	68.8	68.3	L+4.45%	L+5.20%	3.0	TX	Hotel	68.2%	61.6%
enior	12/16	71.7	68.0	67.2	L+3.75%	L+4.87%	4.0	FL	Office	73.3%	63.2%
enior	06/16	68.4	60.7	60.5	L+3.87%	L+4.93%	4.0	HI	Retail	76.2%	57.4%
enior	11/17	68.3	61.6	61.3	L+4.10%	L+4.73%	3.0	CA	Office	66.8%	67.0%
enior	08/16	65.0	63.7	63.4	L+3.95%	L+5.54%	4.0	NJ	Office	60.8%	63.0%
enior	01/19	64.5	64.5	63.9	L+3.85%	L+4.38%	3.0	MN	Hotel	67.2%	64.5%
enior	04/18	64.0	64.0	63.6	L+3.78%	L+4.23%	3.0	GA	Hotel	68.8%	59.8%
enior	12/18	60.0	42.8	42.3	L+2.90%	L+3.44%	3.0	TX	Office	68.5%	66.7%
enior	01/17	56.2	56.2	56.0	L+4.75%	L+5.24%	4.0	SC	Office	67.6%	67.1%
enior	06/19	55.0	50.0	49.2	L+3.10%	L+3.67%	3.0	AL	Multifamily	69.5%	74.0%
enior	06/19	54.1	48.8	48.2	L+3.30%	L+3.70%	3.0	VA	Office	49.3%	49.9%
enior	09/17	53.1	53.1	52.9	L+4.38%	L+4.91%	3.0	NY	Industrial	68.7%	72.0%
enior	12/15	53.0	53.0	52.9	L+3.73%	L+4.87%	4.0	PA	Office	74.5%	67.5%
enior	10/18	52.2	48.8	48.5	L+2.70%	L+3.10%	3.0	NJ	Industrial	73.9%	68.8%
enior	05/17	52.0	46.0	45.8	L+4.70%	L+5.50%	3.0	НІ	Hotel	60.8%	59.4%
enior	12/18	51.0	51.0	50.6	L+2.99%	L+3.40%	3.0	IL	Multifamily	78.6%	74.9%
enior	09/18	50.1	19.2	18.8	L+3.25%	L+4.13%	3.0	IL	Office	47.9%	56.1%
enior	05/18	50.0	50.0	49.7	L+3.60%	L+3.85%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	71.1%	71.4%
enior	11/15	49.6	49.6	49.5	L+4.75%	L+4.67%	3.0	NY	Office	66.4%	68.7%
	10/18	49.0	17.4	17.0	L+4.15%	L+5.24%	3.0	IL	Multifamily	60.7%	62.4%
enior	12/18	49.0	40.8	40.5	L+2.93%	L+3.39%	3.0	NY	Industrial	56.5%	56.3%
											70.4%
enior	02/16 12/17	47.6 47.0	46.5	46.4	L+3.78%	L+4.72%	3.0	TX	Office	72.9%	
			34.4	34.1	L+4.38%	L+5.26%	3.0	MA	Mixed-Use	72.9%	62.0%
enior	08/17	47.0	44.8	44.5	L+3.65%	L+4.88%	3.0	LA	Multifamily	64.6%	60.9%
enior	05/18	46.5	31.0	30.8	L+4.07%	L+4.63%	3.0	NY	Mixed-Use	57.0%	51.1%
enior	06/18	46.0	41.0	40.7	L+3.60%	L+4.06%	3.0	WY	Hotel	67.4%	62.3%
enior	06/17	45.0	45.0	44.8	L+4.50%	L+5.24%	3.0	CA	Hotel	54.7%	48.6%
enior	08/18	44.8	41.6	41.4	L+2.93%	L+3.32%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	68.9%	63.6%
enior	01/17	44.6	44.6	44.5	L+4.50%	L+5.16%	3.0	CA	Industrial	51.0%	60.4%
enior	05/19	44.1	40.6	40.3	L+3.20%	L+3.60%	3.0	NY	Mixed-Use	59.7%	55.1%
enior	08/17	40.0	40.0	39.8	L+4.24%	L+4.40%	3.0	KY	Multifamily	79.8%	73.1%
enior	03/19	39.6	29.4	29.0	L+2.90%	L+3.54%	3.0	NY	Office	63.2%	63.9%
enior	05/18	38.8	32.4	32.3	L+3.55%	L+3.95%	3.0	MA	Office	47.0%	41.1%
enior	12/17	37.2	33.2	33.0	L+3.90%	L+4.55%	3.0	CA	Office	69.8%	66.4%

(dollars in millions)

Type (1)	Origination/ Acquisition Date	Maximum Loan Commitment	Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Cash Coupon <sup>(2)</sup>	All-in Yield at Origination (3)	Original Term (Years)	State	Property Type	Initial LTV <sup>(4)</sup>	Stabilized LTV <sup>(5)</sup>
Senior	11/18	37.1	16.2	15.9	L+3.60%	L+5.50%	3.0	CA	Mixed-Use	69.9%	67.9%
Senior	11/16	37.0	34.4	34.3	L+4.27%	L+5.03%	3.0	NY	Multifamily	61.3%	56.9%
Senior	10/18	36.8	29.5	29.1	L+2.85%	L+3.45%	3.0	NY	Industrial	71.2%	70.8%
Senior	05/17	35.2	29.8	29.6	L+5.00%	L+5.97%	3.0	TX	Office	68.7%	65.1%
enior	06/18	34.9	22.9	22.7	L+4.07%	L+4.75%	3.0	ОН	Hotel	70.6%	57.4%
enior	12/18	34.1	26.9	26.7	L+2.92%	L+3.27%	4.0	IL	Multifamily	70.8%	62.1%
enior	10/17	34.1	22.4	22.3	L+4.05%	L+4.69%	3.0	AZ	Office	62.6%	59.5%
Senior	05/17	33.8	28.4	28.3	L+4.40%	L+5.36%	3.0	AZ	Office	69.5%	59.0%
enior	03/16	33.8	33.8	33.7	5.11%	5.26%	10.0	NJ	Office	74.9%	74.9%
enior	10/16	32.2	32.2	32.1	L+4.55%	L+5.16%	3.0	CA	Office	68.6%	48.6%
Senior	03/19	32.0	26.9	26.6	L+2.97%	L+3.42%	3.0	NY	Office	53.8%	48.5%
enior	05/17	30.9	28.7	28.5	L+3.50%	L+5.19%	4.0	FL	Office	69.3%	68.5%
enior	07/17	30.0	30.0	29.9	L+4.10%	L+4.58%	3.0	NY	Multifamily	76.5%	76.5%
enior	06/18	29.3	20.7	20.4	L+3.40%	L+4.18%	3.0	CA	Office	69.1%	64.3%
Senior	06/18	29.0	29.0	28.8	L+3.55%	L+3.96%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	74.3%	68.2%
enior	11/18	28.5	23.8	23.5	L+3.50%	L+4.12%	3.0	TN	Office	61.8%	63.6%
enior	01/19	27.5	24.3	24.1	L+2.97%	L+3.38%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	64.9%	64.9%
enior	12/18	27.5	21.3	21.1	L+3.90%	L+4.42%	3.0	MN	Hotel	64.7%	57.7%
enior	01/19	27.0	22.0	21.7	L+2.90%	L+3.44%	3.0	MA	Office	71.2%	70.1%
enior	09/17	26.9	23.5	23.4	L+4.90%	L+5.52%	3.0	MA	Hotel	67.3%	63.9%
enior	07/17	26.0	23.6	23.5	L+3.15%	L+4.86%	3.0	CA	Office	62.3%	64.2%
enior	01/18	26.0	26.0	25.9	L+5.13%	L+5.58%	3.0	AZ	Hotel	65.8%	61.3%
enior	12/18	26.0	21.1	20.9	L+2.95%	L+3.43%	3.0	FL	Office	61.9%	65.5%
enior	06/18	25.9	25.9	25.7	L+3.50%	L+4.37%	3.0	PA	Industrial	72.1%	66.1%
enior	09/18	25.5	21.1	20.8	L+3.87%	L+4.42%	3.0	NY	Mixed-Use	60.2%	59.3%
enior	06/19	25.5	25.5	25.2	L+4.50%	L+5.05%	3.0	NY	Other	39.6%	39.6%
enior	10/15	25.0	25.0	24.8	L+4.07%	L+5.76%	3.0	MO	Hotel	73.2%	57.8%
enior	10/18	23.7	15.3	15.2	L+4.21%	L+5.16%	3.0	CT	Hotel	75.4%	66.9%
enior	08/16	23.4	23.4	23.3	L+5.15%	L+5.42%	4.0	NY	Industrial	70.0%	67.6%
enior	01/18	23.4	20.6	20.4	L+4.77%	L+5.50%	3.0	PA	Mixed-Use	66.8%	67.3%
enior	03/19	23.3	21.6	21.4	L+3.27%	L+3.79%	3.0	WI	Multifamily	72.4%	75.2%
Senior	03/18	23.0	23.0	22.9	L+4.05%	L+4.65%	2.0	FL	Office	60.8%	60.8%
Senior	06/18	22.8	16.7	16.5	L+4.21%	L+4.73%	3.0	FL	Retail	74.0%	69.4%
Senior	01/19	22.7	21.2	21.1	L+2.99%	L+3.40%	3.0	WI	Multifamily	69.3%	73.5%
Senior	08/17	22.6	22.6	22.5	L+4.20%	L+4.50%	3.0	NY	Office	72.7%	66.7%
Senior	04/18	22.2	20.8	20.7	L+4.05%	L+4.46%	3.0	KS	Multifamily	72.1%	67.4%
CMBS	11/15	22.0	22.0	22.0	L+7.25%	L+8.06%	2.8	Various	Office	77.6%	77.5%
Senior	08/17	21.9	17.5	17.4	L+4.77%	L+5.49%	3.0	PA	Office	66.7%	67.3%
enior	12/18	21.8	7.5	7.3	L+4.44%	L+5.56%	3.0	PA	Multifamily	61.5%	67.0%
enior	10/18	21.5	18.2	18.1	L+3.24%	L+3.69%	3.0	TX	Office	73.0%	69.9%
enior	12/18	21.3	19.7	19.6	L+3.42%	L+3.88%	2.0	MN	Multifamily	73.6%	73.7%
enior	07/17	21.2	21.2	21.1	L+2.98%	L+4.42%	3.0	GA	Multifamily	75.6%	75.2%
enior	03/19	21.1	17.3	17.1	L+2.93%	L+3.40%	3.0	KY	Multifamily	69.8%	69.9%
lenior	06/19	21.0	18.7	18.5	L+2.90%	L+4.24%	3.0	GA	Mixed-Use	60.6%	67.4%
enior	06/19	20.9	8.9	8.6	10.00%	14.17%	1.0	FL	Other	39.7%	57.2%
enior	10/16	20.0	17.7	17.6	L+4.85%	L+5.90%	3.0	NY	Multifamily	73.8%	62.5%
enior	03/18	19.8	19.7	19.6	L+5.15%	L+5.71%	3.0	CA	Hotel	67.2%	60.0%
enior	01/17	19.0	19.0	18.8	L+4.80%	L+5.27%	4.0	TX	Retail	70.4%	69.5%
enior	11/18	19.0	13.4	13.2	L+3.20%	L+3.83%	3.0	CA	Office	73.1%	64.5%
	04/18	18.7	18.7	18.6	L+3.20% L+4.29%	L+3.85% L+4.65%	3.0	NV	Multifamily	78.7%	66.1%
enior	04/18								-		
enior		18.5	18.5	18.4	L+3.25%	L+3.53%	3.0	CA	Multifamily	77.1%	70.6%
enior	04/18	18.5	18.5	18.4	L+3.25%	L+3.53%	3.0	CA	Multifamily	76.8%	64.0%
enior	01/19	18.3	14.5	14.3	L+3.40%	L+4.14%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	72.2%	68.2%
Senior	12/16	17.5	13.0	13.0	L+3.50%	L+6.97%	3.0	CA	Office	70.4%	72.0%
enior	07/18	16.6	10.4	10.4	L+3.75%	L+4.35%	3.0	CA	Office	77.1%	63.5%

(dollars in millions)

Type (1)	Origination/ Acquisition Date	Maximum Loan Commitment	Principal Balance	Carrying Value	Cash Coupon (2)	All-in Yield at Origination <sup>(3)</sup>	Original Term (Years)	State	Property Type	Initial LTV <sup>(4)</sup>	Stabilized LTV <sup>(5)</sup>
Senior	09/18	16.6	16.6	16.5	L+2.85%	L+3.06%	3.0	SC	Multifamily	79.4%	72.2%
Senior	06/18	16.4	16.3	16.3	L+7.76%	L+10.13%	1.0	PA	Office	55.6%	63.4%
Senior	11/18	16.2	16.1	15.9	L+3.15%	L+3.65%	3.0	TX	Multifamily	68.8%	68.7%
Senior	06/19	15.2	9.3	9.1	L+3.96%	L+4.69%	3.0	NY	Office	40.7%	60.0%
Senior	08/17	15.0	15.0	14.9	L+5.25%	L+6.12%	3.0	FL	Multifamily	74.1%	60.9%
Mezzanine	01/17	14.6	14.6	14.6	8.00%	8.11%	10.0	HI	Hotel	41.4%	36.2%
Senior	04/19	14.4	10.8	10.7	L+3.75%	L+4.31%	3.0	ОН	Multifamily	62.6%	65.4%
CMBS	12/15	12.8	12.8	12.8	L+6.91%	L+6.95%	2.8	Various	Office	65.8%	65.8%
Mezzanine	08/15	9.9	9.9	9.9	L+9.50%	L+9.84%	5.0	GA	Office	73.3%	67.1%
Mezzanine	11/15	4.2	4.2	4.2	13.00%	12.50%	10.0	NY	Hotel	68.3%	58.0%
Total/Weighted	l Average	\$4,209.1	\$3,620.4	\$3,595.0	L+3.84%	L+4.58%	3.3			66.0%	63.1%

- (1) "Senior" means a loan primarily secured by a first priority lien on commercial real property and related personal property and also includes, when applicable, any companion subordinate
- (2) Cash coupon does not include origination or exit fees. Weighted average cash coupon excludes fixed rate
- (3) Yield includes net origination fees and exit fees, but does not include future fundings, and is expressed as a monthly equivalent. Weighted average yield excludes fixed rate
- Initial LTV is calculated as the initial loan amount (plus any financing that is parj passu with or senior to such loan) divided by the as is appraised value (as determined in conformance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, (4)
- or USPAP) as of the date of the loan was originated set forth in the original appraisal.

  Stabilized LTV is calculated as the fully funded loan amount (plus any financing that is pari passu with or senior to such loan), including all contractually provided for future fundings, divided by the as stabilized value (as determined in conformance with USPAP) set forth in the original appraisal. As stabilized value may be based on certain assumptions, such as future construction completion, projected re-tenanting, payment of tenant improvement or leasing commissions allowances or free or abated rent periods, or increased tenant occupancies.

As of June 30, 2019, our borrowings consisted of repurchase agreements collateralized by loans held-for-investment, AFS and HTM securities (CMBS) and certain cash balances, asset-specific financings collateralized by loans held-for-investment, a revolving credit facility collateralized by a borrowing base of loans held-for-investment, securitized debt obligations issued by CLOs and collateralized by pools of loans held-for-investment and long-term unsecured convertible senior notes.

As of June 30, 2019, we had outstanding \$1.3 billion of repurchase agreements, and the term to maturity rangedfrom 39 days to approximately three years Repurchase agreements had a weighted average borrowing rate of 4.59% and weighted average remaining maturities of 1.5 years as of June 30, 2019.

As of June 30, 2019, we had outstanding \$1.1 billion of securitized debt obligations with a weighted average borrowing rate of 3.98% and weighted average remaining maturities of 1.7 years.

As of June 30, 2019, we had outstanding \$75.1 million of asset-specific financings with a weighted average borrowing rate of 4.1% and weighted average remaining maturities of 2.4 years.

As of June 30, 2019, the total outstanding amount due on convertible senior notes was\$268.9 million, net of deferred issuance costs. The notes are unsecured and pay interest semiannually at a rate of 5.625% per annum on the notes maturing in December 2022 and a rate of 6.375% per annum on the notes maturing in October 2023. As of June 30, 2019, the notes had a conversion rate of 50.3802 and 48.8496 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes, respectively.

As of June 30, 2019, the debt-to-equity ratio with respect to our loans held-for-investment, AFS securities and HTM securities, defined as total debt, net of cash, divided by equity, was 2.6:1.0. We believe our debt-to-equity ratio provides unused borrowing capacity and, thus, improves our liquidity and the strength of our balance sheet.

The following table provides the quarterly average balances, the quarter-end balances, and the maximum balances at any month-end within that quarterly period, of borrowings under repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings, revolving credit facilities, securitized debt obligations and convertible senior notes for the three months ended June 30, 2019, and the four immediately preceding quarters:

(in thousands)	Quarter	ly Average	End of Period Balance	 imum Balance of ny Month-End
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	\$	2,549,873	\$ 2,731,238	\$ 2,731,238
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	\$	2,444,276	\$ 2,459,932	\$ 2,586,880
For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2018	\$	2,272,209	\$ 2,497,944	\$ 2,497,944
For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	\$	1,953,052	\$ 2,074,563	\$ 2,074,563
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018	\$	1,762,115	\$ 1,811,046	\$ 1,900,561

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is a measure of our ability to meet potential cash requirements, including ongoing commitments to repay borrowings, fund and maintain our target investments and operations, make distributions to our stockholders and other general business needs. We use cash to acquire our target investments, repay principal and interest on our borrowings, make distributions to our stockholders and fund our operations. Our primary sources of cash consist of unused borrowing capacity under our financing sources, the net proceeds of future equity and debt offerings, payments of principal and interest we receive on our portfolio of assets and cash generated from our operating results.

In the future, we may use other additional sources of financing to fund the origination or acquisition of our target investments, including other financing facilities and other secured and unsecured forms of borrowing. These financings may be collateralized or non-collateralized and may involve one or more lenders. We expect that these facilities will typically have maturities ranging from two to five years and may accrue interest at either fixed or floating rates. We may also finance our business through the non-recourse sale of senior loan interests.

We may also seek to raise further equity capital and issue additional debt securities in order to fund our future investments. We may also seek to enhance the returns on our commercial real estate loan portfolio through additional CLOs or other securitizations, if available.

On November 21, 2018, we entered into an equity distribution agreement under which we may sell up to an aggregate o\$,000,000 shares of our common stock from time to time in any method permitted by law deemed to be an "at the market" offering as defined in Rule 415 under the Securities Act. As of June 30, 2019, 3,242,364 shares of common stock had been sold under the equity distribution agreement for total accumulated net proceeds of approximately \$61.2 million, of which 2,663,095 and 3,077,424 shares were sold for total proceeds of \$50.3 million and \$58.1 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively. Additionally, we received a base management fee reimbursement from our Manager of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for stock sold under the equity distribution agreement during thethree and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively.

As of June 30, 2019, we held \$92.8 million in cash and cash equivalents available to support our operations;\$3.6 billion of loans held-for-investment, AFS securities and HTM securities; and \$2.7 billion of outstanding debt in the form of repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings, revolving credit facilities, securitized debt obligations and long-term unsecured convertible senior notes. During the three months ended June 30, 2019, our debt-to-equity ratio, defined as total debt, net of cash, divided by equity, increased from 2.4:1.0 to 2.6:1.0 predominantly driven by increased financings on originations. During thesix months ended June 30, 2019, our debt-to-equity ratio decreased from 2.9:1.0 to 2.6:1.0 predominantly driven by the increase in equity as a result of common stock issuances. To that end, subject to maintaining our qualification as a REIT and our exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act, we intend to use borrowings to fund the origination or acquisition of our target investments. Given current market conditions and our focus on senior floating-rate mortgage loans, we currently expect that such leverage will not exceed, on a debt-to-equity basis, a 3.5-to-1 ratio on a company basis. The amount of leverage we deploy for our target investments depends upon our assessment of a variety of factors, which may include the anticipated liquidity and price volatility of the investments in our portfolio, the potential for losses in our portfolio, the gap between the duration of our assets and liabilities, including hedges, the availability and cost of financing the investments, our opinion of the creditworthiness of our financing counterparties, the health of the U.S. economy and commercial real estate financing markets, our outlook for the level and volatility of interest rates, the slope of the yield curve, the credit quality of our investments, the collateral underlying our investments, and our outlook for investment spreads relative to LIBOR.

Our primary sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents. As offune 30, 2019, we held approximately \$92.8 million in cash and cash equivalents. Potential additional sources of liquidity may be unused borrowing capacity on our unpledged commercial real estate loans held-for-investment. Obtaining such liquidity is at the discretion of our lending counterparties and may not be available to us when desired. Generally, unused borrowing capacity may be the result of our election not to utilize certain financing, as well as delays in the timing in which funding is provided for a specific investment. We monitor and forecast our available, or excess, liquidity on a daily basis. If borrowing rates and/or collateral requirements change in the near term, we believe we are subject to less earnings volatility than a more leveraged organization.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, we did not experience any restrictions to our funding sources. We expect ongoing sources of financing to be primarily repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings, revolving credit facilities, securitizations, convertible notes, issuance of common stock, potential additional securitizations and similar financing arrangements. We will continue to explore other types of funding facilities to further diversify our financing sources. We plan to finance our assets with a moderate amount of leverage, the level of which may vary based upon the particular characteristics of our portfolio and market conditions.

As of June 30, 2019, we had repurchase agreements in place withfive counterparties (lenders), an asset-specific financing facility with one counterparty and a revolving credit facility with one counterparty to finance loans held-for-investment. We also had two other direct repurchase agreements in place to finance our CMBS. We continue to evaluate additional counterparties to manage and reduce counterparty risk. Under our repurchase agreements we are required to pledge additional cash as collateral to our lenders when the estimated fair value of the existing pledged collateral under such agreements declines and such lenders, through a margin call, demand additional collateral. Such counterparties may make margin calls because of a perceived decline in the value of our assets collateralizing the given secured financing arrangement due to credit or market events, depending on the agreement. To cover a margin call, we may pledge additional cash. At maturity, any cash on deposit as collateral is generally applied against the repurchase agreement balance, thereby reducing the amount borrowed. Should the value of our assets suddenly decrease, significant margin calls on our repurchase agreements could result, causing an adverse change in our liquidity position.

An overview of our facilities that provide short- and long-term financing for our loans held-for-investment is presented in the table below:

June 30, 2019								
Expiration Date (1) Committed Amount Outstanding		Un	used Capacity	Total Capacity				
June 28, 2020	No	\$	529,742	\$	70,258	\$	600,000	
June 28, 2022	No	\$	237,777	\$	112,223	\$	350,000	
May 2, 2020	No	\$	178,137	\$	321,863	\$	500,000	
June 28, 2020	No	\$	135,493	\$	114,507	\$	250,000	
June 28, 2021	No	\$	148,446	\$	51,554	\$	200,000	
December 9, 2021	No	\$	75,060	\$	74,940	\$	150,000	
April 13, 2020	No	\$	_	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	
	June 28, 2020 June 28, 2022 May 2, 2020 June 28, 2020 June 28, 2021  December 9, 2021	June 28, 2020 No June 28, 2022 No May 2, 2020 No June 28, 2020 No June 28, 2021 No December 9, 2021 No	Expiration Date (1)         Committed         Committed           June 28, 2020         No         \$           June 28, 2022         No         \$           May 2, 2020         No         \$           June 28, 2020         No         \$           June 28, 2021         No         \$           December 9, 2021         No         \$	Expiration Date (1)         Committed         Amount Outstanding           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 529,742           June 28, 2022         No         \$ 237,777           May 2, 2020         No         \$ 178,137           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 135,493           June 28, 2021         No         \$ 148,446           December 9, 2021         No         \$ 75,060	Expiration Date (1)         Committed         Amount Outstanding         Un           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 529,742         \$           June 28, 2022         No         \$ 237,777         \$           May 2, 2020         No         \$ 178,137         \$           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 135,493         \$           June 28, 2021         No         \$ 148,446         \$           December 9, 2021         No         \$ 75,060         \$	Expiration Date (1)         Committed         Amount Outstanding         Unused Capacity           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 529,742         \$ 70,258           June 28, 2022         No         \$ 237,777         \$ 112,223           May 2, 2020         No         \$ 178,137         \$ 321,863           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 135,493         \$ 114,507           June 28, 2021         No         \$ 148,446         \$ 51,554           December 9, 2021         No         \$ 75,060         \$ 74,940	Expiration Date (1)         Committed         Amount Outstanding         Unused Capacity         T           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 529,742         \$ 70,258         \$           June 28, 2022         No         \$ 237,777         \$ 112,223         \$           May 2, 2020         No         \$ 178,137         \$ 321,863         \$           June 28, 2020         No         \$ 135,493         \$ 114,507         \$           June 28, 2021         No         \$ 148,446         \$ 51,554         \$           December 9, 2021         No         \$ 75,060         \$ 74,940         \$	

- (1) The facilities are set to mature on the stated expiration date, unless extended pursuant to their
- (2) We retain an option to increase the maximum facility capacity amount up to \$500 million, subject to customary terms and conditions
- (3) We retain an option to increase the maximum facility capacity amount up to \$350 million, subject to customary terms and conditions

We are subject to a variety of financial covenants under our lending agreements. The following represent the most restrictive financial covenants across the agreements as of June 30, 2019:

- Unrestricted cash cannot be less than the greater of \$30.0 million and 5.0% of recourse indebtedness. As offune 30, 2019, our unrestricted cash, as defined, was\$92.8 million, while 5.0% of our recourse indebtedness, as defined, was\$33.1 million.
- Tangible net worth must be greater than the sum of 75.0% of tangible net worth as of June 28, 2017 and 75.0% of net cash proceeds of additional equity issuances, which calculates to \$782.3 million. As of June 30, 2019, our tangible net worth, as defined, was \$1.0 billion.
- Target asset leverage ratio cannot exceed 75.0% and our total leverage ratio cannot exceed 80.0%. As of June 30, 2019, our target asset leverage ratio, as defined, was 66.4% and our total leverage ratio, as defined, was 73.0%.
- Minimum interest coverage must be greater than 1.5:1.0. As offune 30, 2019, our minimum interest coverage, as defined, was

We may also be subject to additional financial covenants in connection with various other agreements we enter into in the normal course of our business. We intend to continue to operate in a manner which complies with all of our financial covenants.

The following table summarizes assets at carrying values that were pledged or restricted as collateral for the future payment obligations of repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings, revolving credit facilities and securitized debt obligations as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2019	D	December 31, 2018
Loans held-for-investment	\$ 3,178,497	\$	2,935,757
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value	12,830		12,606
Held-to-maturity securities	22,020		26,696
Restricted cash	2,922		2,922
Total	\$ 3,216,269	\$	2,977,981

Although we generally intend to hold our target assets as long-term investments, we may sell certain of our assets in order to manage our liquidity needs, to meet other operating objectives and to adapt to market conditions. Commercial real estate loans are subject to longer trade timelines than securities and, as a result, market conditions could significantly and adversely affect the liquidity of our assets. Any illiquidity of our assets may make it difficult for us to sell such assets if the need or desire arises. Our ability to quickly sell certain assets may be limited by delays due to the time period needed for negotiating transaction documents and conducting diligence. Consequently, even if we identify a buyer for our commercial real estate loans, there is no assurance that we would be able to quickly sell such assets if the need or desire arises.

In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we previously recorded our assets. Assets that are illiquid are more difficult to finance, and to the extent that we use leverage to finance assets that become illiquid, we may lose that leverage or have it reduced. Assets tend to become less liquid during times of financial stress, which is often the time that liquidity is most needed. As a result, our ability to sell assets or vary our portfolio in response to changes in economic and other conditions may be limited by liquidity constraints, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition

We cannot predict the timing and impact of future sales of our assets, if any. Because many of our assets are financed with repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings, and revolving credit facilities, a significant portion of the proceeds from sales of our assets (if any), prepayments and scheduled amortization would be used to repay balances under these financing sources.

The following table provides the maturities of our repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings, revolving credit facilities, securitized debt obligations and convertible senior notes, net of deferred debt issuance costs, as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2019		ecember 31, 2018
Within 30 days	\$ _	\$	_
30 to 59 days	24,432		25,854
60 to 89 days	_		_
90 to 119 days	21,250		36,371
120 to 364 days	942,416		874,317
One to three years	1,451,681		1,293,264
Three to five years	291,459		268,138
Five to ten years	_		_
Ten years and over	 _		_
Total	\$ 2,731,238	\$	2,497,944

For the three months ended June 30, 2019, our restricted and unrestricted cash and cash equivalents balanceincreased approximately \$48.6 million to \$169.0 million at June 30, 2019. The cash movements can be summarized by the following:

- Cash flows from operating activities. For the three months ended June 30, 2019, operating activities increased our cash balances by approximately \$13.8 million, primarily driven by our financial results for the quarter.
- Cash flows from investing activities. For the three months ended June 30, 2019, investing activities decreased our cash balances by approximately \$259.2 million, primarily driven by originations of loans held-for-investment, offset by repayments of loans held-for-investment and held-to-maturity securities.
- Cash flows from financing activities. For the three months ended June 30, 2019, financing activities increased our cash balance by approximately \$293.9 million, primarily driven by net proceeds from repurchase agreements, asset-specific financings and the issuance of common stock, offset by the repayment of repurchase agreements and securitized debt obligations.

# **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have not participated in transactions that create relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements. Further, we have not guaranteed any obligations of unconsolidated entities or entered into any commitment or intent to provide funding to any such entities. However, as of June 30, 2019, we had unfunded commitments on commercial real estate loans held-for-investment of\$588.7 million to be used for future fundings to borrowers, generally to finance lease-related or capital expenditures.

#### Dividends

We intend to make regular quarterly distributions to holders of our common stock. U.S. federal income tax law generally requires that a REIT annually distribute at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains, and that it pay tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that it annually distributes less than 100% of its REIT taxable income, including capital gains. We intend to pay dividends to our stockholders in a manner intended to satisfy the REIT distribution requirements and to avoid both corporate income tax and excise tax. Before we pay any dividend, whether for U.S. federal income tax purposes or otherwise, we must first meet both our operating requirements and debt service on our secured funding facilities, other lending facilities, repurchase agreements and other debt payable. If our cash available for distribution is less than our required distribution for REIT qualification purposes, we could be required to sell investments or borrow funds to make cash distributions or we may make a portion of the required distribution in the form of a taxable stock distribution or distribution of debt securities.

## Inflation

Virtually all of our assets and liabilities are interest rate sensitive in nature. As a result, interest rates and other factors influence our performance far more so than does inflation. Changes in interest rates do not necessarily correlate with inflation rates or changes in inflation rates. Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and our distributions will be determined by our board of directors consistent with our obligation to distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income on an annual basis in order to maintain our REIT qualification; in each case, our activities and balance sheet are measured with reference to historical cost and/or fair market value without considering inflation.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We seek to manage our risks related to the credit quality of our investments, interest rates, liquidity and market value while, at the same time, seeking to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns to our stockholders. While we are exposed to certain types of market risk in our business, we seek to actively manage them and rely on our Manager's sophisticated risk management infrastructure and philosophy centered around quantifying and measuring various market risks on a continuous basis. We seek to be fairly compensated through the returns we earn on our investments for taking those risks and focus on maintaining liquidity and capital levels consistent with the risks to which we are exposed.

## Credit Risk

We are subject to varying degrees of credit risk in connection with holding a portfolio of our target investments. The performance and value of our investments depend upon the sponsors' ability to operate the properties that serve as our collateral so that they produce cash flows adequate to pay interest and principal due to us. We seek to manage credit risk by performing deep fundamental credit analysis of our potential investments. Credit risk is also addressed through our on-going review, and our investment portfolio is monitored for variance from expected defaults, severities, losses and cash flow on a monthly basis, with more intense analysis and oversight done on a quarterly basis.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Generally, the composition of our investments is such that rising interest rates increase our net income, while declining interest rates decrease net income. As offune 30, 2019, approximately 98.3% of our portfolio by carrying value earned a floating rate of interest. The remaining approximately 1.7% of our portfolio earns a fixed rate of interest. If interest rates were to decline, the value of these fixed-rate investments may increase and if interest rates were to increase, the value of these fixed-rate investments may fall; however, the interest income generated by these investments would not be affected by market interest rate fluctuations. The interest rates we pay under our repurchase agreements and securitized debt obligations are primarily floating rate. Accordingly, our interest expense generally increases as interest rates increase and decreases as interest rates decrease.

Our analysis of risks is based on our experience, estimates, models and assumptions. These analyses rely on models which utilize estimates of fair value and interest rate sensitivity. Actual economic conditions or our implementation of decisions may produce results that differ significantly from the estimates and assumptions used in our models.

The information presented in the following interest rate sensitivity table projects the potential impact of sudden parallel changes in interest rates on our financial results and financial condition over the next 12 months, based on our interest sensitive financial instruments at June 30, 2019. All changes in value are measured as the change from our June 30, 2019 financial position. All projected changes in annualized net interest income are measured as the change from our projected annualized net interest income based off current performance returns.

Changes in Interest Rates									
-100 b		-50 bps		+50 bps		+100 bps			
	_		_		_		_		
\$	1,133	\$	675	\$	(729)	\$	(1,458)		
	5		3		(3)		(5)		
	9		5		(5)		(9)		
	(543)		(271)		271		543		
	(476)		(238)		238		476		
	(31)		(15)		15		31		
	(8,893)		(4,400)		4,309		8,530		
\$	(8,796)	\$	(4,241)	\$	4,096	\$	8,108		
	-100 bps		-50 bps		+50 bps		+100 bps		
\$	(3,295)	\$	(4,227)	\$	5,218	\$	10,436		
	\$	5 9 (543) (476) (31) (8,893) \$ (8,796)	\$ 1,133 \$ 5 9 (543) (476) (31) (8,893) \$ (8,796) \$	-100 bps -50 bps  \$ 1,133 \$ 675  5 3  9 5  (543) (271)  (476) (238)  (31) (15)  (8,893) (4,400)  \$ (8,796) \$ (4,241)  -100 bps -50 bps	-100 bps -50 bps  \$ 1,133 \$ 675 \$ 5 3 9 5 (543) (271) (476) (238) (31) (15) (8,893) (4,400) \$ (8,796) \$ (4,241) \$  -100 bps -50 bps	-100 bps	-100 bps         -50 bps         +50 bps           \$ 1,133 \$ 675 \$ (729) \$         \$           5 3 (3)         (3)           9 5 (5)         (5)           (543) (271) 271         (476) (238) 238           (31) (15) 15         (15) 15           (8,893) (4,400) 4,309         \$           \$ (8,796) \$ (4,241) \$ 4,096 \$           -100 bps         -50 bps		

The interest rate sensitivity table quantifies the potential changes in annualized net interest income and portfolio value, should interest rates immediately change. The interest rate sensitivity table presents the estimated impact of interest rates instantaneously rising 50 and 100 basis points, and falling 50 and 100 basis points. The cash flows associated with the portfolio for each rate change are calculated based on assumptions, including yield on future originations and acquisitions, slope of the yield curve, and size of the portfolio. Assumptions made on the interest rate sensitive liabilities include anticipated interest rates, collateral requirements as a percentage of borrowings and amount and term of borrowing.

Certain assumptions have been made in connection with the calculation of the information set forth in the foregoing interest rate sensitivity table and, as such, there can be no assurance that assumed events will occur or that other events will not occur that would affect the outcomes. The base interest rate scenario assumes interest rates at June 30, 2019. The analysis utilizes assumptions and estimates based on management's judgment and experience. Furthermore, while we generally expect to retain such assets and the associated interest rate risk to maturity, future originations, acquisitions and sales of assets could materially change our interest rate risk profile.

The information set forth in the interest rate sensitivity table above and all related disclosures constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimated in the foregoing interest rate sensitivity table.

#### **Borrower Performance**

In addition to the risks related to fluctuations in cash flows and investment values associated with movements in interest rates, there is also the risk of borrower non-performance on our floating-rate investments. If interest rates were to significantly rise, it is possible that the increased debt service costs may negatively impact operating cash flows on properties securing our commercial real estate loan investments, resulting in potential non-performance of our borrowers. This risk is partially mitigated by various facts we consider during our rigorous underwriting process, which in certain cases include a requirement for our borrower to purchase an interest rate cap contract. As of June 30, 2019, none of the commercial real estate loans in our portfolio were non-performing.

#### Capital Markets Risk

As a REIT, we are required to distribute a significant portion of our taxable income annually, which constrains our ability to accumulate significant operating cash flow and therefore requires us to utilize capital markets, both debt and equity, to finance our business. As a result, we are exposed to risks related to the equity capital markets and our related ability to raise capital through the issuance of our common stock or other equity instruments. We are also exposed to risks related to the debt capital markets, and our related ability to finance our business through borrowings under credit facilities or other debt instruments, such as securitizations or unsecured debt. We seek to mitigate these risks by monitoring the debt and equity capital markets to inform our decisions on the amount, timing, and terms of capital we raise.

## Real Estate Risk

Our business strategy focuses on commercial real estate related debt investments. As a result, we will be exposed to the risks generally associated with the commercial real estate market, including occupancy rates, capitalization rates, absorption rates, and other macroeconomic factors beyond our control.

Additionally, commercial real estate debt investments may be affected by a number of factors, including, national, regional and local economic and real estate conditions, changes in business trends of specific industry segments, property construction characteristics, demographic factors, and changes to building codes. Any combination of these factors may affect the value of real estate collateral for investments within our investment portfolio and the potential proceeds available to a borrower to repay the underlying loans, which could cause us to suffer losses. We seek to manage these risks through our rigorous and fundamentally driven underwriting and investment management processes.

#### Liquidity Rish

Our liquidity risk is principally associated with our financing of longer-maturity investments with shorter-term borrowings in the form of repurchase agreements and revolving credit facilities. Should the value of our investments pledged as collateral on our repurchase agreements significantly decrease, our lenders may exercise their margin call rights, causing an adverse change in our liquidity position. Additionally, if one or more of our repurchase agreement and revolving credit facility counterparties chose not to provide ongoing funding, our ability to finance our investments would decline or exist at possibly less advantageous terms. As such, we cannot assure you that we will always be able to roll over our repurchase agreements or other sources of financing which require us to renew them on a periodic basis.

#### Risk Management

To the extent consistent with maintaining our REIT qualification, we seek to manage risk exposure by closely monitoring our portfolio and actively managing the financing, interest rate, credit, and other risks associated with holding a portfolio of our target investments. Generally, with the guidance and experience of our Manager:

- we manage our portfolio with focus on diligent, investment-specific market review, enforcement of loan and security rights, and timely execution of disposition strategies;
- we actively employ portfolio-wide and investment-specific risk measurement and management processes in our daily operations, including utilizing our Manager's risk management tools; and
- we seek to manage credit risk through our rigorous underwriting due diligence process prior to origination or acquisition of our target investments and through the use of non-recourse financing, when and where available and appropriate.

# Item 4. Controls and Procedures

A review and evaluation was performed by our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, or CEO, and Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that review and evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that our current disclosure controls and procedures, as designed and implemented, were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on From 10-Q. Although our CEO and CFO have determined our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that it will detect or uncover failures within the Company to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the reports we submit under the Exchange Act.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter endedlune 30, 2019 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time we may be involved in various legal claims and/or administrative proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. As of the date of this filing, we are not party to any litigation or legal proceedings or, to the best of our knowledge, any threatened litigation or legal proceedings, which, in our opinion, individually or in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors set forth under the heading "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, or the Form 10-K. The materialization of any risks and uncertainties identified in our Forward-Looking Statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, together with those previously disclosed in the Form 10-K, or those that are presently unforeseen could result in significant adverse effects on our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. See Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Forward-Looking Statements" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

# Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

## **Item 5. Other Information**

None.

# Item 6. Exhibits

# (a) Exhibits

A list of exhibits to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is set forth below.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Index
3.1	Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc.'s Charter (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-218197) filed with the SEC on June 20, 2017).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-218197) filed with the SEC on June 15, 2017).
3.3	Articles Supplementary for Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-218197) filed with the SEC on June 20, 2017).
4.1	Indenture, dated as of December 12, 2017, between Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K file with the SEC on December 12, 2017).
4.2	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 12, 2017, between Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K file with the SEC on December 12, 2017).
4.3	Indenture, dated as of October 12, 2018, between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-38124) filed with the SEC on October 12, 2018).
4.4	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 12, 2018, between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-38124) filed with the SEC on October 12, 2018).
10.1	Amendment Number One to the Amended and Restated Master Repurchase Agreement and Securities Contract, dated as of June 28, 2019, by and between Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and GP Commercial WF LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-38124) filed with the SEC on July 3, 2019).
10.2	Amendment No. 2 to Master Repurchase Agreement, dated as of June 28, 2019, by and between JPMorgan Chase, National Association and TH Commercial JPM LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-38124) filed with the SEC on July 3, 2019).
10.3	Second Amendment to Master Repurchase Agreement and Other Transaction Documents, dated as of July 15, 2019, by and between Citibank, N.A. and GP Commercial CB LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-38124) filed with the SEC on July 19, 2019).
10.4	Fourth Amendment to Master Repurchase and Securities Contract Agreement, dated as of July 16, 2019, by and between Goldman Sachs Bank USA and TH Commercial GS LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-38124) filed with the SEC on July 19, 2019).
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (furnished herewith)
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (furnished herewith)
101	Financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. for the three months ended June 30, 2019, filed with the SEC on August 5, 2019, formatted in Inline XBRL: (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. (filed herewith)
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101). (filed herewith)

Dated:

Dated:

August 5, 2019

August 5, 2019

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GRANITE POINT MORTGAGE TRUST INC.

By: /s/ John A. Taylor

John A. Taylor

President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Marcin Urbaszek

Marcin Urbaszek Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

# CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

## I, John A. Taylor, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2019

/s/ John A. Taylor

John A. Taylor

Chief Executive Officer and President

# CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Marcin Urbaszek, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2019

/s/ Marcin Urbaszek

Marcin Urbaszek

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

# CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, the undersigned officer of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (the "Registrant") hereby certifies that the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2019 (the "Quarterly Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: August 5, 2019 /s/ John A. Taylor

John A. Taylor

Chief Executive Officer and President

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 and is not being filed as part of the Quarterly Report or as a separate disclosure document.

# CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, the undersigned officer of Granite Point Mortgage Trust Inc. (the "Registrant") hereby certifies that the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2019 (the "Quarterly Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: August 5, 2019 /s/ Marcin Urbaszek

Marcin Urbaszek

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 and is not being filed as part of the Quarterly Report or as a separate disclosure document.